

適用班級：201-214

命題範圍：Lung Teng Book III Lesson 1 ~ Review 1, Studio Classroom September 2020

注意事項：1. 答案卡請用 2B 鉛筆劃記清楚，若因個人因素而導致無法讀卡者，扣總分 5 分。

2. 請用藍或黑筆在答案卷上作答。用鉛筆者，一律不計分。

試卷張數：試題卷三張六頁，答案卷一張，答案卡一張。

作答方式：請將選擇題答案(1~62)劃記在答案卡上，素養和連貫式翻譯題(VI~VII)請寫在答案卷上。

**I. Vocabulary and Phrases 文意字彙和片語： 15% @1%**

1. A typical \_\_\_\_\_ of a FORTUNE 500 company will have two to three gut-wrenching decisions a week to make.  
(A) CEO (B) GPS (C) VIP (D) WTO
2. If we can compromise with each other and turn our backs to violence despite 100 years of sound and \_\_\_\_\_, is peace not possible between all deadly enemies in the world?  
(A) fury (B) hug (C) route (D) theft
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the best medicine, because it is contagious and can contribute to a sense of well-being.  
(A) laugh (B) slighter (C) laughter (D) slaughter
4. Millions of people lack health insurance and therefore are not getting regular screening or \_\_\_\_\_ treatment.  
(A) electronic (B) innovative (C) miserable (D) prompt
5. The focus of career counseling is generally on issues such as career \_\_\_\_\_, career change, personal career development and other career related issues.  
(A) collaboration (B) distribution (C) exploration (D) punctuation
6. Tensions have been high since China \_\_\_\_\_ with India in a disputed border area in June 2020.  
(A) banished (B) conflicted (C) punished (D) stretched
7. The newspaper story \_\_\_\_\_ widespread corruption in the government.  
(A) defeated (B) exposed (C) nominated (D) memorized
8. The blood types of the donor and the \_\_\_\_\_ must be matched to ensure a safe transfusion.  
(A) receipt (B) recipe (C) recipient (D) reception
9. Not knowing why his fiancée was furious, Eddie could only \_\_\_\_\_ as to the reason.  
(A) encounter (B) implement (C) reproduce (D) speculate
10. As people get older, they find it harder to \_\_\_\_\_ information and they may forget things easily.  
(A) detain (B) maintain (C) retain (D) sustain
11. The homeless man may seem \_\_\_\_\_ to you, but he has a story too.  
(A) pathetic (B) productive (C) invaluable (D) idiomatic
12. Though the rioters \_\_\_\_\_ the police by running into the alleys, they were caught on video and tracked down later.  
(A) eluded (B) introduced (C) produced (D) seduced
13. Thousands of small businesses are \_\_\_\_\_ COVID-19 in 2020.  
(A) feeding on (B) falling victim to (C) getting stuck in (D) running out of
14. A few kind words at the right time \_\_\_\_\_ if you are upset.  
(A) make up for you (B) pass on to you (C) set the stage for you (D) make a difference to you
15. I didn't know how to use the camera at first, so I had to learn through \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) bread and butter (B) give and take (C) pros and cons (D) trial and error

**II. Cloze 克漏字： 20% @1%**

(I) Dear Ronald McDonald,

We would like to express our gratitude for your act of kindness. 16 your sincere embrace, Billy would have left the world regretfully. Sadly, we had to tell you that Billy 17 two days ago. We still had a vivid memory of his satisfied smile on Ronald's Day. Although we knew unscheduled visits were 18 the rules, we were still happy that Billy plucked up his courage to call out to you then. In this way, his last thing on the bucket list could be checked. He kept saying to us, "I don't mind if I can receive any gift from Santa Claus, because Ronald's hug is 19 in my life." You really help him live his short life to the full in spite of being 20 to a hospital bed! We know he will hold a special place in our heart forever.

