

適用班級： 201-214

考試範圍： 龍騰 Book 3 L9~L12; 空英雜誌 12 月全; 主題式翻譯 Unit 7-9

答題說明： 1. 選擇題 (1~69) 答案畫在答案卡上。

2. 答案卷請務必繳回,答案卷須以黑色原子筆作答,不得使用鉛筆。

3. 答案卡及答案卷請詳填各項資料,如導致讀卡無效,則扣總分 5 分。

注意事項： 試卷張數共計三張五頁

I. 詞彙, 片語, 文法 24% (1-12@2%)

1. The city government will _____ the road soon because there are too many holes in it.
(A) build (B) pave (C) revolve (D) destroy
2. Read the following instructions carefully in order to _____ the registration procedures.
(A) prohibit (B) pressure (C) overestimate (D) facilitate
3. The food at that restaurant was wonderful, but the service was _____.
(A) faltering (B) terrific (C) awesome (D) slender
4. It is a(n) _____ idea to take your children to the beach but ask them to stay away from the sea.
(A) initial (B) fictional (C) prior (D) absurd
5. The safety of her children is the _____ concern of every mother.
(A) persuasive (B) harmful (C) convincing (D) primary
6. The article revealed intimate details about his family, _____ made him annoyed.
(A) that (B) which (C) where (D) who
7. The environmentalists urge the new government to promote some energy _____ measures
(A) advantage (B) replacement (C) conservation (D) mixture
8. The war _____ people's attention away from the economic situation.
(A) inhabited (B) diverted (C) renewed (D) notified
9. Only if Jason could climb up to the top of Mt. Jade _____.
(A) would Mary consent to marry him. (B) Mary consents to marry him.
(C) Mary would consent to marry him. (D) Is Mary consent to marry him.
10. Johnson was seen _____ to a movie with his secret girlfriend.
(A) go (B) went (C) gone (D) to go
11. Judy can hardly finish the homework on this Friday, and _____.
(A) neither can I (B) neither am I (C) I do neither (D) I am neither
12. _____ where his mom was, the baby cried loudly.
(A) He didn't know (B) Did not know (C) Does not know (D) Not knowing

II. 克漏字 15% (13-27@1%) 若為首字母, 請忽略大小寫

A.

Rats are not all bad. Some can provide medical services for human beings. They can help detect one of the world's deadliest 13 diseases -- tuberculosis (TB). Approximately 10 million people 14 TB every year and almost 2 million die from it. But no effective way to detect TB has been found 15 a lack of resources and skilled technicians. In many sub-Saharan African countries, only about half of the people with active TB are 16. But the good news is that we can train African giant pouched rats to detect TB by using a reward method. The rats learn to stop 2-3 seconds over a sample 17 they detect TB. Studies show that the rats are rarely wrong. Better yet, they can detect TB faster than humans. One rat can check a hundred samples in less than 20 minutes. It would take up to four days for a human to test the same number of samples. Currently, TB-detection rats are saving lives in Tanzania, Ethiopia and Mozambique.

13. (A) infected (B) affected (C) affectionate (D) infectious
14. (A) pause (B) contract (C) employ (D) apply
15. (A) due to (B) in spite of (C) regardless of (D) with regard to

16. (A) developed (B) cubed (C) diagnosed (D) divided
 17. (A) what (B) where (C) for that (D) which

B.

The last network, 4G, which is about 10 times faster than the previous network, 3G, became available in 2009. 18, 5G promises to provide speeds up to 1,000 times faster than 4G.

With 5G, a movie can be downloaded in seconds. Plus massive amounts of data can be exchanged without much delay due to advances in latency. Latency is 19 in milliseconds. Latency is the amount of time it 20 for information to move from one point to another. While current wireless networks experience between 50-150 ms of latency, future 5G networks should get 1 ms of latency.

But people may have to wait until 2020 before lightning wireless is 21 available as millimeter wave frequencies are needed. The difficulty now is that millimeter waves tend to be blocked by buildings, trees, or even rain. So engineers have to brainstorm solutions to keep things constantly 22. With the hard work of engineers and the significant amount of money put into this technology, there is no doubt that 5G wireless service will become a reality relatively quickly.

