# 桃園市立平鎮高中 104 學年度第二學期 期末考 高三 英文科試卷 適用班級:301~313

考試範圍: (1) 三民第六冊 Unit 6,7,9 (2) 長春藤雜誌 3 月份全 (3) 十年 指考: 103, 102 年度 答題說明: 以 2B 鉛筆作答

注意事項:答案卡資料未填或填錯班級座號導致無法讀卡者,扣總分5分 試卷張數:共計三張6頁

填答方式:答案卡

	Marret Bart				_
	同彙語法 20% (毎題1	•			_
1.				ictionary published this month.	
	(A) meteoric	· , -	(C) vibrant	· ·	
2.	Fear, laziness, and ind	lifference are some of the	e reasons why many peop	ple don't take the to make their dreams	
	come true.				
	(A) initiative	, ,	(C) mobility	` '	
3.	Nancy felt that nobod	y could imagine the	_ pain that she suffered	from that strange disease.	
	(A) impure	(B) continental	(C) staggering	(D) reckless	
4.	In order to good	l box office returns, the o	lirector invited Angelina	Jolie to be the lead actress in the film.	
	(A) strengthen	(B) guarantee	(C) impose	(D) designate	
5.	The Mughal Emperor	built the tomb to	show his eternal love for	his beloved wife, Mumtaz Mahal.	
	(A) menacing	(B) splendid	(C) juvenile	(D) horrific	
6.	This difficult ma	ath problem is, as a matt	er of fact, easy to solve.		
	(A) aimlessly	(B) neutrally	(C) deliberately	(D) seemingly	
7.	A massive geomagnet	tic storm that hit Earth la	ast month resulted in a st	unning display of solar flares and a	
	aurora in the US	S.			
	(A) oriental	(B) contagious	(C) heightened	(D) dazzling	
8.	The electronics corpor	ration demonstrated its l	numanity when it	money to build an animal sanctuary.	
	(A) donated	(B) brainwashed	(C) negotiated	(D) discarded	
9.	The company was pur	nished for secretly	the food additive which	is proved to be poisonous to human beings.	
	(A) manufacturing	(B) specializing	(C) degrading	(D) fostering	
10.	La Tour Eiffel was na	med after its head contra	actor, Gustave Eiffel, and	was built to the centennial of the French	ì
	Revolution.				
	(A) condemn	(B) commemorate	(C) abolish	(D) abandon	
11.	In the next we we	will arrange everybody t	o experience bungee-jun	nping, which would be the most exciting part i	n
	our journey.				
	(A) constitution	(B) departure	(C) publicity	(D) segment	
12.	The latest research ha	s a new possible a	pplication of stem cells a	according to the successful experiments on mic	e
	(A) degraded	(B) sustained	(C) recruited	(D) manifested .	
13.	Even though Jones br	others don't live in the s	ame city, the betv	ween them still grew stronger over the years.	
	(A) prosperity	(B) prospect	(C) intimacy	(D) insecurity	
14.	A team of scientists is	s assigned to help	the spread of this virus, v	which has claimed thousands of people in the	
	world.				
	(A) curb	(B) garner	(C) unveil	(D) expire	
15.	To resist the outbreak	of flu epidemic, childre	n under twelve are enco	uraged to receive in nearby clinics or city	7
	health centers.				
	(A) symptom	(B) supervision	(C) caption	(D) vaccine	
16.	Household appliance	es normally carry a life _	of a decade so yearl	y check on the devices can help prevent possib	le
	dangers.				
	(A) span	(B) unity	(C) function	(D) volume	
17.	The demonstration m	nainly appealed to the go	overnment for the	to legalize same-sex marriage.	
	(A) compensation	(B) foundation	(C) assassination	(D) legislation	
18.	A society in transition	n might naturally	the conflict between trad	ition and modernization.	
	(A) give rise to	(B) make up for	(C) come up with	(D) fall short of	

