桃園市立平鎮高中 103 學年度 第二學期 第二次段考 高二 英文科試卷 適用班級:201-213 考試範圍:San Ming B4 U7~U9;Studio Classroom April;Mastering Sentence Patterns Unit13~Unit15 答題說明:選擇題(1~55 題)請依題號劃卡,非選擇部分請填寫於答案卷,並將答案卡與答案卷一起交回 試卷張數:共三張五頁 填答方式:答案卷、答案卡 注意事項:若因個人因素致使無法讀卡,一律扣總分五分 I. Vocabulary (10%, @1) 1. The _____ influence in her life was her father. (B) tempted (A) dynamic (C) dominant (D) verbal 2. The conductor us to board the train one by one. (A) intruded (B) invented (C) invested (D) instructed 3. So far there is no concrete _____ proving the existence of aliens. (A) drought (B) infant (D) evidence 4. Ballet dancers posses a (n) _____ beauty. They always move gracefully. (B) beneficial (A) sloppy (C) urban (D) elegant 5. My sister is over whether or not to quit her present job. (A) hosting (B) violating (C) hesitating (D) coinciding 6. Most athletes are ____. They always bring their national flag whenever they join international competitions. (A) alternate (B) patriotic (C) bound (D) mineral 7. Halfway through the marathon, the runner experienced _____ but willed herself to finish the race. (B) giggle (C) fame (A) fatigue (D) decrease According to airport safety ____ , passengers cannot bring liquids over 100ml in their hand baggage. (B) constructions (A) regulations (C) restorations (D) determinations 9. Because of the snowstorm, we were indoors for four days. (A) charmed (B) applied (C) arisen (D) confined 10. The disease takes several weeks to appear. (A) abusively (B) thoughtfully (C) typically (D) generously II. Cloze (20%, @1) The Taj Mahal, built by Shan Jahan 11 his wife, is an incomparable symbol of India. This tomb remains one of the most impressive and glorious world wonders of the world 12. 13 was the emperor's sorrow when she died that he was incapable of getting over her death. He gathered treasures, 14 architects, and ordered the structure be built. It took twenty two years to complete, because the emperor was very 15 about every detail. When he was later imprisoned by his son, the old man would gaze 16 the white palace. Maybe 17 architectural masterpiece is as elegant as the Taj Mahal. Tourists 18 the pinkish morning light playing over the walls, domes, towers, casting long shadows. 19 during bright afternoons, the structure is a dazzling white, softening to a golden color before sunset. Tagore, the 20 master, called it "a teardrop of love upon the cheek of time." (D) in terms of 11. (A) in place of (B) in spite of (C) in memory of (B) for long (C) until then (D) to date 12. (A) as far (C) There (D) Such 13. (A) It (B) So (C) recruited (D) remarkable 14. (A) remarked (B) recruiting (B) peculiar (C) steady (D) surplus 15. (A) particular (C) in (D) for 16. (A) to (B) at

(C) the other

(C) Observed

(C) itinérary

(C) abuse

(D) no other

(D) admire

(D) Observing

(D) illiterate

(B) all other

(B) To observe

(B) literature

(B) attract

17. (A) any other

18. (A) acquire

19. (A) Observe

20. (A) literary

Nowadays, we will 21 when we live in the high-tech world. 22 technological developments, many incredible appliances are likely to come into being in the near future. When using computers perhaps we don't need to press mouse buttons, 23 we need to type in commands. In just another decade computers can convert spoken input 24 commands.

