

一、文法 20% (每題 2 分)

1. Tracy _____ the violin when we visit her tomorrow morning.
(A) will practice (B) is practicing (C) would be practicing (D) will be practicing
2. Rene has _____ cleaned her room, but she washed her car.
(A) either (B) not only (C) such as (D) as well as
3. We need to have the job _____ as soon as possible.
(A) do (B) done (C) did (D) been done
4. _____ no need to go so early.
(A) It is (B) It has (C) There is (D) There has
5. If Tom _____ busy tomorrow, he won't visit us.
(A) will be (B) being (C) is (D) got
6. The harder you study, _____ you will have.
(A) and the better grades (B) good grades (C) and good grades (D) the better grades
7. An accident _____ the old man yesterday. Luckily, he did not get hurt.
(A) was happened to (B) was held to (C) happened to (D) held to
8. One of the boys _____ computer games very well.
(A) playing (B) are playing (C) plays (D) were playing
9. He answered those questions _____ faster than I did.
(A) even (B) ever (C) more (D) very
10. I met my best friend in Canada _____ people live a wonderful life.
(A), which (B), where (C) where (D) which

二、綜合測驗 30% (每題 1 分)

第 11 至 20 題為題組

The White Envelope Project is working to bring back the true spirit of Christmas, the spirit of giving and spreading love. And it all started __ 11 __ with, Mike, a husband who hated the commercial aspects of Christmas. When Mike's son was competing __ 12 __ an inner city school, Mike's heart broke seeing the __ 13 __ shoes of these teens.

Mike's wife remembered, "Mike, seated beside me, shook his head __ 14 __, "I wish just one of them could have won," he said. "They have a lot of potential, but __ 15 __ like this could take the heart right out of them." Mike loved kids — all kids — and he knew them, having coached little league football, baseball and lacrosse. That afternoon, I went to a local sporting goods store and bought an assortment of wrestling headgear and shoes and sent them __ 16 __ to the inner-city church. __ 17 __ Christmas Eve, I placed the envelope on the tree, the note inside telling Mike what I had done and that this was his gift from me. His smile was the brightest thing about Christmas that year and in succeeding years. We lost Mike last year due to dreaded cancer. When Christmas __ 18 __ around, I was still __ 19 __ wrapped in grief that I barely got the tree up. But Christmas Eve found me placing an envelope on the tree, and in the morning, it was joined by three more. Each of our children, unbeknownst to the others, had placed an envelope on the tree for their dad. The tradition has grown and someday will expand much further with our grandchildren standing to reach up __ 20 __ the envelope. Mike's spirit, like the Christmas spirit will always be with us."

11. (A) from (B) for (C) off (D) on
12. (A) between (B) among (C) within (D) against
13. (A) rugged (B) ragged (C) dragged (D) tugged
14. (A) similarly (B) sadly (C) obviously (D) equally
15. (A) to lose (B) lose (C) losing (D) be lost
16. (A) socially (B) anonymously (C) mentally (D) diligently
17. (A) At (B) In (C) With (D) On
18. (A) come (B) coming (C) comes (D) came
19. (A) such (B) so (C) too (D) not
20. (A) to (B) with (C) for (D) x

第 21 至 30 題為題組

Graffiti is a controversial social issue. People have different points of view regarding graffiti. First, what's the main difference between the techniques of graffiti artists and traditional painters? Graffiti artists paint on walls __ 21 __ on paper. And, how does graffiti do harm to communities? Many people believe that graffiti is associated __ 22 __ criminal activity. It creates an impression that the law is not enforced in the neighborhood. Then, why do people have different attitudes toward graffiti? Some people love the creativity of graffiti since it usually shows the makers' opinions, __ 23 __ other people think that it brings pollution and is illegal.