19.	In the race, Johnny, who	o lagged behind at first, _	in the end and wo	n the championship.
	(A) pulled away	(B) pulled ahead	(C) pulled up	(D) pulled in
20.	Our professor always re casually.	eminds us that an essay s	hould present the argum	ent reasonably, not just information
	(A) spring; up	(B) patch; together	(C) dispose; of	(D) ward; off
	综 合測驗 40% (21-25 25 為一題組	5 每題 1 分; 26-40 每題	(2分;41-45每題1分)	
<u> </u>		naner money or naner m	andal offerings at funeral	s in Chinese society can21 back to the
Tan			<del>-</del>	s away, there is a death of the body, but the
				numan world, where the "residents" need
		•		then they were alive. Some of these necessities
				ourning paper models. As the ashes fly high,
				age of paper offerings may include a couple of
				23 . These traditional paper offerings
				lucts were limited. There were no trendy,
				net. And with the <u>24</u> of new materials
		_		hones, and even skin care products are also
ava	ilable. It seems that, with	the help of a simple clic	k, this old Chinese traditi	ion has been given a25
21.	(A) be being traced	(B) trace	(C) be dated	(D) date
22.	(A) however	(B) as	(C) while	(D) for
23.	(A) satisfy	(B) satisfied	(C) satisfying	(D) to satisfy
24.	(A) incorporation	(B) cooperation	(C) corporation	(D) corruption
25.	(A) face-off	(B) face-down	(C) face-lift	(D) face-savor
2 "If if y hea eler	6 processed foods. The we 27 to eat better we 17 to eat better we 18 gave celes ou introduce healthy food lithier lives. This turned in mentary schools, which is getables and fruit with discrete	ey choose organic fruit ar when we were little," ma ebrity chef Jamie Oliver t ds to children, they will l nto a TV show called "Ja ncluded fries, sausage ro	nd vegetables and local p ny LOHAS followers say he idea for his "Feed Me earn to prefer them <u>29</u> mie's School Dinners," w lls and pizza, <u>30</u> hea	ods have less fat and salt, and more nutrition, roducts, which helps protect the environment.  ""we would have been healthier adults."  Better" program. He wanted to prove that  unhealthy foods, and consequently lead where the harmful foods being served at althy foods. At first, the kids viewed things, they ended up liking the healthy food
26.	(A) as well as	(B) such as	(C) rather than	(D) unlike
27.	(A) learn	(B) learned	(C) had learned	(D) should learn
28.	(A) how	(B) why	(C) what	(D) whatever
29.	(A) than	(B) to	(C) rather	(D) instead
30.	(A) replacing	(B) were replacing	(C) replaced by	(D) were replaced by
tha feel wh	t photo, <u>32</u> what shall knowing that her cells what they helped with some	e would think about the vent up in the first space of the most notable adv	cells from her cervix livir mission to see what wou ances in medicine. One s	31 seriously. I have spent years gazing at an on forever. I've try to imagine how she'd ld happen to human cells in zero gravity, or cientist estimates that if we could pile all HeLa an inconceivable number, 34 an
		•	<del>-</del>	could lay all HeLa cells end-to-end, they'd
wra	ap around the earth at lea	ast three times. In her	35_, Henrietta herself sto	ood only a bit over five feet tall. The lady has
200		Jonnary, Ductier Cells II	Joeth Hilling Juliande I	ner body far longer than they ever lived inside

it.

31. (A) torn (B) was torn (C) tear (D) tearing 32. (A) pondered (B) pondering (C) to ponder (D) which ponders 33. (A) growing (B) grows (C) grow (D) grown 34. (A) in which (B) in spite of (C) given that (D) as long as 35. (A) era (B) precedent (C) reminiscence (D) prime