Best regards,  
Billy's parents

- |                     |               |                    |               |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 16. (A) Ahead       | (B) Behind    | (C) With           | (D) Without   |
| 17. (A) passed away | (B) passed by | (C) passed forward | (D) passed on |
| 18. (A) against     | (B) as        | (C) by             | (D) for       |
| 19. (A) lifeless    | (B) priceless | (C) valueless      | (D) worthless |
| 20. (A) confided    | (B) confiding | (C) confined       | (D) confining |

(II) Beethoven is one of the most recognizable composers in the world. His pieces are played more often than 21 of any other composer. And his music has influenced the world on many different levels. For example, his Ninth Symphony had a direct bearing on the format for the new CD technology in the 20th century. A standard CD was set to hold 74 minutes of audio because that was the length of the longest recording of Beethoven's Symphony No. 9. This decision 22 listeners to enjoy the entire work without interruption. Even the anthem of the European Union is based on Symphony No. 9. Another musical 23, Beethoven's Symphony No. 6, which expresses a love of nature, has become the music for environmental protection.

This year marks Beethoven's 250th birthday. Celebrations actually 24 on December 16 last year, and they will continue until December 17, 2020. Pay a visit to Bonn, Dresden, Prague or Vienna, where numerous concerts 25 to pay tribute to him. Be part of the celebrations to honor this amazing composer.

- |                       |                    |                         |                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 21. (A) that          | (B) those          | (C) some                | (D) others             |
| 22. (A) allowed       | (B) forced         | (C) made                | (D) permitted          |
| 23. (A) masterpiece   | (B) outcome        | (C) principle           | (D) privilege          |
| 24. (A) drilled down  | (B) filled up      | (C) kicked off          | (D) pressed ahead      |
| 25. (A) are organized | (B) were organized | (C) have been organized | (D) had been organized |

(III) Many items we use every day such as Kleenex and zippers were once brand names. These names were trademarked, but now they 26 any brand in a product category. For instance, we often say "PowerPoint" 27 "slides."

Here are two toy brand names that have become general words. In 1958, the Hula Hoop, a hip-swiveling toy became a huge fad across America when it was first introduced by an American toy company, Wham-O. 28 other companies sold the same toy using different names, Wham-O's was the most successful. Nowadays, people still call this kind of toy a Hula-Hoop.

29 toy Wham-O presented was the Frisbee. Looking like an empty pie tin, it reminded some people of the Frisbee Pie Company. College students liked to throw the pie tins at each other. Wham-O noticed the craze and released a toy named the Frisbee. It 30 the invention of the sports: Ultimate Frisbee and Frisbee golf. They are still very popular today.

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|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 26. (A) bring about    | (B) get used to     | (C) refer to      | (D) take notice of |
| 27. (A) as a result of | (B) for the sake of | (C) in spite of   | (D) instead of     |
| 28. (A) Although       | (B) Because         | (C) If            | (D) Since          |
| 29. (A) Another        | (B) Other           | (C) Some          | (D) Still another  |
| 30. (A) arose from     | (B) led to          | (C) resulted from | (D) settled on     |

(IV) Vietnam is 31 a popular tourist destination. Having suffered through a long and destructive civil war, the country is still struggling with slow industrial growth, poor planning of infrastructure and a serious loss of forests. These problems do not help Vietnam's tourist industry. However, Ha Long Bay, in the northeastern part of Vietnam, draws millions of visitors every year.

32 a World Heritage site in 1994, Ha Long Bay is made up of 1,600 islands and islets, forming a spectacular seascape. Many of these islands are either too small or too steep 33. Thus, the fish-farming families of Ha Long Bay have to live on boats and rafts. As tourism has grown, residents there have begun to rent out rooms, conduct tours and serve seafood meals. The government, at the same time, has been moving some of the floating villages to new locations on shore, with only a few remaining as tourist attractions. Tourism has always been a 34. It brings money to the local people but, at the same time, puts a strain on their environment. This is especially true with Ha Long Bay. Its stunning beauty makes the place well 35 seeing. Yet, ironically, it is also the same reason why maybe we should all stay away from it, to help preserve the extraordinary, magical place the way it is.

