

適用班級：101-114

考試範圍：Lung Tung B1: U8~U11；Live: December；Vocabulary2000~4500: Unit11~Unit24

答題說明：選擇題(1~90 題)請依題號劃卡

試卷張數：共三張六頁

填答方式： 答案卡

注意事項：若因個人因素致使無法讀卡，一律扣總分五分

I. Vocabulary (15%, @1)

1. He'll be able to \_\_\_\_\_ a house next year.  
(A) attempt (B) afford (C) attract (D) annoy
2. Sunscreen is an absolute \_\_\_\_\_ for the beach.  
(A) necessity (B) necessary (C) neat (D) nickname
3. His determination shows real \_\_\_\_\_ of character.  
(A) schedule (B) society (C) strength (D) scream
4. I found him to be a \_\_\_\_\_ and caring person.  
(A) seldom (B) striking (C) symbolic (D) sensitive
5. The bomb blast \_\_\_\_\_ the village.  
(A) destroyed (B) directed (C) decorated (D) desired
6. The machine grinds \_\_\_\_\_ into flour.  
(A) growth (B) gallon (C) grain (D) gang
7. They went \_\_\_\_\_ the ship.  
(A) abroad (B) board (C) broad (D) aboard
8. I am trying to \_\_\_\_\_ what it means.  
(A) come in (B) feel like (C) start off (D) figure out
9. It is only \_\_\_\_\_ that he pays back the money he stole.  
(A) fitting (B) suffering (C) warning (D) vanishing
10. Sean was a man of \_\_\_\_\_ who will not do what he thinks is wrong.  
(A) passage (B) principle (C) powder (D) phrase
11. Their children are frequently \_\_\_\_\_ from school.  
(A) aware (B) absent (C) alarm (D) affair
12. He has studied \_\_\_\_\_ in the United States  
(A) primarily (B) increasingly (C) loosely (D) tightly
13. It's a simple but \_\_\_\_\_ technique.  
(A) effect (B) effectively (C) effected (D) effective
14. The computer was \_\_\_\_\_ making weird noise.  
(A) normally (B) privately (C) constantly (D) personally
15. Her latest purchase \_\_\_\_\_ her collection.  
(A) combines (B) complicates (C) consumes (D) completes

II. Multiple choice (15%, @1)

16. This sea bed is \_\_\_\_\_ mineral.  
(A) rich of (B) rich for (C) rich in (D) rich with
17. I found it \_\_\_\_\_ to read novels.  
(A) interested (B) to interest (C) interest (D) interesting
18. Irene didn't go to a college as advised \_\_\_\_\_ she became a pop singer.  
(A) instead of (B) ; instead, (C) because of (D) ; because,
19. \_\_\_\_\_ you start, you will never give up.  
(A) Despite (B) Each time (C) Once (D) Even if
20. The following \_\_\_\_\_ the problems you have to face.  
(A) do (B) are (C) is (D) was

21. We are entirely \_\_\_\_\_ with this meal.  
(A) satisfy (B) satisfying (C) satisfied (D) to satisfy
22. The boy broke the vase, \_\_\_\_\_ about getting caught.  
(A) and worry (B) worried (C) worries (D) worry
23. I \_\_\_\_\_ until the rain stopped.  
(A) did not leave (B) did not stay (C) left (D) stayed
24. Don't eat them \_\_\_\_\_; save some for later.  
(A) give way (B) all at once (C) figure out (D) turn out
25. There \_\_\_\_\_ be an elementary school here, but they knocked it down.  
(A) got used to (B) being used to (C) was used to (D) used to
26. A large number of students \_\_\_\_\_ taking their final exam.  
(A) are (B) was (C) have (D) had
27. He's got a job in a new company, \_\_\_\_\_ they don't work on weekends.  
(A) which (B) why (C) where (D) how
28. He \_\_\_\_\_ whoever didn't agree with him.  
(A) looked down on (B) accounted for (C) spread out (D) took away
29. There is a saying, "A friend in need is a friend \_\_\_\_\_."  
(A) often (B) forever (C) always (D) indeed
30. \_\_\_\_\_ were living in old and dark buildings.  
(A) The poor (B) The poor person (C) Poor (D) A poor man

### III. Cloze (30%, @1)

\_\_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_\_ modern citizens, people know more about the world by learning foreign languages, traveling to their dream countries or watching TV programs like \_\_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_\_ on the Discovery Channel. But there is one thing we shouldn't miss—the various foods on the menu!