## 36-41 為一題組

Linda Pastan, a contemporary American poet, has won numbers of awards and honors. She likes to explore themes like life and death, love and loss, and joy and sorrow by portraying everyday events. With deceptively simple style, rarely \_\_36 in her poems; instead, she likes understatement, often speaking in a soft voice, as if she \_\_37\_\_ to an intimate friend. Take one of her poems, "To a Daughter Leaving Home," for example. The poem contrasts a mother's anxiety about her daughter possibly falling off the bike \_\_38\_\_ a little girl's excitement about her newly acquired skill. The child, pedaling away unsteadily, was celebrating a great breakthrough in her life, \_\_39\_\_ the mother found herself yearning to protect her kid. The mother, instead of being sentimental about her daughter's departure, \_\_40\_\_ the bicycle incident that happened long ago to her daughter, conveying that her love for her child has never changed. For most parents, often \_\_41\_\_ the moment their children are ready to depart that they suddenly realize it's time to let go. Yet no matter how unwilling to see them leave, parents might still wish them the best luck.

36. (A) she preaches (B) preaches she (C) to preach (D) does she preach 37. (A) talk (B) talks (C) were talking (D) should talk 38. (A) for (B) in (C) on (D) with 39. (A) because (B) whereas (C) until (D) as if 40. (A) addressed (B) encountered (C) exemplified (D) reflected 41. (A) until (B) not until (C) not until is it (D) it is not until

### 42-45 為一題組

American football is big business. The National Football League (NFL) and all its teams are worth about US \$45 billion. Professional NFL players can make millions of dollars a year, and thousands of students attend university for free 42 football scholarships. The rewards are high, but so 43 the risks, especially in regard to head injuries. For some people, these dangers exceed the financial benefits. There are some who are 44 rule changes to prevent injuries, and fewer parents are enrolling their kids in football in favor of sports that are less dangerous. Research shows that people are right to be concerned. In a study that examined the brains of 165 people who played football, almost 80% of the donated brains showed signs of long-term brain damage. Some 45 brains were examined had played football at the high school or college level and others had been professional athletes. Among those brains belonging to professional football players, 96% showed signs of damage.

42. (A) thanks to (B) in spite of (C) regardless of (D) in response to 43. (A) can (B) do (C) are (D) have 44. (A) giving up (B) pushing for (C) holding back (D) boasting about 45. (A) whom (B) where (C) that (D) whose

# III. 文意選填 15% 此大題不考慮大小寫 (每題 1分)

All pop artists like to say that they  $\underline{46}$  their success to their fans. In the case of British band SVM, it's indeed true. The band is currently recording songs because 358 fans contributed the £100,000 needed for the project. The arrangement came via MMC, an online record label that uses Web-based, social-network-style "crowd-funding" to  $\underline{47}$  its acts.

Here's how it works: MMC posts demos and videos of 10 artists on its website, and users are invited to invest from £10 to £1,000 in the ones they most enjoy or think are most likely to become popular. Once an act reaches £100,000, the money-raising process is completed, and the money is used to pay for recording and possibly a concert tour. Profits from resulting music sales, concerts, and 48 are split three ways: investors get to divide 40%; another 40% goes to MMC; the artist pockets 20%. The 49 for investors can be big. One fan in France who contributed £4,250 got his money back 20 over.

			y	_ `	
(AB) finance	(AC) times	(AD) distribute	(AE) merchandise	(BC) payoff	(BD) owe

Huashan 1914	Creative Park and the	e Red Ho <b>use are e</b> x	ccellent <u>51</u> for p	promoting the o	creative arts in Taipei. Pi	nkoi					
is another avenue f	or Taiwanese designe	ers and <mark>artists to s</mark> e	ll their products, this	s one a <u>52</u>	method rather than an a	actual					
physical location. T	he e-commerce site <b>v</b>	vas <u>53</u> in Octo	ober 2010. Just three	years after that	, it featured nearly 50000	)					
listings, more than 2000 brands and 7000 designers. The site continues to expand with its two main channels of54:											
allowing designers to sell directly to buyers with Pinkoi taking a commission, and <u>55</u> as an electronic marketplace											
with larger design brands selling their products and a percentage of the selling price.											
(AR) lounched	(AC) sharraged	(AD) warness	(AE) actions	(DC) · t	I (BD) ::						