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|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 31. (A) at most     | (B) far from       | (C) no longer | (D) nothing but |
| 32. (A) Name        | (B) Named          | (C) Naming    | (D) To name     |
| 33. (A) to inhabit  | (B) to live        | (C) to reside | (D) to stay     |
| 34. (A) melting pot | (B) freezing point | (C) mixed bag | (D) wet blanket |
| 35. (A) worth       | (B) worthy         | (C) worthless | (D) worthwhile  |

### III. Passage Completion 文意選填: 10% @1%

(AB) concerning	(AC) humankind	(AD) renowned for	(AE) sacrifice	(BC) though
(BD) meaning	(BE) civilization	(CD) chained to	(CE) punishment	(DE) plague

In Greek mythology, Prometheus, 36 "forethought", is a Titan god of fire. Prometheus is a culture hero and trickster figure who is credited with the creation of 37 from clay, and who defies the gods by stealing fire and giving it away as a gift. Prometheus is 38 his intelligence and for being a champion of humanity, and is also seen as the author of the human arts and sciences generally.

The Greek poet Hesiod related two principal legends 39 Prometheus. The first is that Zeus, the chief god, had been tricked into accepting the bones and fat of 40 instead of the meat, so Zeus hid fire from mortals. Prometheus, however, stole it and returned it to Earth once again. As the price of fire, and as 41 for humankind in general, Zeus created the woman Pandora and sent her down to Epimetheus, who married her 42 warned by Prometheus. Pandora took the great lid off the jar she carried, and evils, hard work, and disease flew out to 43 humans. Hope alone remained within.

Hesiod relates in his other tale that, as vengeance on Prometheus, Zeus had him 44 a mountain in the Caucasus and sent an eagle to eat his immortal liver, which constantly replenished itself. Prometheus was depicted in *Prometheus Bound* by Aeschylus, who made him not only the bringer of fire and 45 to mortals but also their preserver, giving them all the arts and sciences as well as the means of survival.

(<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Prometheus> & <https://www.britannica.com/topic/Prometheus-Greek-god>)

### IV. Discourse Structure 篇章結構: 5% @1%

Choose the fittest topic sentence for each paragraph. 請為各段選出最適合的主題句。

- (A) When it comes to the Marshmallow Challenge, it is not complete without mentioning the creator.  
 (B) Over the years the challenge has produced some surprising results.  
 (C) Have you ever wondered what the Marshmallow Challenge is?  
 (D) The high ranking of the kindergarten group is certainly impressive.  
 (E) Back in 2010, he gave a TED talk to introduce how this innovative team-building exercise works.

46 In this challenge, all you have to do is build a free-standing structure with four kinds of materials, including a yard of string and tape, one marshmallow, and twenty sticks of dry spaghetti. Make sure that the marshmallow is at the top of the structure and that the measurement should be made before it collapses. If you think this is an easy task, you are completely wrong. It requires cooperation under pressure, especially within the time limit: 18 minutes.

47 Tom Wujec is a famous Canadian writer and speaker. He also hosts design workshops for architects and other professionals. In fact, he has held over seventy of these events worldwide. In these workshops, Wujec often gets participants working together with an activity known as the Marshmallow Challenge.

48 He also mentioned how people of different ages and backgrounds generally perform. In addition, he spoke about the different kinds of negative behavior that people should avoid when collaborating with others. Finally, he shared some key findings and explained how teams can operate more efficiently.

49 Overall, the average height of the structures was 20 inches. Each group ranked as the following, from the best to the worst: architects and engineers, kindergarteners, CEOs, lawyers, and business graduates. Amazingly, kindergarteners outperformed most of the adult teams to achieve the second highest performance.

50 Most of the time, kindergarteners can come up with unique ideas and make their structures taller than those of adult teams. One reason for this is that kids usually get to work with what has been given to them right away. Secondly, unlike adults, kindergarteners are quicker to change their methods after failed approaches. Still another reason for their success is that children tend to collaborate freely and naturally. The Marshmallow Challenge teaches us that age and experience are not the only routes to success.

### V. Reading 閱讀測驗: 24% @2%

(I) Nowadays, there is a lot of discussion surrounding 3-D printing. Much of the focus is on how 3-D printers can be used in medical and industrial fields. However, there are also many other fascinating applications. Here are a few ways in which 3-D printing is changing the world, one field at a time.

First, many artists are now using 3-D printers to produce customized jewelry. For example, you could ask an artist to make you a pair of earrings in just about any shape you want. There are also 3-D printed dolls for kids available, and some chocolate makers

have even taken to printing chocolates in all kinds of shapes by using 3-D printers. This means that designers no longer have to depend on molds and are limited only by their own imaginations.