Food can not only \_\_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_\_ your mouth and stomach, but also reflect the climate and geography of a place. Take Thailand for example. It is a \_\_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_\_ country, and most people there like sour and spicy food. In the mountains, people there have the grasshoppers and scorpions \_\_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_\_. They also put red ant eggs on toast. These foods may look \_\_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_\_ to others. For the locals, however, they are very tasty and notorious.

Up north in Alaska, there are not many bugs \_\_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of fish. The Eskimos living there leave salmon guts in the ground for weeks, and get them made \_\_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_\_ a tasty dish. Bear stews are also common on the tables of Eskimos. These dishes may make other people wrinkle up their \_\_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_\_. However, they show how Eskimos live on the things that are available in a world of ice and snow.

So, next time you see some kind of strange food, just eat or try some of it. The \_\_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_\_ dishes on the menu can be a window on a special world.

31. (A) Do (B) To do (C) Been (D) Being
32. (A) those (B) this (C) them (D) that
33. (A) cause (B) please (C) excuse (D) attempt
34. (A) chilly (B) tropical (C) windy (D) tropics
35. (A) spice (B) spicing (C) to spice (D) spiced
36. (A) weird (B) delicious (C) lovely (D) pleasant
37. (A) as (B) but (C) only (D) just
38. (A) with (B) of (C) by (D) into
39. (A) eyes (B) ears (C) noses (D) mouths
40. (A) unusual (B) daily (C) ordinary (D) usual

Do you remember your first bike? Have you ever heard of a Giant bicycle? It is a bike \_41\_ by Taiwan's Giant Manufacturing Co., Ltd. As we know, most of us never forget how \_42\_ a bike!

In Taiwan, taking a bicycle trip may not only \_43\_ its scenery but also make your life more exciting. Giant has \_44\_ a great effort to lead a "Ride Life." On top of selling, there are bicycle \_45\_ services in some big cities to help spread the popularity of cycling as a leisure activity. \_46\_, more and more people in Taiwan are looking for a healthier lifestyle through cycling.

As time went by, without \_47\_ to making other products, Giant stayed with manufacturing bicycles. Their new \_48\_ guides people to drive less and enables us to live our lives \_49\_ a fun way by riding bikes. \_50\_ Giant deserves to be a giant in the bicycle world!

41. (A) which designed (B) designing (C) designed (D) to design
42. (A) should ride (B) to ride (C) riding (D) rode
43. (A) experience (B) exchange (C) engage (D) extend
44. (A) taken (B) fallen (C) gone (D) made
45. (A) rented (B) rental (C) rent (D) rents
46. (A) As a result (B) In addition (C) For example (D) By no means
47. (A) turning up (B) coming down (C) covering with (D) changing over
48. (A) property (B) pose (C) promotion (D) pride
49. (A) on (B) in (C) to (D) for
50. (A) In contrast (B) No wonder (C) However (D) On the contrary

Apart from a miserable shock to anyone, the loss of sight has a great \_51\_ on a person's family. Although 75 percent of all blindness can be cured, there are not enough \_52\_ doctors in many areas to help deal with eye problems. Fortunately, the Flying Eye Hospital is now able to \_53\_ these places.

The Flying Eye Hospital is a very unique airplane belonging to ORBIS, an international organization devoted to preventing and \_54\_ blindness worldwide. ORBIS uses the Flying Eye Hospital to get to remote areas and provide training \_55\_ the doctors there.