If you are a book lover worried about the \_\_56\_\_ debate over whether there will be printed books in the 22nd century, there is good news for you. The answer is "yes." One of those books will be *Scribbler Moon* by Margaret Atwood, a Booker Prize-winning novelist from Canada. Atwood was the first writer chosen to participate in this art project \_\_57\_\_ by Scottish conceptual artist Katie Paterson. \_\_58\_\_ the Future Library, the project involves 100 writers working on manuscripts over a period of a century. Writers can write anything they want, \_\_59\_\_ it fiction or non-fiction of any genre or poems. In the \_\_60\_\_ of a year, Atwood worked in complete secrecy. Her novel, along with the work of the other 99 authors chosen, will be sealed and stored in a special room inside the Oslo Library in Norway. Until they are published in 2114, the only thing known about the books will be their titles and who wrote them.

(AB) entitled	(AC) be	(AD) conceived	(AE) contemplating	(BC) ongoing	(BD) course

## IV. 篇章結構 5% (每題1分)

Essena O'Neill, a teen from Australia, was once extremely active on social media. <u>61</u> In addition, she was paid to market products on her account. <u>62</u> At that point in her life, she felt consumed by this urge, and she felt as if she was living in an artificial, two-dimensional world. <u>63</u> Her actions of debunking social media instantly went viral. Those who followed her then realized that her virtual life had been a bunch of smoke and mirrors. Eventually, O'Neill began promoting her own site called letsbegamechangers.com. <u>64</u>

O'Neill's actions were criticized by some social media celebrities, who felt attacked by her because they believe social media has a positive influence on society. \_\_65\_ On the other hand, many think that what O'Neill did was a good thing and that it acts as a reminder to teens and others that they should focus on what matters instead of idolizing social media celebrities for the way they look. Indeed, many people only get a partial look at people's lives on the Internet. This can make some feel isolated because they tend to compare their own lives with those of others, which might seemingly look perfect on the screen of a computer or mobile phone.

- (A) One day, the adolescent decided to call it quits, deleting many pictures and dramatically rewriting the captions of the ones she kept.
- (B) As a way of keeping her insecurities at bay, O'Neill developed a constant obsession of accumulating likes and followers.
- (C) As a model on Instagram, she had put thousands of pictures on it.
- (D) Some of these people even said she was trying to pull a hoax on her fans.
- (E) Through this website, she focuses on more pressing issues in the world.
- (AB) She said creating a blog may be time consuming, but it offers a way to connect with other people.

# V. 閱讀測驗 20% (每題 2 分)

### 66-68 為一題組

It was the article that filled the Internet with comments, links, and blog posts. "Why Chinese Mothers Are Superior?"-this short article in both the print and online versions of the *Wall Street Journal* certainly caused quite a controversy. Even the article's title **rubbed some people the wrong way**, and many even doubted the points in the article.

Written by Amy Chua, a second-generation Chinese-American and law professor at Yale University, the article attempted to explain how Chinese mothers in America are able to raise so many stereotypically successful children. She began by listing all of the things that most American kids do, but that her two daughters were never allowed to do, when growing up: no sleepovers, no play dates, no TV, no computer games, and no grade below an A. In addition, the two had to learn a musical instrument, and it had to be the piano or the violin.

Chua's parents were of Chinese descent, and they immigrated to the United States from the Philippines. Raised in a strict fashion in the United States, Chua excelled academically and ended up with degrees from Ivy League schools. When Chua became a parent, she was determined that her children, third-generation Chinese, would not be raised like most other American kids. She wanted to raise them, in her words, as a "Chinese mother"—strict, demanding, and unyielding.

Reactions to the article, and Chua's parenting techniques, have been varied. Some say that some of her actions, including calling one daughter "garbage" and not allowing another to eat dinner or go to the bathroom until a piano piece had been learned, can be regarded as abuse. Others point out that the article was published a few days before the release of Chua's book, *Battle Hymn of the Tiger Mother*, and was deliberately controversial in order to boost sales.