Speaking of art, the most common type of photograph today has to be the selfie. 3-D printing has taken selfies to the next level by introducing 3-D selfies. In the Netherlands, at a theme park called Madurodam, there is a special photo booth called the "Fantasitron." Inside this booth, a 2-D photograph of one or two people can be taken; this photo can then be transformed into a 3-D model.

On a more serious note, 3-D printing is also being used to help the environment. In Bahrain, for example, 3-D printers are being used to print structures that are similar to coral reef. These structures can be placed in the ocean to encourage new coral to grow in places where it has died out.

51. What is the purpose of this passage?

- (A) To encourage people to use 3-D printing.
- (B) To explain what fields 3-D printing has been applied to.
- (C) To teach people how to use 3-D printing.
- (D) To warn people against the use of 3-D printing.

52. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- (A) 3-D printing can produce only a limited range of products.
- (B) 3-D printed dolls and chocolates are not popular with consumers.
- (C) 3-D printing enables customers to obtain the products they desire.
- (D) 3-D printing may cause modern artists to lose their imagination.

53. Which of the following is **NOT** true about "Fantasitron"?

- (A) It allows one or two people to take a 2-D photo.
- (B) It is known for being able to produce 3-D selfies.
- (C) It is a photo booth inside the Madurodam theme park.
- (D) It transforms a photo of the theme park into a 3-D model.

54. What does the author imply in this passage?

- (A) Artists should not rely on 3-D printing too much.
- (B) 2-D selfies will one day be replaced by 3-D selfies.
- (C) 3-D printing should be used only in medical and industrial field.
- (D) 3-D printing is likely to help increase the amount of real coral in the ocean.

55. Which of the following words best describes the author's attitude toward the future of 3-D printing?

- (A) Hopeful.
- (B) Negative.
- (C) Uncertain.
- (D) Amused.

(II) It's easy to take online translators for granted. Not that long ago, there was no such thing as instant translation. People used phrasebooks or pocket-sized dictionaries to help them with foreign languages while travelling. Today, translation apps make foreign travel much easier. They are valuable when it comes to communicating with taxi drivers or hotel staff who don't speak your language. But these apps are not perfect at all. Sometimes a translation makes no sense, and you can only try to guess at its general meaning. Other times, you only find out the translation was no good when you try it on a native speaker and they have no idea what you mean.

Translators use machine learning to compare millions of examples of human-translated texts. That information helps the program produce more natural sounding translations based on real-world examples. People can flag incorrect or unhelpful translations and suggest better ones. This user feedback is then used to make future translations better.

With programs like Google Translate, you are unlikely to get good translations for single words because most words have multiple meanings. It's better to try short sentences that provide some context. But make the sentence simple and clear-cut. Anything too complicated or idiomatic will likely produce unusual results. For example, "I am very hungry" will get better results than "I am dying of hunger."

Online translators are far from perfect. But if you understand how they work, they are very useful. They can make all the difference when trying to navigate or understand the world around you.

56. What is true about online translators?

- (A) They are helpful but you still have to do some thinking.
- (B) They are incredibly intelligent and accurate now.
- (C) They are only able to translate single words and not entire sentences.
- (D) They are great for people who are almost fluent.

57. How did people communicate in a foreign language before there was the Internet?

- (A) They had to hire a native speaker.
- (B) They had to join tour groups.
- (C) They had to take many classes.
- (D) They had to use specialized books.

58. What does the author imply about certain translation programs?

- (A) They are not very portable for traveling.
- (B) They are suitable for beginners learning the language.
- (C) They likely won't last very long.
- (D) They likely won't be able to understand idioms.

(III) When people ask what you do for work, they often expect just one answer. Nevertheless, more and more people have more than one job. These people have slash careers.

The phrase “slash career” became popular because of a book by Marci Alboher. She saw slash careers as a great chance for people to develop themselves. They let people pursue more than one interest. For example, a lawyer who likes photography could become a lawyer/photographer.

Slash careers also help people have more than one way of making money. That way, if they lose one job, they can continue the other one. Having a slash career can even help people find jobs, since it shows they are willing to work hard.