18. (A) Instead (B) However (C) Additionally (D) Therefore
 19. (A) measure (B) measuring (C) measured (D) to measure
 20. (A) costs (B) spends (C) pays (D) takes
 21. (A) widely (B) rarely (C) simply (D) closely
 22. (A) closed (B) connected (C) informed (D) rerun

C.

“When You Wish upon a Star” is a popular song 23 in the 1940 Disney movie *Pinocchio*. These lyrics are also Disney’s autobiography. Disney’s own cheerful approach to life turned him into one of the most 24 men of the twentieth century. In his animations, Disney kept encouraging dreamers to 25. For example, Aladdin felt trapped in a life of poverty. 26, Aladdin managed to overcome many obstacles in his pursuit of happiness. In his life and work, Disney knew what it meant to wish upon a star. 27 one has love and is determined to achieve his or her goal, fate will do its part and work miracles.

23. (A) introducing (B) introduce (C) introduced (D) introduces
 24. (A) inspiring (B) inspired (C) expiring (D) expired
 25. (A) piece together (B) make ends meet (C) spring into action (D) take an interest in
 26. (A) Poor as he was (B) As poor he was (C) Poor as was he (D) As poor was he
 27. (A) However (B) Fortunately (C) In addition (D) As long as

III. 文意選填 35% (28-62@1, 35%) 若為首字母，請忽略大小寫

A

Do men and women speak the same language? These questions are not new. Researchers have been portraying men and women as alien beings –men are from Mars, women are from Venus. Actually, most misunderstandings between men and women 28 different conversational styles. The language women use is quite different from 29 used by men. Men and women 30 different approaches to communication. Men talk more about things and fact, 31 women talk more about relationships. Sometimes, girls 32 their boyfriends about something that they are distressed by. They are just looking for emotional support 33 solutions. To men, a complaint means a challenge to 34 a solution. Moreover, women place more 35 on closeness while men tend to focus on independence. If we can’t see that the two sexes have different communication styles, we may 36 unfair conclusions. When we learn the ways the opposite sexes talk, we can 37 the communication gap.

(A) confide to	(B) whereas	(C) stem from	(D) come up with	(AB) bridge
(AC) instead of	(AD) that	(BC) emphasis	(BD) draw	(CD) take

B.

For many outstanding athletes, winning a medal is the best 38 for their achievement. However, whether they win or lose, it is vital that they play games with 39. We all should learn to take defeat well rather than try to win 40.

For common people, exercise also plays an important role in our lives. Doing exercises can not only relax our body but also 41 our stress. Take some exercises, such as jogging, cycling and yoga, for examples. Jogging is a kind of moderate sport which can increase blood 42. Cycling along the beautiful trails, people can discover the beauty of Taiwan 43. Yoga can help stretch body and meditate. Those who practice yoga always said they feel physically and mentally 44 after practicing yoga.

(A) sportsmanship	(B) release	(C) engage	(D) recognition
(AB) circulation	(AC) contented	(AD) at all costs	(BC) at a close distance

C.

The sea surrounding Taiwan features 45 sea species. On a pleasure boat ride, we can 46 dolphins and whales jumping out of the water. However, the ecosystem of the beautiful coastline is endangered. The coral reefs in Kenting cover about 90% 47 area than they did. The intertidal areas are also rapidly 48. Fortunately, the authorities has set stricter rules to prevent the ecosystem 49 being destroyed. Besides, education is of great help to increase the public's environmental awareness. Fishermen now put 50 dolphins into the sea. More and more environmental projects are 51 everywhere in Taiwan. People prefer to use natural products rather than those made with chemicals. Many volunteers go to the beach to clean up the trash before it gets washed into the sea. If we don't do more for our sea, chances are that there will be no more fish in it 52 2048. It is high time that we 53 more knowledge about environmental protection to save this planet.

(A) prevented	(B) by	(C) being launched	(D) less	(AB) stranded
(AC) from	(AD) catch glimpses of	(BC) disappearing	(BD) learned	(CD) varied

D.