One thing is certain: the article has certainly raised questions in America—and around the world—about which style of parenting is best. Is a more permissive Western style better? Or is a more demanding Eastern style ideal? Or could it be a combination of the two?

66.	The phrase	"rubbed some peop	le the wrong way"	' in the first	paragraph means	
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- (A) to advocate what people should not do
- (B) to mislead people to believe something not true
- (C) to console people for not being upset
- (D) to annoy people by saying something offending
- 67. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
  - (A) Chua's daughters are requested to be straight-A students.
  - (B) Some people claim that Chua's article was deliberately controversial to boost the sales of her book.
  - (C) Immigrating from China to the US, Chua raised her daughter in a demanding way.
  - (D) Chua's way of educating her daughters caused many arguments.
- 68. What's the author's attitude toward the style of parenting?
  - (A) Strict.
- (B) Uncertain.
- (C) Subjective.
- (D) Liberal.

### 69-71 為一題組

There is a campaign that has been gaining popularity in Europe called "Sharing a Refrigerator" designed to reduce the volume of wasted food. People in an office or a dormitory share the contents of the same refrigerator, whether they are a bottle of milk, a package of franks, or other food items. In order for the program to work, certain rules must be followed. These include labeling when the food was made or bought, giving each person enough space to put food inside, replenishing the contents of the fridge when necessary, and keeping the food in leak-proof containers. It's interesting to see how the amount of food that is thrown away dwindles and how much less selfish and more cooperative people become when participating in the "Sharing a Refrigerator" campaign. One place where the sharing program has been tried on a wider scale is in Spain's Basque province under the name "Solidarity Fridge." There, public refrigerators offer food and welcome donations on city streets. The two campaign appear to wake up people's dormant virtues of compassion and generosity.

Programs such as "Solidarity Fridge" and "Sharing a Refrigerator" offer a way to help reduce food waste in a world where millions of people, especially in Asia and Africa, are on the brink of death from hunger. Meanwhile, in the US alone, a startling US\$165 billion worth of food is thrown away each year. That is because the average American family throws out more than 1,000 pounds of food each year. With regard to Western countries as a whole, about 40 percent of all food ends up in the trash.

- 69. In the first paragraph, what does "replenishing" mean?
  - (A) Refilling.
- (B) Repairing.
- (C) Recycling.
- (D) Reducing.
- 70. How do the "Solidarity Fridge" and "Sharing a Refrigerator" campaigns differ?
  - (A) "Sharing a Refrigerator" is in Europe; "Solidarity Fridge" is not.
  - (B) "Solidarity Fridge" takes place outside, while "Sharing a Refrigerator" does not.
  - (C) "Solidarity Fridge" is more successful than "Sharing a Refrigerator."
  - (D) "Sharing a Refrigerator" still continues while "Solidarity Fridge" has ended.

- 71. Which of the following is true?
  - (A) Many people are on the brink of death from hunger in Europe.
  - (B) The average American throws away 40% of his food.
  - (C) "Solidarity Fridge" and "Sharing a Refrigerator" cut food waste by about half.
  - (D) About 60% of food in the West is not wasted.

## 72-75 為一題組

One country that always whole-heartedly welcomes visitors is Slovenia. In addition, it has so much to offer tourists that one stay and they'll be back. A popular spot for visitors is the country's second-largest city, Maribor, which dominates the northeastern part of the European nation. With its continental climate that has chilly winters, Maribor is a great place for skiing. For those who appreciate history, the city has its share of castles, including Maribor Castle and Betnava Castle. Being an old city, Maribor also has defense towers and original walls that are of interest to many.