On the other hand, having a slash career takes a lot of time and work. This can make it hard for people with slash careers to make time for themselves and their families.

If you want a slash career, Alboher suggests getting good at one job at a time. Learning a new skill takes a lot of time. Therefore, it’s hard to learn two or more skills at once. Once you are doing well in one career, you can add another. When you are doing well in that career, if you want, you can add a third or a fourth.

59. What is one benefit about having a slash career?

- (A) It gives you more vacation time.
- (B) It helps you develop your skills.
- (C) It makes employers like you more.
- (D) It provides a backup plan.

60. What does the author imply about having a slash career?

- (A) You might not have time for other priorities.
- (B) You will find it more difficult to get a job.
- (C) You might learn less than you want to.
- (D) You could end up discovering what your real talents are.

61. What does Alboher suggest regarding slash careers?

- (A) Don’t let other people stop you from doing this.
- (B) Start with the career that pays you most first.
- (C) Don’t try to start two careers at the same time.
- (D) Start by talking to someone who is doing two careers.

62. Kendrick is reviewing resumes for a new job opening as sales in his company but he is not willing to hire people with slash careers. He is worried they won’t be focused enough to put their fullest efforts into his company.

Please help distinguish the best candidate from below:

- (A) Tina is a recent graduate who is looking for her first job while teaching swimming lessons at night.
- (B) Simon is looking for a new job as he is overwhelmed at his old company working as both sales and accountant.
- (C) Daniel is highly interested in this position and as a part-time photographer he is certain he can balance his workload.
- (D) Maggie teaches piano and drawing lessons at night and on weekends, but she is trying to find a full-time job during the day.

背面尚有試題

Please write your answer in blue or black ink on the answer sheet.

以下部分請用藍或黑筆在答案卷上作答。用鉛筆者，一律不計分。

VI. Competency Based Questions 素養題: 6% @3%

## Covid: Boris Johnson's address to the country

BBC News Tuesday 22 September 2020



Prime Minister Boris Johnson has used a national TV address to urge the public to "summon the discipline and the resolve" to follow the new coronavirus rules announced on Tuesday. This is an excerpt from his statement:

1. Office workers are being told to work from home again if possible.
2. Penalties for not wearing a mask or gathering in groups of more than six will increase to £200 on the first offence.
3. From Thursday 24 September, all pubs, bars and restaurants will be restricted to table service only. Takeaways can continue. Also from Thursday, hospitality venues must close at 22:00 - which means shutting then, not calling for last orders.
4. Face coverings must be worn by taxi drivers and passengers from Wednesday. Retail staff and customers in indoor hospitality venues will also have to wear masks from Thursday, except when seated at a table to eat or drink.
5. From Monday 28 September, only 15 people will be able to attend weddings and civil partnerships. Funerals can still take place with up to 30 people. Also from 28 September, you can only play indoor adult sports in groups of less than six.
6. The planned return of spectators to sports venues will now not go ahead from 1 October.

(<https://www.bbc.com/news/uk-54255898>)

1. From Thursday 24 September, the hospitality venues must close at 22:00. Please copy the specific places mentioned as the hospitality venues.
2. Will any gatherings of more than six be allowed from Monday 28 September? Please copy the occasions mentioned above.

VII. Translation 連貫式翻譯: 20% @1%

(I) 並非每位公民都認為在國慶日參加升旗典禮和唱國歌是一件榮耀的事。

Not every citizen c 1 rs 2 an honor 3 attend the flag ceremony and sing the national anthem  
4 Double Tenth Day.

(II) 有些國民似乎拒絕公開地唱國歌。

5 6 7 some nationals r 8 e to sing the national anthem in public.

(III) 然而，也有些國民毫不猶豫地認為我國國歌，比這世界上任何其他國的國歌來的好。

However, w 9 t h 10 n, others think that our national anthem is better than 11 12 any other country in the world.

(IV) 到了西元 2021 年，我國將已經建國 110 年了。

13 14 15 it is 2021, it will have 16 (be) 110 years since its foundation.