Owning the most \_56\_ equipment and operating rooms in the Flying Eye Hospital, the doctors \_57\_ give operations to some patients when it stops at a place. And the local doctors can watch and learn better operating \_58\_ through their training programs. To date, more than twenty million blind people \_59\_ from ORBIS.

ORBIS has permanent programs in several countries. ORBIS Taiwan is one of the sixteen ORBIS International offices. A lot of volunteer eye doctors from Taiwan have been working on board the Flying Eye Hospital. They join doctors from around the world to help the blind \_60\_ them the chance to see the beautiful world around them.

51. (A) result (B) impact (C) role (D) concept
52. (A) good-looking (B) fast-moving (C) much-loved (D) well-trained
53. (A) reach out to (B) get along with (C) make fun of (D) play tricks on
54. (A) cure (B) curing (C) cured (D) cures
55. (A) with (B) to (C) by (D) for
56. (A) encouraging (B) distant (C) advanced (D) individual
57. (A) on board (B) on hand (C) on edge (D) on end
58. (A) skills (B) glows (C) efforts (D) relatives
59. (A) benefited (B) were benefiting (C) benefiting (D) have benefited
60. (A) gives (B) and give (C) given (D) to give

#### IV. Matching (20%, @1) (不需考慮大小寫)

(A) romantic	(B) boring	(C) unusual	(D) weave	(E) expect
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Titanic is one of the biggest and most \_61\_ movies in Hollywood history. It has everything you \_62\_ from a movie:

romance, action and great scenery. What makes this story \_\_63\_\_ is that it takes place on a well-known ship is going to sink. The writers \_\_64\_\_ this love story with actual history to create an unforgettable movie. There is never a \_\_65\_\_ moment in the whole movie, and the story will stay with you long after you watch it.

(A) besides	(B) stand	(C) power	(D) such as	(E) turn
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The world's first solar road has been constructed in the Netherlands. Called SolaRoad, this 70-meter bike path is made of glass-covered solar panels that \_\_66\_\_ sunlight into power. The SolaRoad has been very successful since it opened. In the first six months, it made enough electricity to \_\_67\_\_ a home for a whole year. The SolaRoad is strong, too. It is able to \_\_68\_\_ the weight of a fire truck. Now, people in other countries, \_\_69\_\_ the United States, are also working on solar road technologies. \_\_70\_\_ producing power, such roads may even be able to collect traffic data. It is very likely that in the future solar roads will become a major source of clean power.

(A) taken from	(B) reminds	(C) filled with	(D) projecting	(E) includes
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The goal of the Cheng Long Wetlands International Environmental Art Project's is to involve the local community in creating art. The project's focus this year \_\_71\_\_ everyone living in Cheng Long. Called "Fragile—Handle with Care," it \_\_72\_\_ people of the fragility of the environment. Artists used natural and recycled materials \_\_73\_\_ the area to create installations. For example, one Italian artist created a piece using cloth bags \_\_74\_\_ soil, sand, and shells. The bags were arranged so that they formed the word "earth" in Chinese. A Japanese artist made a boat \_\_75\_\_ rainbow images onto the boat's sail when the sun is shining.

(A) growth	(B) burst	(C) promise	(D) death	(E) screamed
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In ancient Greek mythology, Demeter was the goddess of the harvest. She was responsible for the \_\_76\_\_ of crops, flowers, and trees on earth. She was the reason people didn't starve to \_\_77\_\_. She had a beautiful daughter called Persephone. The goddess loved her daughter very much. However, Demeter didn't know about a terrible \_\_78\_\_ that Zeus made to Hades. He said that Hades could have Persephone as a wife when she grew up. One day, Persephone was in a field picking flowers. Suddenly, Hades \_\_79\_\_ out of the ground and dragged her to the underworld. Persephone \_\_80\_\_, but it was too late. The earth closed, and she was gone.