Since TV was invented, it has had a tremendous effect on pop culture and our daily lives. Watching TV has become 54 part of modern people's lives. It not only serves as a source of entertainment but also keeps us informed of the latest 55 and international news. 56 with books and radio programs, TV can provide more information and entertainment. 57, students can benefit a lot from those informative TV programs by the Discovery Channel. They can obtain a great deal of interesting knowledge in various 58. Nowadays, reality TV shows appeal to many audiences because they feature ordinary people 59. However, some programs have been criticized for presenting unreal plots and 60 contestants. Moreover, new researches point out that watching TV all day long will 61 the development of children's intellectual capacity. Thus, parents should 62 how much time their children can spend watching TV and choose programs carefully.

(A) meanwhile	(B) domestic	(C) from all walks of life	(D) humiliating	(AB) regulate
(AC) an indispensable	(AD) compared	(BC) fields	(BD) hinder	(CD) various

IV. 閱讀測驗 14% (63-69@2%)

A

Walking down the street, you suddenly want some McDonald's French fries. Why? Could it be the giant golden arches that you just passed, or the smell of frying oil floating through the air? Strangely, either of those might cause your subconscious to make the decision to stop in and grab a snack. Some new studies show just how powerful our subconscious can be.

It turns out that even a simple cup of coffee can affect your opinion of someone. In a study, unaware that the experiment had already begun, participants came across a lab assistant in a hallway. The lab assistant was carrying many documents and asked the participant to hold his coffee for a moment. Some participants held hot coffee while others held iced coffee.

Later, participants read about a fictional person and were asked to rate that person's character. Compared

with the hot coffee group, those who held the iced coffee rated the character as being colder and more selfish. Their reactions seemed to have been affected by the temperature of the coffee.

Scientists refer to what happened in the coffee study as “**priming**.” When your subconscious is “primed,” everyday sights, smells, sounds, and touches can stimulate the subconscious mind to affect your actions in all sorts of ways. So seeing a briefcase might make you more competitive, or seeing the word “support” might make you more cooperative.

In 2005, Dutch psychologists had undergraduate students sit in a room and fill out a form. In some cases, the room smelled of cleaning fluid. After finishing the form, all of the students were given a crumbly snack. Those who smelled the cleaning solution cleared away the crumbs three times more often than those who did not. That is a huge increase in cleanliness.

These studies don't imply that our conscious minds are powerless against our subconscious. However, they do prove that our conscious minds can be greatly influenced by our subconscious. So next time you have a craving for an unhealthy snack or feel like buying something expensive, take a look around. See if you can spot anything that might be secretly priming your subconscious mind!

63. What was the finding of the coffee study?

- (A) People who are cold and selfish prefer iced coffee.
- (B) Drinking coffee makes a person more agreeable.
- (C) Our judgment can be influenced by the sense of touch.
- (D) Physical appearances can cloud our judgment.

64. What is “priming”?

- (A) A technique to activate the power of the subconscious mind.
- (B) A mechanism that causes people to change their mind.
- (C) The decision-making process of the conscious mind.
- (D) A mental disorder that is triggered by stressful events.

65. According to the study conducted by Dutch psychologists, the smell of cleaning solutions makes a person _____.

- (A) messier (B) hungrier (C) angrier (D) tidier

66. What is the conclusion of the passage ?

- (A) The subconscious mind is easily manipulated.
- (B) The subconscious mind is extremely powerful.
- (C) The subconscious mind works in an obvious way.
- (D) The conscious mind has no control over the subconscious.

B.

Cheese has a magical way of elevating whatever food you are eating. Just think about how much better a juicy hamburger tastes with a thick slice of cheddar cheese melted on top. Or, if you're munching on chicken wings, try dipping them in a blue cheese dip for a potent, creamy kick. The only problem with adding cheese to your food is selecting the right one. So, here are a few extraordinary cheeses you can try to tantalize your taste buds.

In Italian cuisine, Mozzarella is the king of all cheeses. It is made from the milk of cows or water buffalos. In the production process, the cheese is heated in hot water so it stretches easily. Then, it is rolled up into little balls before it's sold. Mozzarella works well in almost any pasta or macaroni dish. You can also slice it thinly and serve it cold on top of sliced tomatoes with a drizzle of olive oil.

France is considered to be a cheese paradise by many foodies. Although the country is home to many unique cheeses, none are more popular than Camembert. Camembert, which is made from cow's milk, must be aged for three weeks before it is ready to eat. It has an unusual texture, as the outer layer is slightly hard and the inner part is rich and gooey. Like blue cheese, Camembert has a creamy taste; however, it also provides a hint of mushroom flavor. You can simply eat it raw or on top of a cracker. Some enjoy adding Camembert to a cranberry and turkey sandwich to change an ordinary lunch into one of your favorite meals.

