

桃園市立平鎮高中 105 學年度 第 2 學期 第二次期中考 高一英文 試題卷

適用班級：101-114

命題範圍：Lung Teng Book II Lesson 5-8, Live April 2017, 4500 Vocabulary Part III Unit 1-12

注意事項：1. 答案卡請用 2B 鉛筆劃記清楚，若因個人因素而導致無法讀卡者，扣總分 5 分。

2. 請用藍或黑筆在答案卷上作答。用鉛筆者，一律不計分。

試卷張數：試題卷三張五頁，答案卷一張，答案卡一張。

作答方式：請將選擇題答案(1~60)劃記在答案卡上，字彙和翻譯題(61~83)請寫在答案卷上。

I. Vocabulary and Phrases 文意字彙和片語： 15% @1%

1. The troops were already \_\_\_\_\_ from the long forced march.  
(A) beloved (B) fatigued (C) relaxed (D) unemployed
2. The hotel offers exceptional sporting \_\_\_\_\_, including a 50 meter swimming pool  
(A) facilities (B) mentalities (C) residences (D) therapies
3. The cornea(角膜) is the \_\_\_\_\_ membrane(薄膜) that covers the front of the eye.  
(A) brilliant (B) chemical (C) modest (D) transparent
4. The captain's heroic effort \_\_\_\_\_ them with determination.  
(A) assisted (B) charmed (C) inspired (D) thrilled
5. The World's \_\_\_\_\_ will be held in Dubai in 2020.  
(A) Amusement Park (B) Fair (C) Origin (D) Ride
6. Jane Goodall is the \_\_\_\_\_ of chimpanzees in Africa.  
(A) champion (B) classic (C) criminal (D) critic
7. Apple sidra(蘋果西打) have sold in everywhere of Europe, America, and Asia, and enjoyed its \_\_\_\_\_ for 120 years.  
(A) celebration (B) intention (C) reputation (D) transportation
8. Much of the coast has been \_\_\_\_\_ by nuclear waste.  
(A) contaminated (B) ensured (C) obtained (D) witnessed
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ showed us the house plans that she had drawn up.  
(A) architect (B) architects (C) architectural (D) architecture
10. China has been accused of \_\_\_\_\_ the Yuan(元) to make its exports more competitive with US goods by Mr. Trump.  
(A) acquiring (B) conquering (C) suppressing (D) threatening
11. Since the terrorist attack, Joseph had \_\_\_\_\_ irrational fears.  
(A) cast a spell on (B) been devoted to (C) disguised herself as (D) fallen prey to
12. Everyone likes to watch the boat races during the \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Lantern Festival (B) Dragon Boat Festival (C) Ghost Festival (D) Moon Festival
13. Most people's insecurities \_\_\_\_\_ something that happened in their childhood.  
(A) come out of nowhere (B) fade out (C) indulge in (D) stem from
14. It's a simple dish to prepare, mainly \_\_\_\_\_ rice and vegetables.  
(A) consisting of (B) installing in (C) scattering on (D) submitting to
15. As the runners went by, we \_\_\_\_\_ them \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) cheered ~ up (B) dressed ~ up (C) made ~ up (D) turned ~ up

II. Cloze 克漏字: 20% @1%

(I) Jane Goodall's interest in animals had developed since she was four years old. She hid in a henhouse for 4 hours, waiting to see how a hen 16 an egg. This event began her lifetime of discovery. To fulfill her dream of going to Africa, she worked as a waitress instead of 17 university. Finally, she saved enough money and made her way to Kenya. There, she seized an opportunity to study chimpanzees in the African rain forest. However, officials worried about her safety because chimpanzees 18 fierce animals at that time. In her 40 years' research, she not only noticed 19, but also helped us realize that animals can experience emotions. She has taught the world an important lesson: curiosity and boldness can 20 amazing discoveries.

16. (A) lain (B) laid (C) lied (D) lay  
 17. (A) attend (B) attended (C) attending (D) to attend  
 18. (A) were considered as (B) were referred to (C) were thought of (D) were thought to be  
 19. (A) how they are similar humans (B) how similar are they to humans  
 (C) how similar they are to humans (D) how humans are similar them  
 20. (A) bring in (B) result in (C) result from (D) arise from

(II) The space life with "microgravity" is very different from 21 of other scientist down on Earth. Astronauts have to 22 a completely new environment. While floating in the air, astronauts have to do their daily routine, such as doing scientific experiments and changing machine parts. When they are hungry, they only consume their food 23 liquid form for fear that powders might get stuck in the vents. After finishing the meals, they also have to do weight training by pulling tight ropes 24 to the wall on one end. Before bedtime, they have to shut themselves in a special space in order not to 25 each other in their sleep.