As a matter of fact, <u>25</u> devices like the cell phone have been applied advanced technology. People believe that those our grandchildren use might be <u>26</u> better than we have today. On the other hand, in the sci-fi movies, holographic technology made <u>27</u> possible to display three-dimensional images. In the future, we might practice driving <u>28</u> the image of heavy traffic around us. Once we feel like <u>29</u>, we can even "experience" scuba diving in the Great Barrier Reef just in our houses. <u>30</u>, futuristic devices prepare us for a better tomorrow.

| 21. (A) be together with | (B) keep it together | (C) be blown away | (D) be in return |
|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 22. (A) Aside from | (B) Thanks to | (C) In addition | (D) In brief |
| 23. (A) either do | (B) and so do | (C) nor do | (D) and either do |
| 24. (A) into | (B) from | (C) with | (D) onto |
| 25. (A) electricity | (B) electrical | (C) elective | (D) electronic |
| 26. (A) more | (B) many | (C) much | (D) no |
| 27. (A) that | (B) this | (C) what | (D) it |
| 28. (A) with | (B) for | (C) from | (D) along |
| 29. (A) swim | (B) swimming | (C) go swimming | (D) to swim |
| 30. (A) Above all | (B) Not at all | (C) All at once | (D) All in all |

III. Matching (10%, @1)

| (A) common | (B) consideration | (C) entire | (D) expected | (E) honor |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| (AB) involved | (AC) masculinity | (AD) pleasant | (AE) presented | (BC) reflect |

Babies around the world, regardless of gender or ethnic background, have one thing in 31: they all need names. The tradition and custom 32 in the naming of a child varies from culture to culture. In Nigeria, a baby is 33 on the eighth day after the birth and a name is chosen by family elders. Balinese children, in Indonesia, are named according to their birth order. Since most families have no more than three children, the fourth child is often given a name that means "little banana," as this child is considered a(n) 34 surprise. A child born in Spain has as many as four names: two given names and two surnames. The given names may come from a grandparent to 35 that person. In Japan, girls may be given a name that means obedience or good behavior, both of which are 36 of girls. Boys, on the other hand, have names that show 37 and power, two qualities welcomed in a man. In China, names are chosen with great care because they are believed to 38 a person's character. Many Chinese people also believe names have a lot to do with luck. Hence, the time of birth, birth order, and even the occupation of the parents are all taken into 39 so that the selected name guarantees good fortune for the child and even for the 40 family.

IV. Discourse Structure (10%, @2)

One important reason for the popularity of convenience stores in Taiwan is the wide variety of services that they offer. 41 In addition to buying different types of food and drinks, people can pay cell phone bills, parking fees, and traffic fines. 42

In fact, there are several clever marketing strategies behind these services. <u>43</u> Offering many services, according to these marketing experts, creates more opportunities for convenience stores to attract customers. <u>44</u> Experts claim that people use marketing strategies to stimulate consumption, so it is possible for the economy to prosper. <u>45</u>

- (A) And they can withdraw money from an ATM in these stores as well.
- (B) These services allow people to save time when they run errands, since they can take care of their daily needs in one convenient place.
- (C) First, the marketing experts of most convenience-store chains understand that the more often people go to the stores, the more likely they are to buy something.
- (D) As a result, whatever customers' purposes may be when they are there, they will probably end up buying something.
- (E) This mutually beneficial relationship certainly goes a long way towards our leading a better life.

V. Reading Comprehension (20%, @2)

About half the world's children live in poverty. Poverty can kill these vulnerable children from simple diseases due to a lack of proper treatment and care. Poverty creates hunger that won't quit and lives condemned to hard and dangerous labor. Poverty can also be hard on a child's psychological, emotional and spiritual development and well-being.

Plan International (Plan) is one of the largest charity organizations that protects and serves children. The versatile organization continues to make enduring improvements to save children. They operate in the desperate areas of 51 countries in Africa, Asia and the Americas to solve problems caused by poverty.

So what does Plan actually do to make an impact? They focus on the fundamental needs of communities like health, sanitation, education and natural disaster response. Plan believes that early education can enable children to reach their full potential. Plan also works to create gender equality in classrooms to eliminate discrimination as well as teaching children their rights. Numerous lives have been saved by programs that fight disease and improve nutrition for both mothers and babies. Communities trained to be alerted by cell phone were able to evacuate effectively, which significantly reduced the number of casualties from natural disasters.

- 46. According to the article, what is true of poverty?
 - (A) Treatable diseases can kill.