#### V. Reading Comprehension (20%, @2)

Some people believe in using objects to try to make their wishes come true. People have been wishing on shooting stars dating back to ancient Greece. A star speeding across the sky meant the gods were listening to people. In Italy, people made wishes on wishbones, believing that birds provided clues to the future. The tradition has turned into a contest. People hold opposite ends of the wishbone and pull. Whoever gets the larger piece gets the wish. Eyelashes are a more recent tradition for making wishes. Place an eyelash on your hand and toss it over your shoulder. If it doesn't stick to your hand, your wish will come true.

81. What do we know about the practice of wishing on shooting stars?

- (A) It is a recent trend.
- (B) It is not popular anymore.
- (C) It was once considered illegal.
- (D) It's been around for a long time.

82. When throwing an eyelash, when does your wish come true?

- (A) When the eyelash falls to the ground.
- (B) When the eyelash doesn't leave your hand.
- (C) When the eyelash sticks to your face.
- (D) When the eyelash stays on your shoulder.

83. What did it mean to see a shooting star?

- (A) A person had just made a wish.
- (B) The weather was about to change.
- (C) The gods could hear your wish.
- (D) A big event was about to happen.

This year marks the 65th anniversary of the great work, Peanuts. The comic strip that many Americans read over breakfast as children tells the story of Charlie Brown, a boy who likes to fly kites that always get stuck in trees. He's in love with the Little Red-Haired Girl, but lacks the courage to approach her. Lucy enjoys making fun of Charlie, while Lucy's little brother, Linus, is Charlie's best friend. Charlie's younger sibling, Sally, adores Linus. Finally, there's Charlie's dog Snoopy, always there to cheer him up. Feelings and friendship are common themes in Peanuts, which show the complex and funny process of growing up. Though decades have passed since Peanuts was a regular comic strip, its influence remains strong. A 3-D computer animated film arrives on the big screen this year.

84. What is NOT mentioned about Peanuts in the passage?

- (A) Its characters.
- (B) Its themes.
- (C) Its creator.
- (D) Its main readers.

85. Which of the following is NOT true?

- (A) Linus is related to Lucy.
- (B) Charlie is in love with Lucy.
- (C) Snoopy is Charlie's pet.
- (D) Charlie is older than Sally.

Historical architecture and modern art litter Lyon's streets. The city is a feast for the eye and it makes sense for people to consider movies were born here. Auguste and Louis Lumiere of Lyon invented the motion picture film camera. Public murals, perhaps one of Lyon's most impressive features, cover about 100 buildings. Le Mur des Canuts honors silk workers of the past. It is so realistic that if you stood in front of it, you would blend in. Another famous painting is La Fresque des Lyonnais, featuring 31 people who helped make Lyon the city it is today. The 800-square-meter mural shows chefs, authors, directors, standing on balconies and walking down the street. Like other French cities, Lyon offers a rich history and culture. However, Lyon's visual quality makes it stand out.

86. Why does the author say that movies were born in Lyon?

- (A) Many filmmakers come from here.
- (B) The movie camera was created here.
- (C) The first movie was filmed here.
- (D) Most early movies were about Lyon.

87. What do the two murals mentioned have in common?

- (A) Both were painted by famous artists.
- (B) Both present the citizens' daily lives.
- (C) Both show the history of the city.
- (D) Both tell ancient religious stories.

88. What can we conclude about Le Mur des Canuts?

- (A) It looks like a photograph.
- (B) It covers more than one building.
- (C) It is the oldest mural.
- (D) It was painted by silk workers.