21. (A) it (B) they (C) that (D) those  
 22. (A) used to (B) are used to (C) be using to (D) get used to  
 23. (A) as (B) in (C) to (D) with  
 24. (A) fix (B) fixed (C) fixing (D) to fix  
 25. (A) bump into (B) come into (C) dive into (D) turn into

(III) Mother's Day seems to 26 a time for families to spend money and have fun together nowadays. If it 27 not for Anna Jarvis, we would not have this official mother's day. Although Anna proposed a mother's day, she hated to see businessmen 28 advantage of this holiday. A lot of people spent money on gifts to celebrate this holiday. In order to stop these commercial activities, she 29 all of us to adopt some alternative and meaningful ways. There are some Mother's Day customs that are 30. For example, in Finland, a mother is served with breakfast in bed on Mother's Day. These activities don't cost a lot, but the love thus shown is the same.

26. (A) be (B) been (C) being (D) have been  
 27. (A) was (B) were (C) is (D) are  
 28. (A) took (B) taken (C) taking (D) to take  
 29. (A) called in (B) called out (C) called on (D) called for  
 30. (A) worth mentioning (B) worthy of mentioned (C) worthwhile to mention (D) worth our while mentioning

(IV) EMILY is a very special lifeguard. It's a 1.4-meter-long remote-controlled rescue boat. 31 its battery-powered electric motor, EMILY can achieve top speeds of 35 kilometers per hour. Faster than human lifeguards, EMILY is also 32 enough to handle 30-foot waves. EMILY can even be thrown from bridges or helicopters. The robot 33 lighting, a camera, and a two-way radio. It can 34 a life preserver for up to five people, who only have to grab onto it. EMILY has already saved lives, not just in the U.S. but also in Asia, aiding flood and tsunami victims. It's also helped 35 in Turkey and Greece.

31. (A) Besides (B) For (C) Of (D) With  
 32. (A) civilized (B) endangered (C) shady (D) tough  
 33. (A) equips (B) equips with (C) is equipped (D) is equipped with  
 34. (A) depend on (B) look into (C) serve as (D) take up  
 35. (A) factors (B) horizons (C) jewels (D) refugees

III. Passage Completion 文意選填: 10% @1%

(AB) more than	(AC) accomplished	(AD) attitude	(AE) worst	(BC) earned
(BD) far from	(BE) continued	(CD) appearance	(CE) failure	(DE) challenging

Scarlett Johansson is a successful actress, singer, and activist. She has 36 a lot for someone who's only 32 years old. However, her road to success was 37 easy. She got to where she is today with hard work and a good 38 toward trying new things. Johansson's first 39 in a Hollywood movie was in the 1994's *North*. Unfortunately, many people consider it to be one of the 40 movies ever made. The film's 41 didn't cause Johansson, who was nine at the time, to give up on her dream. She 42 acting and taking both lead and minor roles. She 43 her first major success in the bittersweet modern classic *Lost in Translation* when she was 18. Because she received much attention for her good looks, Johansson tried hard to prove that she was 44 just a pretty face. She initially found it hard to choose which direction to go in, but she didn't give up. She ended up playing more distinctive and 45 roles to show audiences her range of talents.

IV. Discourse Structure 篇章結構: 5% @1%

This is a heartwarming story that tells of human compassion between a boy and a fire chief. Billy Summon, a 8-year-old boy, had been plagued by leukemia. Although he knew that he was dying, he still dreamed of being a fireman. 46 She told the Fire Chief Bob about her son and asked if the chief could give her son a ride on a fire engine. 47 Three days later, the chief came to pick up Billy and escorted him from the hospital to a fire truck in his uniform. 48 Then, he also went out with the crew on three calls and even appeared on the local news. He got much stronger after his dream came true. 49 One day, his vital signs continued worsening. One nurse called the chief, asking him for help again. 50

- (A) He rode in different emergency vehicles, including several fire engines and an ambulance.
- (B) Learning his bucket list, Mrs. Summon went to the local fire department to ask for help.
- (C) He lived three months longer than the doctors had predicted.
- (D) The Fire Chief promised and even proposed that they could make Billy an honorary fireman for a whole day.
- (E) Before Billy breathed his last, 16 firemen in the fire engine arrived at the hospital and told Billy that he was a fine fireman.