Among Slovenia's other places of interest is Piran, which is situated on the extreme southwestern corner of Slovenia adjacent to its southern neighbor, Croatia. Although the city has a population of less than 20,000, there are some good reasons to make a visit to it. Once part of the Roman and Austro-Hungarian Empires, Piran has diverse architecture that encompasses several medieval styles. A good example of this is Saint George's Parish Church, which sits on a hill overlooking Piran and the incomparable Adriatic Sea. Lovers of classical music will be pleased to know that Piran is the birthplace of Giuseppe Tartini, an 18th century composer and violinist. Tartini Square, located in the town center, was constructed to commemorate him. The square features a larger-than-life statue and several important buildings, including the Municipal Palace. As you can see, even though Slovenia is regarded as off the beaten path, it is a place well worth visiting, and you will be sad when your trip there comes to an end.

- 72. Which of the following is true about Slovenia?
  - (A) It is in the northeastern part of Europe.
  - (B) It is the second-largest country in Europe.
  - (C) It is seldom visited by foreigners, compared with other European countries.
  - (D) It is one of the most expensive countries to visit as its living expenses are high.
- 73. What does the reading mention about Croatia?
  - (A) Slovenia is its southern neighbor.
  - (B) It was once part of Slovenia.
  - (C) There are many good reasons to visit it.
  - (D) It is located to the south of Slovenia.
- 74. In the last paragraph, what does "encompasses" mean?
  - (A) Constructs.
- (B) Navigates.
- (C) Involves.
- (D) Dominates.
- 75. Which statement about Giuseppe Tartini is NOT true?
  - (A) He wrote music and performed the violin in the 1700s.
  - (B) He was born in a city situated on the southwestern corner of Slovenia.
  - (C) A big statue was built in the town center in memory of him.
  - (D) People constructed Tartini Square, located in Maribor, to commemorate him.