(V) 雖然國歌又老派又嚴肅，它還是代表了我們國家的精神。因此，在這樣輝煌的時刻，該是我們捲起袖子開始驕傲地大聲地唱國歌了。

17 and 18 (分詞構句，以形容詞為句首 = Although our national anthem is old-fashioned and serious.)

our national anthem still represents the spirit of our country. As a result, in this sparkling moment in history, it is time for us to

19 20 our sleeves to sing our national anthem loudly and proudly.

桃園市立平鎮高中 109 學年度 第一學期 第一次期中考 高二英文 答案卷

班級：\_\_\_\_\_

座號：\_\_\_\_\_

姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

以下部分請用藍或黑筆在答案卷上作答。用鉛筆者，一律不計分。

VI. Competency Based Questions 素養題： 6% @3%

1.				
2.				

VII. Translation 連貫式翻譯： 20% @1%

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.

桃園市立平鎮高級中學 109學年第1學期 月考一二年級不限組別英語文[20201013200010C00023] 全體考生 試題分析表

題號	題型	題分	標準答案	全體					500					高分組					135					低分組					135					全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未									
1	單選題	1	A	434	21	25	20	0	0	125	5	3	2	0	0	113	5	10	7	0	0	86.80%	0.881	0.089												
2	單選題	1	A	182	141	120	55	0	2	71	28	22	13	0	1	31	46	37	20	0	1	36.40%	0.378	0.296												
3	單選題	1	C	70	14	398	18	0	0	15	4	114	2	0	0	19	4	102	10	0	0	79.60%	0.800	0.089												
4	單選題	1	D	101	103	128	165	0	3	31	21	31	52	0	0	30	27	40	37	0	1	33.00%	0.330	0.111												
5	單選題	1	C	158	110	214	17	0	1	33	28	72	1	0	1	46	31	51	7	0	0	42.80%	0.456	0.156												
6	單選題	1	B	34	398	28	40	0	0	4	121	2	8	0	0	13	98	12	12	0	0	79.60%	0.811	0.170												
7	單選題	1	B	37	360	55	47	0	1	4	119	9	3	0	0	18	76	20	21	0	0	72.00%	0.722	0.319												
8	單選題	1	C	37	45	261	157	0	0	6	6	94	29	0	0	16	23	46	50	0	0	52.20%	0.519	0.356												
9	單選題	1	D	53	77	88	281	0	1	9	6	10	110	0	0	18	36	33	47	0	1	56.20%	0.581	0.467												
10	單選題	1	C	20	70	393	17	0	0	2	16	116	1	0	0	8	22	98	7	0	0	78.60%	0.793	0.133												
11	單選題	1	A	337	44	83	36	0	0	109	5	16	5	0	0	69	18	29	19	0	0	67.40%	0.659	0.296												
12	單選題	1	A	318	88	51	43	0	0	114	10	5	6	0	0	62	36	15	22	0	0	63.60%	0.652	0.385												
13	單選題	1	B	13	436	43	8	0	0	0	130	4	1	0	0	5	110	16	4	0	0	87.20%	0.889	0.148												
14	單選題	1	D	75	62	52	309	0	2	15	14	8	98	0	0	26	17	17	74	0	1	61.80%	0.637	0.178												
15	單選題	1	D	7	11	12	470	0	0	1	0	0	134	0	0	2	7	6	120	0	0	94.00%	0.941	0.104												
16	單選題	1	D	20	50	289	140	0	1	2	5	75	52	0	1	11	21	76	27	0	0	28.00%	0.293	0.185												
17	單選題	1	A	425	21	12	42	0	0	124	4	1	6	0	0	104	9	4	18	0	0	85.00%	0.844	0.148												
18	單選題	1	A	392	41	47	20	0	0	118	8	7	2	0	0	90	18	16	11	0	0	78.40%	0.770	0.207												
19	單選題	1	B	54	127	117	202	0	0	10	49	35	41	0	0	23	25	37	50	0	0	25.40%	0.274	0.178												
20	單選題	1	C	61	34	361	44	0	0	10	7	114	4	0	0	23	14	78	20	0	0	72.20%	0.711	0.267												