V. Reading 閱讀測驗: 20% @2%

(I) Libraries have existed in some form for thousands of years. The earliest collections of written information date back more than 5,000 years to ancient Mesopotamia. Around 1300 BC, ancient Egypt kept government records as well as texts of popular myths. About the same time, the Shang dynasty founded China's first libraries to keep track of important events. Greek scholars treated libraries with particular importance. They even established private ones in their own homes. Later, libraries became a feature of public baths in the Roman Empire—the first libraries that could be accessed by common people. Eventually, a network of public libraries would set the standard for bookkeeping around the world. The Public Libraries Act 1850 in England was the first act of government to ensure free access of literature to all citizens.

51. Which of the following statement is TRUE?

- (A) Mesopotamians invented writing 5,000 years ago.
- (B) The first Chinese library existed around 1300 BC.
- (C) The Greeks and Romans used similar library systems.
- (D) The importance of libraries has decreased over times.

52. Before the Roman Empire, what can we say about libraries?

- (A) Governments highly controlled them.
- (B) There were no libraries with books.
- (C) They were all built in public places.
- (D) Only certain people were able to use them.

(II) Learning a second language may provide benefits that go beyond communication. Studies have shown that bilingual people perform better on mental tasks like problem-solving, planning, and memory recall. Bilinguals excel at focusing on useful information while ignoring distractions. Moreover, being bilingual might improve a person's ability to perceive others' emotions. Knowing multiple languages could even prevent mental disorders like dementia and increase the chances of recovering from a stroke. Despite the benefits, there are still disadvantages. Bilinguals are more likely to have weaker verbal skills, since their languages can interfere with each other. Nevertheless, most experts agree that compared with the advantages, the disadvantages are negligible. It's no wonder then that more and more schools worldwide are offering programs to teach a second language from a young age.

53. What does the passage mainly focus on?

- (A) The tips on how to master a foreign language.
- (B) The ways to improve your communication skills.
- (C) The common language programs in schools.
- (D) The advantages of knowing two languages.

54. Why might a bilingual have trouble with verbal tasks?

- (A) They might talk too much.
- (B) They might mix up the two languages.
- (C) They prefer to listen to others.
- (D) They can have certain mental problems.

55. What do most people believe about bilingualism?

- (A) Older students are able to learn faster.
- (B) It takes a lot of effort to master a language.
- (C) The disadvantages are relatively small.
- (D) Schools without bilinguals perform worse.

(III)

### Life after space

A space mission may last from a week to six months, but what happens when the crew returns to Earth? Within a few hours, they are transported from a weightless environment to normal gravity. Instead of living where everything tends to float, they come back to Earth where every movement is an effort.

Re-adapting to Earth's gravity is hard because their muscles and bones have weakened, and the heart has to work much harder to pump blood around the body. Astronauts returning in Soyuz spacecraft have to be helped out by Russian rescue staff, and they are carried to waiting helicopters for the first part of their journey home.

Even those who fly back in the Shuttle often feel lightheaded. Some may faint. They also have trouble standing up, walking, turning corners and keeping a sense of balance. If they close their eyes, they are likely to fall over. Even sleeping can be difficult. Some cosmonauts have reported that, months after their flight, they sometimes let go of a cup or other object in mid-air, and are shocked when it crashes to the floor! It can take three to four days to readjust after short flights, but four weeks or more after a six-month stay on the International Space Station.

Other side-effects take much longer to overcome. The decrease in bone density results in a greater chance of broken bones. The weakened muscles make it harder to lift even light objects or perform everyday activities. However, the wonders of space travel are hard to resist. Eight people have flown at least six times in space. Russian Valeri Polyakov spent 240 days in orbit, then, a few years later, he went back up for another 437 days!

([https://www.esa.int/esaKIDSen/SEM8LDZGRMG\\_LifeinSpace\\_0.html](https://www.esa.int/esaKIDSen/SEM8LDZGRMG_LifeinSpace_0.html))

56. Why is it hard for astronauts to re-adapt to Earth's gravity?

- (A) Everything tends to float.
- (B) Their muscles and bones have weakened.
- (C) Their heartbeats are slow.
- (D) They became homesick.