- (B) Starving is rare.
- (C) Hard labor develops well-being.
- (D) Proper treatment condemns.
- 47. Why is Plan considered a versatile organization?
 - (A) They focus on education.

(B) They impact millions.

(C) They do many different things.

(D) They protect children.

Moviegoers are familiar with the *Transformers*, giant alien robots that have the ability to transform themselves into cars, trucks and other machines. Now there's a special vehicle from Earth that seems to make a similar transformation. The AeroMobil 3.0 is a new vehicle developed in Slovakia that can transform from a car into an airplane in seconds. Its wings unfold in dramatic fashion to reveal its alternate identity. As a plane, the AeroMobil 3.0 has the ability to take off and land using nearly any paved surface that's a few hundred meters long. In addition, it has a range of up to 700 kilometers per flight. As a car, the AeroMobil runs on regular gasoline and can fit into most standard parking spaces.

Chief Designer Štefan Klein has spent 20 years working on earlier versions of the two-in-one vehicle. The current 3.0 version features several upgrades from the 2.5 version. The newer AeroMobil includes special features, such as autopilot and a parachute system. Perhaps the most important upgrade is the vehicle's improved suspension system, which makes takeoff and landing possible on surfaces that aren't paved. That means an AeroMobil owner could theoretically make a landing on the grass in their backyard!

- 48. How is the AeroMobil 3.0 like a Transformer?
 - (A) Both can become different vehicles.
- (B) Both can fire dangerous missiles.
- (C) Both can fly into space and back.
- (D) Both can improve public transportation.
- 49. Which fact below about the AeroMobil 3.0 is mentioned in the article?
 - (A) The size and brand of the wheels.
- (B) The weight of the wings.
- (C) The top speed that can be reached.
- (D) The type of fuel used.
- 50. What feature was added to the newest version of the AeroMobil?
 - (A) A system that provides audio entertainment.
- (B) A system that automatically controls flight.
- (C) A system that protects the pilot from enemies.
- (D) A system that charges the vehicle using sunlight.

History is full of mysterious stories that we are still trying to understand. In 12th century England, a young girl and boy were seen outside Woolpit. They wore clothes of unknown material and spoke an unknown language. Strangely enough, they had green skin. Were they Belgian immigrants or aliens from another dimension? It's easy to dismiss the story as fictional, but both a historian and an abbot wrote about it.

Sometimes whole chapters of history demand an explanation where none can be found. For example, what caused the unexpected end of the Bronze Age and several strong civilizations with it? The Sea Peoples, still unidentified today, may have been the cause. They attacked coastal cities repeatedly and often won battles even though their weapons were inferior. The Sea Peoples vanished when Egypt finally defeated them in 1178 B.C.

Certain names have become synonymous with mystery, like Amelia Earhart. Earhart and her navigator were flying from New Guinea to tiny Howland Island, but communication was lost during the flight and they never arrived. A piece of metal found in