- Many graffiti works are just name __24__ and they make a city look __25__. __26__ creating graffiti requires painting techniques and __27__. The graffiti on the wall makes the city beautiful. This is because each graffiti is a form of art. It makes the city more colorful and lively. People __28__. Another positive point is __29__ many places become prettier with some nice artworks. Now, __30__ your turn to express yourself and share your thoughts about it.
21. (A) In an effort to (B) in contrast with (C) rather than (D) because of
 22. (A) within (B) to (C) on (D) with
 23. (A) as (B) while (C) so (D) when
 24. (A) tag (B) tagged (C) to tag (D) tagging
 25. (A) messing (B) mess (C) messy (D) messed
 26. (A) Thus (B) For example (C) As a result (D) However
 27. (A) hard works (B) hard working (C) hard work (D) work hard
 28. (A) call it of art (B) call it for art (C) call it be art (D) call it art
 29. (A) whether (B) how (C) whereas (D) that
 30. (A) that's (B) what's (C) it's (D) there's

第 31 至 35 題為題組

- Modern-day San Diego, California, is a city full of trees, parks, and plants. But __31__ the late 1800s, it was mainly dusty, empty land. San Diego's development into a green city is widely __32__ to the efforts of Kate Sessions. She had a(n) __33__ for growing plants and flowers. In 1885, she opened a flower shop. Seven years later, Sessions rented a small space in __34__ later became Balboa Park. Over the following decades, Sessions planted a hundred trees a year in the park. Sessions died in 1940. The city never forgot her and even put up a statue of her in 1998 to honor her __35__ the "Mother of Balboa Park."
31. (A) up to (B) rather than (C) ever since (D) according to
 32. (A) skipped (B) increased (C) credited (D) exchanged
 33. (A) passion (B) emergency (C) temperature (D) representative
 34. (A) that (B) what (C) such (D) which
 35. (A) to (B) for (C) as (D) with

第 36 至 40 題為題組

Located in East Africa, Tanzania is rich in wildlife, scenery, and culture. To see animals __36__, take a safari through Serengeti National Park. If you are lucky, you will see all of the "Big Five:" elephants, lions, leopards, buffalos, and rhinos. If you want a lot more adventure, __37__ climb Mount Kilimanjaro? It is Africa's highest mountain, and its highest

- point is at 5,895 meters above sea level. In Zanzibar, be sure to check out Stone Town, which is the __38__ heart of the city. It is also a UNESCO World Heritage Site. You can __39__ through the winding streets to see beautiful coral-stone buildings. You can also admire the wonderful carved wooden doors that make the area __40__ for photographers. (12 Unit 7)
36. (A) up close (B) in danger (C) at hand (D) off guard
 37. (A) how about (B) make sure to (C) why not (D) try not to
 38. (A) specific (B) regional (C) harmful (D) cultural
 39. (A) escape (B) wander (C) breathe (D) shower
 40. (A) a joy (B) joy (C) joyful (D) be a joy

三、文意選填 20% (每題 1 分) (請忽略大小寫)

第 41 至 45 題為題組

- (A) interviews (B) publicity (C) annually (D) exposure (E) industry

Many people in the entertainment __41__ try to help the poor or people in need by giving some of their time, money or talent. They often appear on TV to discuss their concerns during __42__. They bring in millions of dollars __43__ for various organizations worldwide. Some may think they do it to get __44__ for themselves. Most people, however, agree that the __45__ it gives the organizations has been very valuable.

第 46 至 50 題為題組

- (A) religion (B) woven (C) expect (D) unusual (E) characters

Do you like romantic stories? The Phantom of the Opera, a famous musical, is a(n) __46__ story about a strange man and his love for an opera singer. Andrew Lloyd Weber mix together beautiful melodies and larger-than-life __47__. Even when the shows are about __48__ or nineteenth-century poems, they are never boring. Another example, Titanic, is one of the most popular movies ever made. You can get everything you would __49__ from a movie, such as romance, action, and beauty. The story of the failure of the Titanic to reach America is well known from history, and many details, such as musicians playing melodies until the end, are __50__ into the love story between the poor boy Jack and the rich girl Rose. Both love stories are truly unforgettable.