Monterey Jack undoubtedly has the coolest name of any cheese in the world. It was first produced by

Scottish businessman David Jacks while he was living in Monterey, California. For many people, it is an acquired taste because of its tart and spicy flavor. Yet once you get used to eating it, it can be quite addictive. Monterey is quite versatile, so you can use it on pizzas, sandwiches, burgers and even nachos. It can also give a traditional egg omelet a nice twist if you melt a wedge of it in the frying pan.

When it comes to cheese, these suggestions are just the tip of the iceberg. There are hundreds of other scrumptious types that you can experiment with next time you visit the supermarket.

67. What is this article mostly about?
- (A) The origins of cheese and how humans discovered it.
 - (B) The way in which cheese is processed from milk.
 - (C) Different cheeses and what other foods they go with
 - (D) The health benefits that come from consuming cheese.
68. What do we learn about Mozzarella from the article?
- (A) It is a French cheese that is extremely popular.
 - (B) It comes from Italy and can be stretched easily.
 - (C) It was first produced by a Scotsman living in the US.
 - (D) Its outer layer is hard but the inner part is soft.
69. According to the article, Camembert _____.
- (A) is only made from water buffalo milk
 - (B) goes well with a turkey and cranberry sandwich
 - (C) has to be aged for three years before you can eat it
 - (D) has a tart and spicy flavor some people dislike

答案卷請務必繳回,答案卷須以黑色原子筆作答，不得使用鉛筆

班級:

姓名:

座號:

字彙，片語填充 12% (70-73 @1%, 74-75 @ 2%)

70. To (70-2) (70-3) drunk driving, policemen give random breath tests to drivers.
為了取締酒駕，警察給予駕駛者隨機呼氣測驗。
71. (71-1) T _____ to children and adults (71-2) _____, the candy was snapped up within hours
對小孩及成年人一樣具有誘惑，這糖果在數小時內被搶購一空。
72. Taiwan government takes more v _____ action to tackle African swine fever.
台灣政府採取更有力的行動來處理非洲豬瘟。
73. Movies with astonishing special (73-1) e _____ are more likely to become (73-2) b _____.
有驚特效的電影較有可能會成為賣座鉅片。
74. _____ I never seem to live up to my parents' expectation.
我多麼努力沒什麼不一樣。我似乎都無法達到我父母的期望。
75. _____, their room teacher decided to treat them to have pizzas.
非常滿意學生的成績，他們的導師決定請他們吃 pizza。

70-1.	70-2	70-3.	71-1.
71-2.	72	73-1.	73-2.
74.			
75.			