| 1991 on an island in Kiribati was confirmed as part of her pla | ane just last year. This decades-old mystery may yet be solved. |
|---|---|
| 51. What makes it difficult to say that the story of the green of | children is false? |
| (A) There are photos of the children. | (B) There are written records of the story. |
| (C) There are logical explanations to the story. | (D) There are too many details to believe the story is false. |
| 52. What do some believe the Sea Peoples caused? | |
| (A) The end of a historical period. | (B) The search for a lost Egyptian city. |
| (C) The beginning of the Egyptian wars. | (D) The development of some modern weapons. |
| 53. Who vanished with Amelia Earhart? | - |
| (A) Her pet cat. | (B) Her co-pilot. |
| (C)Her accompanying friend. | (D) Her flight direction planner. |
| | ry true of Israel. This small country lies at the eastern end of the |
| Mediterranean Sea. In the tiny country, visitors can encounted | er history, adventure and natural beauty. It's easy to drive to every sight |
| and experience. | |
| When people visit Israel, they focus on Jerusalem for | good reason. The city has rich historical traditions that appeal to those |
| interested in ancient history. Visitors can take a free tour of t | he Old City and its four quarters. The Old City has the Jewish Quarter, |
| the Muslim Quarter, the Christian Quarter and the Armer | nian Quarter. Each one has wonderful sights, sounds and smells to |
| experience. | |
| In West Jerusalem, visit the Mahane Yehuda Market. | Vendors here sell everything from spices to souvenirs. Be prepared for |
| lots of walking, and be sure to sample some of the foods and | d drinks. Then head over to the nearby Israel Museum. It houses about |
| 500,000 interesting objects, both ancient and modern. | |
| 54. Why do many visitors focus on Jerusalem? | |
| (A) Because there is a free tour of the Old City. | |
| (B) Because it's easy to visit the ancient city. | |
| (C)Because it has a Jewish and Muslim Quarter with great | at sights. |
| (D) Because the city has wonderful historical traditions. | |
| 55. What should you do when you visit the Mahane Yehuda | Market? |
| (A) Wear comfortable shoes. | (B) Sample some of the many souvenirs. |
| (C)Watch for the vendors' houses. | (D) Look for ancient and modern objects. |
| VII. Spelling (10%, @1) | · |
| 1. Tom was m ted by his poor health to start exer | |
| 2. I don't usually lend people my camera, but for you I'll ma | ke an e n. |
| 3. All the tickets for the soccer game are sold out. They are n | |
| 4. Jason said with <u>a e that he was the best basket</u> | ball player in our school. |
| 5. The doctor has made significant p s in finding | a cure for the rare disease. |
| 6. Please clear the table. M e, I will bring the des | ssert. |
| 7. Hana <u>h</u> ted the words that she didn't know in p | pink, so she could look them up in the dictionary later. |
| 8. The water temperature in the experiment was <u>c</u> | t, so something else must have affected the result. |
| 9. It is a win-win situation where everyone will <u>b</u> | _t from the agreement. |
| 10. The king showed his strong <u>a</u> <u>s</u> by attacking | other countries. |
| VI. Translation (20%, @1) | |
| *我想 Tom 不會接受這份工作,是吧? | |
| I don't s 1 e Tom will accept this job, 2 he? | |
| *為什麼你沒有搭公車去呢? | |
| 3 4 you didn't go by bus? | |
| *如果我英文考不及格怎麼辦? | |
| 5 6 I fail the English exam? | |
| *你究竟要做什麼? | |
| What 7 8 are you going to do? | |

| Everything went $\underline{}$ | 1 12 schedule. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|---------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| *因為豪雨,河水氾 | 濫成災。 | | | | | | | | |
| Γhe river flooded <u>b</u> | 13 14 the heavy rain | 1. | | | | | | | |
| *他藉著奮力游上水 | 面,才得以存活。 | | | | | | | | |
| 15 s 16 to 1 | the surface of the water, he su | rvived. | | | | | | | |
| *你可能還沒聽過這 | 件事,所以讓我來告訴你吧 | ٠, ٠ | | | | | | | |
| You may not 17 18 about this, so let me tell you all about it. | | | | | | | | | |
| *我們寧死也不願投 | 降。 | | | | | | | | |
| We <u>19</u> to die _ | 20 than surrender. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***** | ****** | ****** | ***** | *********** | | | | | |
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| 桃園 中立一 | 广镇向中 103 字平度 | | 弗一 次投 | 高二 英文科答案卷 | | | | | |
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| | | Class: | No: | Name: | | | | | |
| VI. Spelling (10%, @ | <u>]</u> 1) | | | | | | | | |
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| VII. Translation (20% | % @1) | | | | | | | | |
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| 1.6 | 1.0 | 10 | 10 | 20 | | | | | |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. | | | | | |
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(請記得填上班級、座號、姓名,並與答案卡一起交回!)

*隨著夏天的來臨,天氣愈來愈熱。

*一切按照預定進行。

9 the <u>a 10 h</u> of summer, it's getting hotter and hotter.