57. How do they go home during the first part of their journey home?

- (A) Take an aircraft
- (B) Take a shuttle bus
- (C) Take a rescue ship
- (D) Take a spaceship

58. Which is **NOT** the symptom astronauts have after space travel?

- (A) Nausea
- (B) Weightlessness
- (C) Lightheadedness
- (D) Insomnia

59. Why do astronauts crash objects to the floor?

- (A) They are angry about the gravity.
- (B) They have problems sleeping.
- (C) They want to contact with aliens.
- (D) They do what they used to do in the space.

60. What side-effect takes much longer to overcome?

- (A) The resistance to space travel
- (B) The balance of the body
- (C) The decline in bone density
- (D) The readjustment to Earth life

Please write your answer in blue or black ink on the answer sheet.

以下部分請用藍或黑筆在答案卷上作答。用鉛筆者一律不計分。

VI. Sentence Patterns and Translation 句型 and 翻譯: 請依照中文翻譯框線部分 翻譯 30% 61-83 @1% 77 @5% 78 @4%

(I) 屈原出生於諸侯爭霸的戰國時代。

Qu Yuan was born in the Warring States period, 61. w \_\_\_\_\_ seven dukes scrambled for supremacy.

(II) 起初, 楚王支持屈原, 相信屈原的外交政策: 聯合六國對抗秦國。

62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_ 64. b \_\_\_\_\_ g, Duke Chu was 65. s \_\_\_\_\_ e of Qu Yuan, and held 66. \_\_\_\_\_ 67. b \_\_\_\_\_ f that uniting six states was the best way to battle against Qin.

(III) 然而, 隨著小人不斷進貢中傷屈原的謠言, 似乎楚王就越不相信屈原, 此舉讓屈原鬱鬱寡歡。

However, with villains slandering Qu Yuan, 68. \_\_\_\_\_ 69. s \_\_\_\_\_ that Duke Chu didn't believe in Qu Yuan anymore, which 70. u \_\_\_\_\_ t Qu Yuan a lot.

(IV) 儘管楚王不願接見他, 他還是大聲疾呼(尖叫)合縱的重要性。

71. D \_\_\_\_\_ e 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. f \_\_\_\_\_ that Duke Chu didn't want to receive him in audience, Qu Yuan still 74. s \_\_\_\_\_ med for the importance of vertical alliance of states.

(V) 隨著屈原年紀越來越大, 復興楚國的希望越來越渺茫。

The 75. \_\_\_\_\_ (old) Qu Yuan became, the 76. \_\_\_\_\_ (little) hope of resurrection Chu had.

(VI) 屈原曾經感慨地說過, 「眾人皆醉我獨醒。」

77. Qu Yuan once said, "All the world is drunk and I am awake alone." 請將此句改為間接引述 5%

(VI) 由於無法再獲得楚王重視, 屈原在憂鬱的情況下投汨羅江自盡。

78. 請將 Because Qu Yuan was unable to regain the respect of Duke Chu 改成分詞構句, 以 V-ing/p.p./adj. 開頭 4%, Qu Yuan threw himself into the Mi Lo River in his sorrow.

(VII) 為了防止屈原遺體被魚咬, 人們丟粽子進河中來紀念屈原。

To 79. p \_\_\_\_\_ Qu Yuan's body 80. f \_\_\_\_\_ being bitten by fish, people threw rice dumplings into the river 81. \_\_\_\_\_ 82. h \_\_\_\_\_ 83. \_\_\_\_\_ Qu Yuan.

桃園市立平鎮高中 105 學年度 第2學期 第二次期中考 高一英文 答案卷  
班級: \_\_\_\_\_ 座號: \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名: \_\_\_\_\_

VI. Sentence Patterns and Translation 句型 and 翻譯: 30% 61-76, 79-83 @1% 77 @5% 78 @4%

61.	62.	63.	64.
65.	66.	67.	68.
69.	70.	71.	72.
73.	74.	75.	76.
77.			
78.			
79.	80.	81.	82.
			83.