第 51 至 55 題為題組

- (A) adventures (B) charmed (C) critics (D) inspired (E) outstanding

Mark Twain was one of the greatest writers in America. Many __51__ say he was the first

writer to capture the voice of America. He 52 all American authors who followed him to stop imitating European styles and find their own way of telling stories. Twain himself was a(n) 53 storyteller, working first as a journalist and later traveling the world giving speeches. He had a gift for humor that 54 readers. One of his greatest characters was Tom Sawyer, the star of Twain's first novel. It was the story of a young boy growing up and having 55 on the Mississippi River. His stories remain as popular as they were when they were written.

第 56 至 60 題為題組

(A) threads (B) amazed (C) consumes (D) swallow (E) even if

Stevie Starr has a different job from others. For one performance, he first 56 needles that have a small hole at the top as well as some very thin string. He 57 the string through the holes when all the items are in his stomach. He can also 58 coins with different numbers and bring them back up in the correct order. Many people wonder how Stevie got these skills 59 they are real. When they see him with their own eyes, however, they know there's no one quite like Stevie Starr. For years he has 60 audiences around the world with his unique skills.

四、閱讀測驗 30% (每題 2 分)

第 61 至 64 題為題組

A rare type of lemur lives on the island of Madagascar, off the southeast coast of Africa. It's known to locals as an aye-aye. These animals have a pointed face, round eyes, and very large ears, which are typical of lemurs. However, aye-ayes also have a special third finger that is thinner than the others. Aye-ayes tap on tree trunks with their third finger. Then they shape their ears into cups to better hear the echo of their tapping sounds. By listening to the echoes, the aye-aye can form a mental picture of the spaces inside the tree where grubs might live. Grubs form aye-ayes' primary food source. Once an aye-aye hears a grub moving inside a tree, it uses its long front teeth to chew a hole through the tree trunk. Then, it puts its longest finger inside the hole and digs the grub out.

61. What do lemurs have in common, according to the passage?

- (A) A special third finger. (B) Large ears.

- (C) They all live on Madagascar. (D) They're all called aye-aye.

62. What do aye-ayes use their third finger for?

- (A) To collect grubs. (B) To climb trees. (C) To dig holes. (D) To tap trees.

63. Why do aye-ayes shape their ears into cups?

- (A) To figure out the sounds of animals in the distance.
(B) To keep rain from getting inside their ears.
(C) To determine the exact location of their partners.
(D) To listen to echoes inside a tree.

64. What do we learn about aye-ayes from this passage?

- (A) How they get their name as aye-ayes.
(B) Why they became threatened in recent years.
(C) How they use their special third finger.
(D) What they feed on other than grubs.

第 65 至 68 題為題組

Extreme heat events are becoming more frequent, and they can produce surprising effects. Under extreme heat conditions, airplanes might not be able to lift off properly. That's because the air becomes less dense when it turns hot. Since airplane wings aren't designed to operate in air that's below a certain density, when extreme heat lowers the air's density too much, flying becomes dangerous. Extreme heat also makes the oceans cloudier. By causing more rain to fall, extreme heat can create faster-moving rivers, which carry more dirt with them into the oceans. As the oceans get darker, animals that use their sight for hunting have a harder time finding food. These are only two of the effects of extreme heat. They may seem unrelated to each other, but they both show the dangers of climate change.

65. What is the purpose of this passage?

- (A) To explain what exactly causes extreme heat.
(B) To reveal unexpected effects of extreme heat.
(C) To suggest ways to stay safe in extreme heat.
(D) To offer solutions for the problem of extreme heat.

66. Why can't airplanes lift off properly under extreme heat conditions?

- (A) Extreme heat raises air density, which affects the function of airplane wings.
(B) Extreme heat makes it difficult for airplane pilots to see clearly.
(C) Airplane engines can't function well in air that is too low in density.
(D) Airplane wings can't operate in air that is too low in density.

67. Which of the following is NOT a result of extreme heat?

- (A) Faster-moving rivers. (B) Darker oceans.
(C) Cloudier weather. (D) More rain.

68. Which animals have a harder time feeding themselves as a result of extreme heat?

- (A) Fish that use sound to locate food.
- (B) Animals that have a strong sense of smell.
- (C) Sea creatures that rely on their vision to hunt.
- (D) All animals that use their eyes to look for food.