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 107學年第1學期 期末考二年級不限組別英文III [20190117200050101043] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體					556					高分組					150					低分組					全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未				
1	單選題	2	B	65	387	71	33	0	0	8	134	6	2	0	0	39	50	38	23	0	0	69.60%	0.613	0.560							
2	單選題	2	D	56	105	107	288	0	0	17	16	20	97	0	0	16	52	28	54	0	0	51.80%	0.503	0.287							
3	選分題	2	B	296	110	75	75	0	0	97	23	16	14	0	0	58	42	21	29	0	0	19.78%	0.217	-0.127							
4	單選題	2	D	87	83	45	340	0	1	13	9	6	122	0	0	35	37	19	58	0	1	61.15%	0.600	0.427							
5	單選題	2	D	52	48	81	373	0	2	7	5	6	131	0	1	23	31	39	56	0	1	67.09%	0.623	0.500							
6	單選題	2	B	29	438	8	81	0	0	8	133	2	7	0	0	15	87	6	42	0	0	78.78%	0.733	0.307							
7	單選題	2	C	62	108	364	21	0	1	11	29	109	1	0	0	28	26	79	16	0	1	65.47%	0.627	0.200							
8	單選題	2	B	12	458	41	45	0	0	3	135	10	2	0	0	6	95	22	27	0	0	82.37%	0.767	0.267							
9	單選題	2	A	125	44	380	7	0	0	39	11	97	3	0	0	33	15	99	3	0	0	22.48%	0.240	0.040							
10	單選題	2	D	63	127	44	322	0	0	8	21	10	111	0	0	24	49	17	60	0	0	57.91%	0.570	0.340							
11	單選題	2	A	518	25	9	4	0	0	146	4	0	0	0	0	128	12	6	4	0	0	93.17%	0.913	0.120							
12	單選題	2	D	107	99	21	330	0	0	18	18	1	113	0	0	45	36	12	57	0	0	59.17%	0.567	0.373							
13	複選題	1	D	159	123	48	226	0	0	30	17	6	97	0	0	36	55	28	31	0	0	40.65%	0.427	0.440							
14	複選題	1	B	69	393	31	63	0	0	20	113	4	13	0	0	19	89	18	24	0	0	70.68%	0.673	0.160							
15	複選題	1	A	313	74	91	77	0	1	119	10	6	15	0	0	51	31	38	29	0	1	56.29%	0.567	0.453							
16	複選題	1	C	134	31	297	94	0	0	14	4	114	18	0	0	60	15	43	32	0	0	53.42%	0.523	0.473							
17	複選題	1	B	32	139	102	283	0	0	6	52	19	73	0	0	16	33	36	65	0	0	25.00%	0.283	0.127							
18	複選題	1	B	29	394	89	43	0	1	10	112	18	10	0	0	14	91	32	12	0	1	70.86%	0.677	0.140							
19	複選題	1	C	36	138	375	7	0	0	5	22	119	4	0	0	23	55	70	2	0	0	67.45%	0.630	0.327							
20	複選題	1	D	40	75	61	380	0	0	4	11	8	127	0	0	21	40	29	60	0	0	68.35%	0.623	0.447							
21	複選題	1	A	333	104	77	42	0	0	112	13	15	10	0	0	51	50	35	14	0	0	59.89%	0.543	0.407							
22	複選題	1	B	33	363	121	39	0	0	5	116	24	5	0	0	14	81	39	16	0	0	65.29%	0.657	0.233							
23	複選題	1	C	51	19	472	14	0	0	7	3	137	3	0	0	20	12	109	9	0	0	84.89%	0.820	0.187							
24	複選題	1	A	311	199	24	21	0	1	103	42	2	2	0	1	67	52	17	14	0	0	55.94%	0.567	0.240							
25	複選題	1	C	42	14	474	26	0	0	3	4	139	4	0	0	24	6	105	15	0	0	85.25%	0.813	0.227							
26	複選題	1	A	397	101	17	41	0	0	129	11	4	6	0	0	81	37	10	22	0	0	71.40%	0.700	0.320							
27	複選題	1	D	19	30	23	484	0	0	1	3	4	142	0	0	13	16	11	110	0	0	87.05%	0.840	0.213							
28	複選題	1	C	27	31	488	63	0	2	2	5	143	6	0	0	16	17	109	39	0	2	82.19%	0.767	0.320							
29	複選題	1	AD	501	48	35	488	0	0	145	6	4	140	0	0	108	35	25	102	0	0	84.89%	0.763	0.313							
30	複選題	1	CD	31	52	448	477	0	2	6	5	132	140	0	1	15	27	101	104	0	1	71.04%	0.657	0.393							
31	複選題	1	B	93	454	77	24	0	1	17	131	18	3	0	0	50	94	36	17	0	1	80.40%	0.737	0.260							
32	複選題	1	A	447	67	56	58	0	2	131	10	8	11	0	0	103	29	24	26	0	2	77.88%	0.743	0.220							