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 105學年第2學期 月考二一年級不限組別英文 II [20170517100020101042] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體					557					高分組					150					低分組					150					全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未									
1	單選題	1	B	31	323	98	105	0	0	2	115	16	17	0	0	18	55	39	38	0	0	57.99%	0.567	0.400												
2	單選題	1	A	306	117	95	39	0	0	118	15	8	9	0	0	36	49	47	18	0	0	54.94%	0.513	0.547												
3	單選題	1	D	59	154	135	209	0	0	4	29	20	97	0	0	31	51	45	23	0	0	37.52%	0.400	0.493												
4	單選題	1	C	107	112	271	67	0	0	15	23	101	11	0	0	35	38	56	21	0	0	48.65%	0.523	0.300												
5	單選題	1	B	212	264	48	34	0	0	29	112	6	3	0	0	74	35	29	12	0	0	47.22%	0.490	0.513												
6	單選題	1	A	386	27	80	64	0	0	122	3	9	16	0	0	93	15	35	7	0	0	69.30%	0.717	0.193												
7	單選題	1	C	166	116	257	18	0	0	27	16	105	2	0	0	60	45	35	10	0	0	46.14%	0.467	0.467												
8	單選題	1	A	237	110	111	98	0	1	113	8	17	11	0	1	37	37	32	44	0	0	42.55%	0.500	0.507												
9	單選題	1	A	343	59	46	108	0	1	115	12	4	18	0	1	59	20	36	35	0	0	61.58%	0.580	0.373												
10	單選題	1	C	77	156	176	147	0	1	20	21	68	41	0	0	27	44	45	34	0	0	31.60%	0.377	0.153												
11	單選題	1	D	61	189	79	227	0	1	8	40	14	87	0	1	20	72	26	32	0	0	40.75%	0.397	0.367												
12	單選題	1	B	9	528	9	11	0	0	2	146	1	1	0	0	5	132	7	6	0	0	94.79%	0.927	0.093												
13	單選題	1	D	47	103	135	272	0	0	1	17	25	107	0	0	26	33	51	40	0	0	48.83%	0.490	0.447												
14	單選題	1	A	414	41	57	45	0	0	135	6	4	5	0	0	73	22	32	23	0	0	74.33%	0.693	0.413												
15	單選題	1	A	512	16	18	11	0	0	143	2	2	3	0	0	118	12	14	6	0	0	91.92%	0.870	0.167												
16	單選題	1	B	6	388	17	146	0	0	0	111	1	38	0	0	4	90	12	44	0	0	69.66%	0.670	0.140												
17	單選題	1	C	40	170	340	7	0	0	11	25	113	1	0	0	15	65	66	4	0	0	61.04%	0.597	0.313												
18	單選題	1	D	75	34	152	296	0	0	14	9	23	104	0	0	26	19	63	42	0	0	53.14%	0.487	0.413												
19	單選題	1	C	43	48	455	11	0	0	8	8	131	3	0	0	25	31	88	6	0	0	81.69%	0.730	0.287												
20	單選題	1	B	168	338	34	17	0	0	20	127	1	2	0	0	51	62	24	13	0	0	60.68%	0.630	0.433												
21	單選題	1	C	25	14	370	148	0	0	2	3	120	25	0	0	13	6	83	48	0	0	66.43%	0.677	0.247												
22	單選題	1	D	27	10	19	501	0	0	3	0	3	144	0	0	19	7	14	110	0	0	89.95%	0.847	0.227												
23	單選題	1	B	62	419	26	50	0	0	5	132	6	7	0	0	37	75	14	24	0	0	75.22%	0.690	0.380												
24	單選題	1	B	43	410	63	41	0	0	5	126	13	6	0	0	29	75	27	19	0	0	73.61%	0.670	0.340												
25	單選題	1	A	484	31	15	27	0	0	140	6	0	4	0	0	101	16	13	20	0	0	86.89%	0.803	0.260												
26	單選題	1	A	440	51	32	34	0	0	138	8	3	1	0	0	71	32	20	27	0	0	78.99%	0.697	0.447												
27	單選題	1	B	395	93	65	4	0	0	88	52	10	0	0	0	111	10	25	4	0	0	16.70%	0.207	0.280												
28	單選題	1	C	99	51	377	29	0	1	16	5	126	3	0	0	37	39	51	22	0	1	67.68%	0.590	0.500												