Hundreds of years ago, foods looked quite different. Watermelon was mainly white, carrots were purple, and corn was multicolored. Over time, farmers learned new agriculture methods. They bred watermelon to have more sugar and water, with more tasty red flesh. Today, there are also seedless, cube-shaped varieties. Carrots, another example of farmers at work, were by nature purple before the 17th century. Dutch growers developed orange ones to perhaps honor William of Orange, who had helped the Netherlands gain independence. Like carrots, corn came in multiple colors. One of the oldest is Indian corn, which Native Americans taught early American colonists to grow. While these corncobs don't taste as sweet as the later versions, they do make pretty autumn decorations. With farmers continuing to create new produce varieties, future generations may not recognize foods we eat today.

89. What was the direct cause of changing food colors?

- (A) The weather change.
- (B) New farming methods.
- (C) Farmers' preference.
- (D) Consumer demand.

90. What does the author say about the future of food?

- (A) There will be more colors in food.
- (B) Healthier foods will be more popular.
- (C) Corn and carrots will taste better than today.
- (D) Foods may look very different.

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 104學年第1學期 期末考一年級不限組別英文 I [20160120100050101041] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體		480			高分組			130			低分組			130			全體答	難易指數	鑑別指數	
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E				未
1	單選題	1	B	62	333	63	21	0	1	15	98	12	4	0	1	17	85	22	6	0	0	69.38%	0.704	0.100
2	單選題	1	A	262	196	12	10	0	0	93	32	5	0	0	0	62	60	3	5	0	0	54.58%	0.596	0.238
3	單選題	1	C	34	117	261	68	0	0	1	28	85	16	0	0	15	33	45	37	0	0	54.37%	0.500	0.308
4	單選題	1	D	20	131	44	285	0	0	5	22	6	97	0	0	11	53	19	47	0	0	59.38%	0.554	0.385
5	單選題	1	A	341	77	43	18	0	1	109	9	9	3	0	0	50	43	25	12	0	0	71.04%	0.612	0.454
6	單選題	1	C	140	14	273	53	0	0	26	3	90	11	0	0	55	7	47	21	0	0	56.88%	0.527	0.331
7	單選題	1	D	104	96	27	253	0	0	30	17	6	77	0	0	26	40	10	54	0	0	52.71%	0.504	0.177
8	單選題	1	D	18	23	19	420	0	0	7	5	5	113	0	0	10	15	12	93	0	0	87.50%	0.792	0.154
9	單選題	1	A	111	139	121	109	0	0	46	26	34	24	0	0	18	56	32	24	0	0	23.13%	0.246	0.215
10	單選題	1	B	54	295	74	57	0	0	13	97	13	7	0	0	27	45	30	28	0	0	61.46%	0.546	0.400
11	單選題	1	B	121	311	17	31	0	0	17	98	6	9	0	0	54	54	7	15	0	0	64.79%	0.585	0.338
12	單選題	1	A	268	176	14	22	0	0	98	22	6	4	0	0	41	73	3	13	0	0	55.83%	0.535	0.438
13	單選題	1	D	63	60	88	269	0	1	16	8	9	98	0	0	25	22	38	44	0	1	55.83%	0.542	0.408
14	單選題	1	C	101	38	320	20	0	1	12	3	109	6	0	0	40	16	60	14	0	0	66.67%	0.650	0.377
15	單選題	1	D	162	38	23	257	0	0	39	9	3	79	0	0	49	13	12	56	0	0	53.54%	0.519	0.177