第69至72題為題組

New Year's resolutions are easier to make than to keep, especially for those with weak willpower. That's why it is important to use specific strategies to help make your resolutions stick. To begin with, trying to achieve too many things at once is a recipe for failure. Therefore, make your resolution easier to keep by focusing your energy on just one behavior at a time. Once you have chosen a behavior that you would like to change, set a goal that is both realistic and specific. For example, instead of swearing off dessert completely, consider allowing yourself only one dessert a week. What truly matters isn't the extent of the success you have, but the awareness that you're in control of your actions. Once you realize that, it becomes much easier to break bad habits and live a healthier and happier life.

69. Who has trouble keeping New Year's resolutions?

- (A) People who have made just one resolution.
- (B) People without a lot of self-control.
- (C) Those who have strong willpower.
- (D) Those who have a bad memory.

70. How can we make our resolutions stick?

- (A) By having an exact plan of action.
- (B) By talking to experts before making ones.
- (C) By telling our goals to our friends and family.
- (D) By writing down notes and sticking them to the wall.

71. Which of the following can help us break bad habits?

- (A) Imagining ourselves living happy and healthy lives.
- (B) Realizing that we can't always get what we want.
- (C) Knowing that we're in control of our own actions.
- (D) Understanding that success is the most important thing.

72. What is the goal of the writer in this passage?

- (A) To uncover hidden truths.
- (B) To inform readers of a finding.
- (C) To describe an unusual experience.

(D) To offer self-improvement advice.

第73至75題為題組

The convenience store is one of the most successful modern inventions. Compared to grocery stores or supermarkets, convenience stores make their products more instantly available in people's daily lives, so people can get what they need simply on the way to work, for example. Convenience stores are of greater importance in countries where people lead a more fast-paced lifestyle. In countries with different lifestyles, they also display unique differences.

It's amazing that Taiwan has the most convenience stores for its population: 9,100 stores for 23 million people. Japan also has a significant number of convenience stores in its most densely populated areas. To meet people's needs, convenience stores there provide all kinds of goods and a variety of services to save people's time. In the store, people are able to do banking, pay utility (公用事業) and credit card bills, buy concert tickets, and so on. Some stores also offer delivery and postal services. In other words, people no longer need to walk around to do these chores.

In Singapore, convenience stores also gain popularity since people's need for quick and easy access to food and daily services has increased. Unique among other countries, though, convenience stores there offer larger numbers of imported goods, which are not widely available in other stores.

The prosperity of convenience stores may suggest that the idea of one-stop shopping is becoming more and more popular with people, who are pushed by their busy lives to pursue extreme efficiency. Probably in the future, people will be able to buy anything from convenience stores, even including cars and houses!

73. According to the passage, in what way are convenience stores in Singapore unique?

- (A) They are generally larger in size.
- (B) They are some of the earliest in the world.
- (C) They always swarm with tourists.
- (D) They sell different products from others.

74. According to the passage, what is characteristic of convenience-store goods?

- (A) Readily available and of great variety.
- (B) Lower-priced compared to others.
- (C) Always with delicate wrappings.
- (D) Unique and with great originality.

75. What is the passage mainly about?

- (A) The growing need to replace shopping malls with convenience stores.
- (B) The prosperity of convenience stores and some successful examples.
- (C) The global trend toward one-stop shopping.
- (D) The global pursuit of the utmost efficiency.