	桃園市立	工平鎮	高級中學	104學年	F第	2學期:	期末者	<b>考三</b>	年級	不限	組另	リ英文	ζVI[ː	2016	0512	3000	5010	1046	] 全體	<b>豊考</b> 生	三 試題	分析表	Í
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號 1	單選題	1	D		_	99 266		1	8	38	12	91	0	0		45	40	48	0	1 4	18.19%	0.466	0.289
2	單選題	1	A			44 41	0	1	99	3	40	7	0	0	42	17	68	21	0		12.75%	0.473	0.383
3	單選 <u>題</u> 單選題	1	C	50 4 89 3		17 40 65 75		1	20	6 111	126 13	<u>8</u> 5	0	0	13 20	20 61	99 27	16 40	0		75.54% 58.33%	0.755 0.577	0.181
5	<u>事選題</u> 單選題	1	<u>В</u> В		54	31 25		1		135	3	5	0	0	16	97	24	11	0		34.06%	0.779	0.255
6	單選題	1	D	28	25	52 446	0	1	2	1	6		0	0	19	19	34	76	0	1 8	80.80%	0.725	0.430
7	單選題	1	D			19 191	0	1		42	26	71	0	0	30	42	31	45	0		34.60%	0.389	0.174
8	軍選題 軍選題	1	A A	511 413	9 50	19 12 40 48		<u>_1</u>	146 135	1 4	1 4	6	0	0	121 70	6 30	12 24	9 24	0		92.57% 74.82%	0.896 0.688	0.168
9	<u> </u>	1	В		78	88 45		2		135	5	5	0	0	13	58	46	31	0		58.48%	0.648	0.517
11	單選題	1	D		05	34 392	0	1	3	22	4	120	0	0	_12	36	21	79	0		71.01%	0.668	0.275
12	單選題	1	D		71	57 351	0	2		13	13	117	0	0	_ 26	26	24	71 15	0		53.59% 78.99%	0.631	0.309
13	<u>單選題</u> 單選題	1	<u>C</u>		57 <u> </u>	36 23 37 41		1	140	8 1	137 3	0	0	0	17 99	32 8	84 21	20	0		83.70%	0.802	0.275
14		1 1	D		18	36 470		1	3	1	3		0	0	14	13	24	97	0		85.14%	0.802	0.302
16	單選題	1	A	430	19	73 28		2		3	10		0	0		11	34	14	0		77.90%	0.755	0.315
17	單選題	1	D		27	24 486	-	1	120	4	1	141	0	0	_	12	18	110	0	1	88.04%	0.842	0.208
18	軍選題 軍選題	<u> </u>	A B		45 53	46 23 84 7		$-\frac{1}{2}$	139	6 122	4 14	0	0	0		24 68	30 33	9 5	0		79.17% 63.95%	0.752 0.638	0.362 0.362
19 20		1	В		54 54	53 21		1	4	136	5	4	0	0	10	90	34	14	0		82.25%	0.758	0.309
21	單選題	1	D		77	97 252	0	1	3	14	39		0	0	12	37	59	40	0	1 4	45.65%	0.446	0.356
22	單選題	1	C		_	250 67		1	25	15	96	13	0	0	49	34	41	24	0		45.29%	0.460	0.369
23	工選題 軍選題	1	B A		71 17	51 68 210 45		1 1	39	123 49	<u>8</u> 54	12 7	0	0	20 15	71 62	26 54	31 17	0		67.21% 14.31%	0.651 0.181	0.349 0.161
24 25		$\frac{1}{1}$	C		~	216 90		1	32	14	84		0	0	34	43	40	31	0		39.13%	0.416	0.295
26	單選題	2	D	71	90	69 222	0	1	13	7	49	80	0	0	28	54	35	32	0	1 .	40.22%	0.376	0.322
27	<u> 單選題</u>	2	<u>C</u>	45		290 130	-		··	17	100		0	0	20	35	50	43	0		52.54%	0.503	0.336
28 29	軍選題 軍選題	2 2	C B		84 58	325 14 27 74		<u>1</u> 1	·+	45 100	98 6	12	0	0	14 18	60 95		6 26	0		58.88% 64.86%	0.557 0.654	0.201
30	<u>単選題</u> 單選題	2	D			219 198	_	2		1	55		0	0		12	53	42	0		35.87%	0.376	0.188
31	單選題	2	A	1 70 11 1	12	29 46	0	1	123		0		0	Q		44	23	17	0		65.94%	0.628	0.396
32	里選題	2	В		97	18 9	4	1 1	يد	145	0		0	0	- 18 - 53	110 10		59	0		90.04% 51.45%	0.856 0.510	0.235
33	軍選題 軍選題	$\frac{2}{2}$	D C		10 31	62 284 341 29		1	47	24	_		Q 0		28	49		17	0		61.78%	0.510	0.436
35	<u> </u>	2	D	1	09	49 230		1		16			0	_	69	35	14	30	Ŏ.		41.67%	0.403	0.403
36	單選題	2	D		32	73 36		1		5		120	0	-		18	37	_57	0		65.40%	0.614	0.463
37	單選題	2_	C			406 33			2 1		139 4		0			54 14		20 88	0		73.55% 75.18%	0.674 0.745	0.517