16	單選題	1	C	79	28	359	14	0	0	8	8	112	2	0	0	33	12	80	5	0	0	74.79%	0.738	0.246
17	單選題	1	D	165	6	22	287	1	0	47	1	5	78	0	0	50	4	7	68	1	0	59.58%	0.558	0.069
18	單選題	1	B	65	318	55	42	0	0	14	93	12	11	0	0	34	62	21	13	0	0	66.25%	0.596	0.238
19	單選題	1	C	42	45	314	78	0	1	6	7	106	11	0	0	23	17	51	39	0	0	65.42%	0.604	0.423
20	單選題	1	B	11	221	227	21	0	0	3	78	43	6	0	0	5	46	68	11	0	0	46.04%	0.477	0.246
21	單選題	1	C	33	59	359	29	0	0	7	13	103	7	0	0	17	34	63	16	0	0	74.79%	0.638	0.308
22	單選題	1	B	97	309	21	53	0	0	20	89	10	11	0	0	31	73	4	22	0	0	64.38%	0.623	0.123
23	單選題	1	A	382	27	17	54	0	0	103	6	5	16	0	0	86	13	9	22	0	0	79.58%	0.727	0.131
24	單選題	1	B	34	369	35	42	0	0	5	111	3	11	0	0	14	86	14	16	0	0	76.88%	0.758	0.192
25	單選題	1	D	39	13	154	273	1	0	3	4	44	79	0	0	16	6	48	60	0	0	56.88%	0.535	0.146
26	單選題	1	A	400	39	31	10	0	0	113	7	7	3	0	0	94	17	14	5	0	0	83.33%	0.796	0.146
27	單選題	1	C	288	62	120	10	0	0	68	10	50	2	0	0	66	36	23	5	0	0	25.00%	0.281	0.208
28	單選題	1	A	406	23	23	27	0	1	119	2	6	3	0	0	102	9	7	12	0	0	84.58%	0.850	0.131
29	單選題	1	D	3	37	15	425	0	0	0	6	5	119	0	0	3	19	7	101	0	0	88.54%	0.846	0.138
30	單選題	1	A	352	87	13	28	0	0	102	22	1	5	0	0	67	40	5	18	0	0	73.33%	0.650	0.269
31	單選題	1	D	13	54	11	402	0	0	5	12	1	112	0	0	6	21	7	96	0	0	83.75%	0.800	0.123
32	單選題	1	A	338	26	45	71	0	0	105	5	11	9	0	0	64	11	20	35	0	0	70.42%	0.650	0.315
33	單選題	1	B	40	363	23	55	0	0	7	111	5	7	0	0	28	61	15	27	0	0	75.63%	0.662	0.385
34	單選題	1	B	4	467	1	8	0	0	1	126	0	3	0	0	3	124	1	2	0	0	97.29%	0.962	0.015
35	單選題	1	D	65	13	43	359	0	0	3	5	10	112	0	0	36	7	26	61	0	0	74.79%	0.665	0.392
36	單選題	1	A	438	30	0	12	0	0	120	10	0	0	0	0	102	17	0	11	0	0	91.25%	0.854	0.138
37	單選題	1	B	21	412	30	17	0	0	3	112	7	8	0	0	16	93	15	6	0	0	85.83%	0.788	0.146
38	單選題	1	D	21	51	15	393	0	0	4	12	4	110	0	0	14	25	9	82	0	0	81.88%	0.738	0.215
39	單選題	1	C	18	1	449	12	0	0	4	0	123	3	0	0	8	1	114	7	0	0	93.54%	0.912	0.069
40	單選題	1	A	457	13	4	6	0	0	126	2	0	2	0	0	114	11	3	2	0	0	95.21%	0.923	0.092
41	單選題	1	C	136	11	317	14	0	2	21	1	101	7	0	0	52	7	63	7	0	1	66.04%	0.631	0.292
42	單選題	1	B	11	456	7	6	0	0	5	122	2	1	0	0	3	120	4	3	0	0	95.00%	0.931	0.015
43	單選題	1	A	387	42	40	11	0	0	122	4	3	1	0	0	77	28	20	5	0	0	80.62%	0.765	0.346
44	單選題	1	D	89	9	5	376	0	1	9	2	3	116	0	0	45	7	2	75	0	1	78.33%	0.735	0.315
45	單選題	1	B	73	353	40	14	0	0	9	110	8	3	0	0	38	66	18	8	0	0	73.54%	0.677	0.338
46	單選題	1	A	433	23	24	0	0	0	117	5	8	0	0	0	104	11	15	0	0	0	90.21%	0.850	0.100
47	單選題	1	D	17	8	0	455	0	0	3	1	0	126	0	0	9	5	0	116	0	0	94.79%	0.931	0.077
48	單選題	1	C	46	9	404	21	0	0	10	4	110	6	0	0	11	4	106	9	0	0	84.17%	0.831	0.031
49	單選題	1	B	181	263	12	25	0	0	32	91	4	3	0	0	57	55	6	13	0	0	54.58%	0.558	0.285
50	單選題	1	B	10	428	29	13	0	0	0	118	7	5	0	0	6	101	17	6	0	0	89.17%	0.842	0.131
51	單選題	1	B	39	420	9	12	0	0	6	117	4	3	0	0	28	94</							