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 108學年第1學期 期末考一年級不限組別英語文[20200115100050C00021] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體					504					高分組					136					低分組					136					全體答 對率	難易 指數	鑑別 指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未									
1	單選題	2	D	215	22	31	236	0	0	43	4	8	81	0	0	55	14	15	52	0	0	46.83%	0.489	0.213												
2	單選題	2	B	23	450	23	8	0	0	4	129	3	0	0	0	12	101	18	5	0	0	89.29%	0.846	0.206												
3	單選題	2	B	73	292	23	116	0	0	12	108	4	12	0	0	37	44	14	41	0	0	57.94%	0.559	0.471												
4	單選題	2	C	100	20	372	12	0	0	11	2	121	2	0	0	49	13	66	8	0	0	73.81%	0.688	0.404												
5	單選題	2	C	105	68	308	23	0	0	14	8	112	2	0	0	55	26	45	10	0	0	61.11%	0.577	0.493												
6	單選題	2	D	57	7	13	427	0	0	6	0	2	128	0	0	40	6	9	81	0	0	84.72%	0.768	0.346												
7	單選題	2	C	266	48	180	10	0	0	52	10	73	1	0	0	78	29	23	6	0	0	35.71%	0.353	0.368												
8	單選題	2	C	75	45	374	10	0	0	12	9	114	1	0	0	31	26	70	9	0	0	74.21%	0.676	0.324												
9	單選題	2	A	267	35	176	26	0	0	100	5	27	4	0	0	35	14	74	13	0	0	52.98%	0.496	0.478												
10	單選題	2	B	59	277	142	26	0	0	5	98	31	2	0	0	30	51	38	17	0	0	54.96%	0.548	0.346												
11	單選題	1	C	66	26	385	27	0	0	7	2	123	4	0	0	30	20	73	13	0	0	76.39%	0.721	0.368												
12	單選題	1	D	13	43	92	356	0	0	2	0	9	125	0	0	8	27	47	54	0	0	70.63%	0.658	0.522												
13	單選題	1	B	127	279	81	17	0	0	25	99	9	3	0	0	41	52	31	12	0	0	55.36%	0.555	0.346												
14	單選題	1	B	53	333	84	34	0	0	9	111	8	8	0	0	28	49	46	13	0	0	66.07%	0.588	0.456												
15	單選題	1	C	28	92	345	39	0	0	6	14	109	7	0	0	11	39	63	23	0	0	68.45%	0.632	0.338												
16	單選題	1	B	56	244	103	100	0	1	8	98	11	19	0	0	29	30	46	31	0	0	48.41%	0.471	0.500												
17	單選題	1	D	70	51	8	375	0	0	16	6	0	114	0	0	22	26	7	81	0	0	74.40%	0.717	0.243												
18	單選題	1	D	53	50	131	269	0	1	6	4	30	95	0	1	28	26	49	33	0	0	53.37%	0.471	0.456												
19	單選題	1	B	96	305	40	63	0	0	13	105	5	13	0	0	46	49	15	26	0	0	60.52%	0.566	0.412												
20	單選題	1	C	77	158	155	114	0	0	22	26	70	18	0	0	24	45	27	40	0	0	30.75%	0.357	0.316												
21	單選題	1	C	29	61	407	6	0	1	2	8	125	1	0	0	23	31	77	5	0	0	80.75%	0.743	0.353												
22	單選題	1	D	55	120	22	308	0	0	11	19	4	102	0	0	28	42	12	55	0	0	60.91%	0.574	0.353												
23	單選題	1	B	46	395	36	27	0	0	6	122	6	2	0	0	23	73	22	18	0	0	78.37%	0.717	0.360												
24	單選題	1	D	85	174	54	189	0	2	14	59	4	59	0	0	34	32	32	36	0	2	37.50%	0.349	0.169												
25	單選題	1	C	23	61	400	20	0	0	2	11	120	3	0	0	16	19	89	12	0	0	79.37%	0.768	0.228												
26	單選題	1	D	108	76	42	278	0	0	21	15	3	97	0	0	37	38	22	39	0	0	55.16%	0.500	0.426												
27	單選題	1	C	131	229	92	52	0	0	42	46	38	10	0	0	28	70	20	18	0	0	18.25%	0.213	0.132												
28	單選題	1	D	99	114	30	261	0	0	12	25	5	94	0	0	31	41	17	47	0	0	51.79%	0.518	0.346												
29	單選題	1	D	30	56	66	352	0	0	3	8	10	115	0	0	16	26	42	52	0	0	69.84%	0.614	0.463												