33	複選題	1	AC	475	47	465	44	0	0	136	6	136	6	0	0	107	26	98	25	0	0	78.06%	0.703	0.353							
34	複選題	1	D	44	97	77	485	0	1	5	13	12	143	0	0	20	55	39	111	0	1	65.47%	0.583	0.460							
35	複選題	1	BC	28	517	450	70	0	1	2	148	134	10	0	0	19	121	95	34	0	1	77.88%	0.720	0.347							
36	複選題	1	BD	71	368	97	440	0	1	13	125	13	132	0	0	32	58	47	93	0	1	58.27%	0.523	0.513							
37	複選題	1	AB	502	521	20	40	0	1	143	146	0	6	0	0	117	125	17	22	0	1	88.49%	0.837	0.220							
38	複選題	1	D	84	29	79	406	0	1	12	7	9	130	0	0	43	21	48	64	0	1	71.94%	0.630	0.447							
39	複選題	1	A	489	29	48	35	0	1	143	1	9	4	0	0	110	26	25	18	0	1	80.40%	0.733	0.347							
40	複選題	1	AD	476	45	67	451	0	1	138	5	5	140	0	0	107	29	40	82	0	1	76.80%	0.687	0.373							
41	複選題	1	B	21	518	27	10	0	0	4	144	4	2	0	0	14	125	18	7	0	0	91.19%	0.863	0.153							
42	複選題	1	AB	486	479	60	23	0	0	139	135	12	2	0	0	106	102	35	18	0	0	80.76%	0.710	0.327							
43	複選題	1	BC	66	469	478	39	0	0	16	142	134	3	0	0	37	93	105	24	0	0	79.32%	0.700	0.360							
44	複選題	1	AC	366	53	453	61	0	0	119	6	138	8	0	0	74	29	90	38	0	0	57.01%	0.523	0.460							
45	複選題	1	CD	116	87	436	354	0	6	15	14	135	124	0	0	52	40	89	54	0	4	60.97%	0.553	0.520							
46	複選題	1	AD	522	15	23	523	0	1	145	4	3	147	0	0	128	8	15	123	0	1	90.11%	0.843	0.207							
47	複選題	1	D	67	87	98	410	0	0	15	10	12	127	0	0	32	44	44	81	0	0	69.42%	0.637	0.380							
48	複選題	1	BC	78	420	452	58	0	1	17	133	131	6	0	0	37	74	98	31	0	0	68.17%	0.593	0.453							
49	複選題	1	AC	425	86	403	78	0	2	133	9	126	10	0	0	82	50	75	34	0	2	61.51%	0.547	0.493							
50	複選題	1	AB	392	327	121	112	0	2	124	106	16	21	0	0	72	57	61	50	0	2	53.78%	0.470	0.460							
51	複選題	1	C	154	104	386	37	0	0	23	16	122	6	0	0	69	48	73	23	0	0	61.51%	0.543	0.487							
52	複選題	1	B	80	447	92	32	1	0	9	139	11	2	0	0	45	95	46	15	1	0	76.62%	0.733	0.360							
53	複選題	1	BD	25	517	25	511	0	0	3	145	5	143	0	0	16	122	16	121	0	0	89.39%	0.837	0.207							
54	複選題	1	AC	461	98	415	61	0	1	139	9	135	8	0	1	96	46	88	32	0	0	66.01%	0.623	0.513							
55	複選題	1	B	58	433	97	86	0	2	10	140	8	4	0	0	31	85	54	42	0	1	65.11%	0.593	0.533							
56	複選題	1	AD	473	35	42	491	0	0	138	3	3	147	0	0	101	24	24	107	0	0	79.50%	0.720	0.373							
57	複選題	1	A	430	27	108	40	0	1	124	3	21	9	0	1	87	17	51	20	0	0	71.40%	0.637	0.340							
58	複選題	1	BC	62	458	419	66	0	0	11	141	127	8	0	0	38	96	70	40	0	0	67.09%	0.577	0.527							
59	複選題	1	C	69	73	427	114	0	0	4	10	135	12	0	0	38	39	86	52	0	0	64.39%	0.593	0.533							
60	複選題	1	D	67	136	150	407	0	2	11	11	17	133	0	0	33	64	65	74	0	2	50.90%	0.497	0.580							
61	複選題	1	BD	68	433	62	421	0	0	9	134	9	134	0	0	35	93	34	77	0	0	59.17%	0.537	0.567							
62	複選題	1	AB	409	457	40	114	0	1	137	140	4	14	0	0	75	92	22	56	0	1	63.85%	0.583	0.540							
63	單選題	2	C	173	39	251	95	0	0	26	3	106	16	0	0	50	24	47	30	0	0	44.96%	0.507	0.387							
64	單選題	2	A	126	213	170	48	0	0	33	65	44	8	0	0	33	45	47	26	0	0	22.48%	0.217	0.007							
65	單選題	2	D	88	221	29	217	0	1	12	47	5	86	0	0	31	64	14	40	0	1	39.03%	0.420	0.307							
66	單選題	2	B.A	174	168	126	86																								