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 104學年第1學期 期末考一年級不限組別英文 I [20160120100050101041] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體					480					高分組					130					低分組					130					全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未									
71	單選題	1	E	75	69	37	89	211	0	10	7	7	17	89	0	29	42	19	21	20	0	43.96%	0.419	0.531												
72	單選題	1	B	34	366	18	30	32	0	7	112	2	2	7	0	17	62	14	19	18	0	76.25%	0.669	0.385												
73	單選題	1	A	243	15	46	135	41	0	96	2	7	21	4	0	29	12	19	50	20	0	50.63%	0.481	0.515												
74	單選題	1	C	49	6	276	25	124	0	2	3	105	5	15	0	27	3	42	13	45	0	57.50%	0.565	0.485												
75	單選題	1	D	82	24	109	200	66	0	16	5	12	85	12	0	28	11	38	27	27	0	41.67%	0.431	0.446												
76	單選題	1	A	434	9	10	19	8	0	113	3	5	5	4	0	104	5	5	12	4	0	90.42%	0.835	0.069												
77	單選題	1	D	14	36	36	379	15	0	6	9	2	108	5	0	7	21	25	68	9	0	78.96%	0.677	0.308												
78	單選題	1	C	6	20	412	21	20	1	3	3	118	1	5	0	3	14	84	13	15	1	85.83%	0.777	0.262												
79	單選題	1	B	16	384	9	17	54	0	5	109	1	5	10	0	9	75	7	8	31	0	80.00%	0.708	0.262												
80	單選題	2	E	10	31	14	43	382	0	3	5	5	10	107	0	7	16	9	28	70	0	79.58%	0.681	0.285												
81	單選題	2	D	59	11	70	339	0	1	7	2	9	112	0	0	32	7	41	49	0	1	70.63%	0.619	0.485												
82	單選題	2	A	242	146	10	82	0	0	84	29	1	16	0	0	31	59	7	33	0	0	50.42%	0.442	0.408												
83	單選題	2	C	34	16	422	8	0	0	10	6	113	1	0	0	23	8	92	7	0	0	87.92%	0.788	0.162												
84	單選題	2	C	17	61	302	99	0	1	4	12	100	14	0	0	8	34	48	40	0	0	62.92%	0.569	0.400												
85	單選題	2	B	59	362	13	45	0	1	11	109	4	6	0	0	29	68	8	24	0	1	75.42%	0.681	0.315												
86	單選題	2	B	65	283	83	49	0	0	5	101	14	10	0	0	24	53	37	16	0	0	58.96%	0.592	0.369												
87	單選題	2	C	78	102	276	24	0	0	10	17	101	2	0	0	31	27	58	14	0	0	57.50%	0.612	0.331												
88	單選題	2	A	118	167	48	146	0	1	56	53	11	10	0	0	21	29	18	61	0	1	24.58%	0.296	0.269												
89	單選題	2	B	14	355	98	11	0	2	2	105	19	3	0	1	9	77	37	6	0	1	73.96%	0.700	0.215												
90	單選題	2	D	28	16	32	402	0	2	5	4	5	116	0	0	15	11	21	81	0	2	83.75%	0.758	0.269												
選填題或五選項以上各題以 1(或A) 表示作答正確, 2(或B) 表示作答錯誤																																				