30	單選題	1	C	37	32	409	26	0	0	4	6	124	2	0	0	22	18	80	16	0	0	81.15%	0.750	0.324												
31	單選題	1	A	199	27	223	53	0	2	76	5	43	12	0	0	27	12	81	16	0	0	39.48%	0.379	0.360												
32	單選題	1	C	30	84	273	117	0	0	5	11	105	15	0	0	22	30	35	49	0	0	54.17%	0.515	0.515												
33	單選題	1	A	359	68	26	52	0	0	122	4	1	9	0	0	44	41	21	30	0	0	71.03%	0.610	0.574												
34	單選題	1	B	90	84	33	297	0	0	13	38	3	82	0	0	42	23	22	49	0	0	16.67%	0.224	0.110												
35	單選題	1	C	49	123	266	64	0	2	9	24	96	6	0	1	22	46	36	32	0	0	52.78%	0.485	0.441												
36	單選題	1	A	334	70	41	59	0	0	108	8	8	12	0	0	44	43	21	28	0	0	66.27%	0.559	0.471												
37	單選題	1	C	181	26	283	14	0	0	27	3	104	2	0	0	53	20	55	8	0	0	56.15%	0.585	0.360												
38	單選題	1	D	67	116	36	285	0	0	13	24	3	96	0	0	25	30	29	52	0	0	56.55%	0.544	0.324												
39	單選題	1	B	61	346	62	35	0	0	6	121	5	4	0	0	35	49	32	20	0	0	68.65%	0.625	0.529												
40	單選題	1	A	52	167	191	94	0	0	22	37	58	19	0	0	14	49	42	31	0	0	10.32%	0.132	0.059												
41	單選題	1	E	46	95	66	33	264	0	5	13	9	4	105	0	35	32	25	20	24	0	52.38%	0.474	0.596												
42	單選題	1	A	330	74	49	23	28	0	110	11	6	4	5	0	48	32	27	11	18	0	65.48%	0.581	0.456												
43	單選題	1	C	38	45	287	80	54	0	6	7	106	9	8	0	22	15	36	38	25	0	56.94%	0.522	0.515												
44	單選題	1	B	68	147	30	223	36	0	10	56	1	64	5	0	31	26	20	41	18	0	29.17%	0.301	0.221												
45	單選題	1	D	58	131	66	148	101	0	10	50	13	54	9	0	28	20	22	30	36	0	29.37%	0.309	0.176												
46	單選題	1	D	84	29	30	330	31	0	19	2	2	111	2	0	35	19	20	51	11	0	65.48%	0.596	0.441												
47	單選題	1	E	61	97	50	49	246	1	4	18	3	6	105	0	28	33	27	22	26	0	48.81%	0.482	0.581												
48	單選題	1	A	299	59	27	25	92	2	111	6	2	4	13	0	40	32	13	15	35	1	59.33%	0.555	0.522												
49	單選題	1	C	43	63	321	43	31	3	2	7	118	7	2	0	23	28	33	27	24	1	63.69%	0.555	0.625												
50	單選題	1	B	38	260	67	53	84	2	3	101	10	9	13	0	26	31	37	17	24	1	51.59%	0.485	0.515												
51	單選題	1	C	42	22	408	18	14	0	4	2	126	2	2	0	25	18	69	15	9	0	80.95%	0.717	0.419												
52	單選題	1	D	33	109	17	326	19	0	2	16	2																								

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 108學年第1學期 期末考一年級不限組別英語文[20200115100050C00021] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體			504			高分組			136			低分組			136			全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數		
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未					
71	單選題	2	C	43	69	352	39	0	1	5	9	118	4	0	0	27	37	47	24	0	1	69.84%	0.607	0.522		
72	單選題	2	D	32	79	82	310	0	2	6	12	10	108	0	0	16	34	43	43	0	1	61.31%	0.551	0.485		
73	單選題	2	D	162	55	50	236	0	1	46	8	8	74	0	0	30	30	27	48	0	1	46.83%	0.449	0.191		
74	單選題	2	A	289	51	52	109	0	3	110	1	6	19	0	0	42	33	35	25	0	1	57.34%	0.559	0.500		
75	單選題	2	B	56	283	95	68	0	2	8	83	33	11	0	1	24	57	25	29	0	1	56.15%	0.515	0.191		
										選填題或五選項以上各題以 1(或A) 表示作答正確, 2(或B) 表示作答錯誤																