29	單選題	1	C	10	25	416	105	0	1	2	2	126	20	0	0	6	16	83	44	0	1	74.69%	0.697	0.287												
30	單選題	1	A	351	81	94	30	0	1	122	9	17	2	0	0	51	31	45	22	0	1	63.02%	0.577	0.473												
31	單選題	1	D	68	52	9	428	0	0	12	13	0	125	0	0	41	24	5	80	0	0	76.84%	0.683	0.300												
32	單選題	1	D	75	75	22	385	0	0	5	11	3	131	0	0	46	47	9	48	0	0	69.12%	0.597	0.553												
33	單選題	1	D	24	175	38	320	0	0	7	21	4	118	0	0	8	63	22	57	0	0	57.45%	0.583	0.407												
34	單選題	1	C	62	24	340	130	0	1	13	2	115	20	0	0	24	14	66	45	0	1	61.04%	0.603	0.327												
35	單選題	1	D	42	63	23	429	0	1	8	8	1	133	0	0	25	34	18	73	0	1	77.02%	0.687	0.400												
36	複選題	1	AC	333	206	440	69	60	1	108	36	137	12	7	0	67	76	85	33	33	1	49.91%	0.450	0.433												
37	複選題	1	BD	99	458	65	402	77	4	7	142	10	134	7	0	65	87	38	57	44	2	67.32%	0.570	0.620												
38	複選題	1	AD	423	46	81	478	75	3	133	3	12	143	9	0	72	34	51	93	43	1	70.20%	0.597	0.540												
39	複選題	1	CD	80	47	421	426	129	3	14	3	130	133	20	0	47	31	82	79	52	2	59.61%	0.537	0.553												
40	複選題	1	AE	454	49	66	64	473	2	136	5	10	9	140	0	80	34	48	43	87	2	74.15%	0.600	0.560												
41	複選題	1	CE	88	42	440	91	438	5	6	10	136	9	139	0	61	21	78	50	77	4	66.97%	0.567	0.600												
42	複選題	1	BE	70	437	86	98	413	3	7	137	6	14	136	0	35	81	44	53	77	3	62.66%	0.573	0.573												
43	複選題	1	BC	152	337	435	94	87	2	37	105	137	12	9	0	43	73	81	50	45	2	48.11%	0.447	0.413												
44	複選題	1	AB	404	438	102	92	70	2	140	139	9	5	7	0	65	84	55	48	40	2	63.38%	0.560	0.667												
45	複選題	1	DE	119	150	87	372	372	5	10	15	14	127	132	1	66	70	32	63	61	2	54.22%	0.507	0.573												
46	單選題	1	B	14	524	12	3	3	1	1	147	2	0	0	0	10	125	9	2	3	1	94.08%	0.907	0.147												
47	單選題	1	D	17	12	10	513	4	1	3	1	3	142	1	0	14	7	7	118	3	1	92.10%	0.867	0.160												
48	單選題	1	A	492	11	18	18	17	1	139	1	4	3	3	0	103	10	12	12	12	1	88.33%	0.807	0.240												
49	單選題	1	C	22	9	494	14	17	1	5	1	140	2	2	0	17	7	103	11	11	1	88.69%	0.810	0.247												
50	單選題	1	E	10	9	26	8	503	1	2	1	1	3	143	0	5	6	21	4	113	1	90.31%	0.853	0.200												
51	單選題	2	B	104	368	46	39	0	0	15	123	5	7	0	0	45	63	24	18	0	0	66.07%	0.620	0.400												
52	單選題	2	D	70	30	125	332	0	0	12	6	22	110	0	0	30	18	56	46	0	0	59.61%	0.520	0.427												
53	單選題	2	D	13	30	18	496	0	0	1	7	2	140	0	0	10	20	15	105	0	0	89.05%	0.817	0.233												
54	單選題	2	B	17	430	39	71	0	0	0	134	4	12	0	0	15	67	29	39	0	0	77.20%	0.670	0.447												
55	單選題	2	C	26	153	343	34	0	1	1	23	124	2	0	0	19	74	43	14	0	0	61.58%	0.557	0.540												
56	單選題	2	B	56	466	22	9	0	4	5	143	0	2	0	0	35	89	20	3	0	3	83.66%	0.773	0.360												
57	單選題	2	A	350	30	84	90	0	3	125	5																									

選填題或五選項以上各題以 1(或A) 表示作答正確, 2(或B) 表示作答錯誤

五標 (61, 57, 49, 38, 28) 平均 46.32/70