38	<u>單選題</u> 單選題	2 2	D B		32 46	36 41: 45 20		2	8				0					16			80.80%	0.743	0.309
40	單選題	2	A		86	123 139	0	3	88	8	27	26	0		26	39	31	52	0	1	36.41%	0.383	0.416
41	單選題	1	D		83	46 260			2 12				0			73		36			48.19%	0.426	0.369
42	單選題	1	A		49 87	77 6′ 204 148		1	l 124 l 0				0			27 55	40 32	26 52	0		64.86% 36.96%	0.601 0.376	0.463 0.322
43	<u>單選題</u> 單選題	1 1	C B		09 09	62 108			2 7							47	28	37	0		55.98%	0.540	0.450
45	單選題	1	D	55	23	49 424	1 0	1	1 8	2	8	131	0	0	27	15	24	82	0	1	76.81%	0.715	0.329
46	複選題	1_1	BD	211 3		59 45:			2 32				12			70		95			51.27%	0.497	0.510
47	複選題 複選題	1 1	AB AE	360 3 495 1		135 214 122 42			3 <u>121</u> 2 137						78 129	81 46		69 19			23.55% 50.00%	0.279	0.356
48	複選題	1	BC			230 6		2	2 44	133	•		8	0	109	93	34	23	31	2	39.31%	0.419	0.530
50	複選題	i	AC	457 1	01	484 30	5 17		2 143	9			2	0	96	54	109	24	9		76.99%	0.732	0.389
51	複選題	1	AD			164 30:			1 127				3		103 36	61 114			1 1		40.22% 80.25%	0.409 0.765	0.403 0.403
52 53	複選題 複選題	$\frac{1}{1}$	BC AB	63 4 515 4		465 61 114 30			l 4 l 144						128	114 94					68.30%	0.763	0.403
54	複選題	1	BD	246 3		52 44	) 49		1 47			133	7	0	92	58	23	92	28	1	52.90%	0.503	0.362
55	複選題	1	AE	490	84	70 7	4 381		1 144	9	9	8			119	42	35				69.02%	0.634	0.450
56	複選題	1	BC	197 3	_	280 14			1 29		105				81 126	85 76					48.55% 50.36%	0.436 0.513	0.537
57	複選題 複選題	1	AD AB	499 2	241	28 30° 169 6°			1 140 1 134				28			70 71					30.62%	0.313	0.369
59	複選題	1	AC	461		126 11	239		1 134	31	50	17	66	0	113	_55	26	40	58	1	11.41%	0.144	0.221
60	複選題	1	BD	68 .	04	92 41	2 21		1 11	143	12	130	1	0		123	41	82	11		71.56%	0.668	0.342
61	軍選題	1	C	76		352 1		- 4	2 8 2 23				<del></del>			41 63					63.77% 50.91%	0.611 0.497	0.362
62	軍選題 軍選題	1	B A	126 3 347 3		78 3 44 3			2 23 2 119												54.71%	0.497	0.389
64	単選題 單選題	1	E	106		33 3			2 20			1	119		43	42	16	_17	58	1	61.78%	0.587	0.423
65	單選題	1	D	84	97	26 35	0 47		2 14	16	1	122	6	0	33	41	17	52	22	1	63.41%	0.584	0.470
66	單選題	2	D	112		35 7			1 23					1							13.22%	0.138	-0.020
67 68	軍選題 軍選題	$\frac{2}{2}$	C B	114		260 6 130 7			1 29 1 16							36 32					47.10% 40.76%	0.477 0.413	0.309
69	単選題	2	A	267		112 14			1 108							16	56		:		48.37%	0.463	0.523
70	單選題	2	В		353	66 5			4 18				T	-		65					63,95%	0.614	1
			á																				

	桃園市立平鎮高級中學 104學年第2學期 期末考三年級不限組別英文 VI[20160512300050101046] 全體考生 試題分析表															ŧ								
題號			全體		552 D E 未		高分組 A B C		149 D E 未		低分組 A B C			149 D E 未			全體答對逐	難易指數	鑑別 指數					
71	單選題	2	D	17	109	83	335	0	8	0	13	7	129	0	0	12	45	39	48		5	60.69%	0.594	0.544
72	單選題	2	С	257	49	195	45	0	7	69	4	72	5	0	0	56	24	46	19	0	4	35.14%	0.393	0.168
73	單選題	2	D	79	43	243	180	0	7	16	10	47	76	0	0	28	17	70	30	0	4	32.61%	0.356	0.309
74	單選題	2	С	128	37	330	50	0	7	23	4	117	5	0	_0	45	24	47	29	0	4	59.78%	0.550	0.470
75	單選題	2	D	81	114	107	240	0	10	15	22	15	96	0	1	38	35	40	32	0	4	43.48%	0.430	0.430
											選填	題或	五選	項以	上各	題以	1(或/	4)表	示作	答正	確、2	(或B) 表	<b>示作答</b> 錯	誤