21	單選題	1	B	72	356	36	35	0	1	16	110	3	6	0	0	24	81	17	13	0	0	71.20%	0.707	0.215												
22	單選題	1	A	261	34	157	48	0	0	83	8	34	10	0	0	57	12	49	17	0	0	52.20%	0.519	0.193												
23	單選題	1	A	272	93	87	47	0	1	104	12	11	8	0	0	43	32	40	19	0	1	54.40%	0.544	0.452												
24	單選題	1	C	110	134	58	197	0	1	28	30	16	60	0	1	29	44	13	49	0	0	11.60%	0.107	0.022												
25	單選題	1	C	77	56	280	87	0	0	15	14	88	18	0	0	20	22	64	29	0	0	56.00%	0.563	0.178												
26	單選題	1	C	41	191	248	20	0	0	7	39	87	2	0	0	12	68	47	8	0	0	49.60%	0.496	0.296												
27	單選題	1	D	72	38	43	347	0	0	2	5	9	119	0	0	35	15	19	66	0	0	69.40%	0.685	0.393												
28	單選題	1	A	411	29	19	41	0	0	124	5	1	5	0	0	97	13	10	15	0	0	82.20%	0.819	0.200												
29	單選題	1	A	333	78	39	50	0	0	105	14	4	12	0	0	74	21	18	22	0	0	66.60%	0.663	0.230												
30	單選題	1	B	26	279	92	103	0	0	6	90	15	24	0	0	9	62	33	31	0	0	55.80%	0.563	0.207												
31	單選題	1	B	98	139	131	132	0	0	24	42	41	28	0	0	37	33	33	32	0	0	27.80%	0.278	0.067												
32	單選題	1	B	14	393	45	48	0	0	1	122	8	4	0	0	3	91	16	25	0	0	78.60%	0.789	0.230												
33	單選題	1	A	25	196	215	64	0	0	4	46	78	7	0	0	11	58	38	28	0	0	5.00%	0.056	-0.052												
34	單選題	1	C	80	67	292	60	0	1	15	11	98	10	0	1	21	25	69	20	0	0	58.40%	0.619	0.215												
35	單選題	1	A	181	160	76	85	0	0	74	27	12	22	0	0	33	45	34	23	0	0	36.00%	0.396	0.304												
36	複選題	1	BD	123	374	62	404	30	3	23	114	8	114	8	1	38	89	25	108	8	1	64.20%	0.667	0.163												
37	複選題	1	AC	409	98	362	33	88	4	119	18	108	7	15	1	102	31	83	16	38	0	69.40%	0.681	0.222												
38	複選題	1	AD	372	186	85	213	128	7	112	39	16	69	28	2	84	58	36	58	30	2	27.40%	0.304	0.222												
39	複選題	1	AB	276	206	170	245	90	5	81	65	34	59	24	2	71	47	54	75	21	1	18.00%	0.193	0.178												
40	複選題	1	AE	199	122	77	245	342	6	62	27	10	67	98	2	55	33	34	55	86	3	18.40%	0.207	0.119												
41	複選題	1	CE	148	206	219	55	361	4	31	40	79	5	112	1	51	70	47	21	79	1	32.80%	0.344	0.363												
42	複選題	1	BC	135	305	280	152	105	10	26	101	88	26	18	5	45	65	63	54	42	0	41.20%	0.430	0.296												
43	複選題	1	DE	179	114	190	177	323	7	51	20	37	55	102	2	38	34	66	49	80	1	19.80%	0.226	0.156												
44	複選題	1	CD	75	63	392	350	110	4	10	8	119	112	16	2	36	32	85	68	48	0	58.80%	0.552	0.407												
45	複選題	1	BE	140	317	86	82	349	11	29	99	18	17	99	3	46	69	29	29	91	3	43.40%	0.422	0.237												
46	單選題	1	C	21	16	434	14	15	0	2	4	124	1	4	0	4	7	107	10	7	0	86.80%	0.856	0.126												
47	單選題	1	A	294	50	20	13	124	0	106	6	2	3	18	0	62	18	7	7	42	0	58.80%	0.622	0.326												
48	單選題	1	E	92	69	16	25	295	3	7	15	5	4	104	0	34	22	5	7	65	2	59.00%	0.626	0.289												
49	單選題	1	B	62	278	12	122	25	1	11	89	2	30	3	0	18	67	4	36	9	1	55.60%	0.578	0.163												
50	單選題	1	D	52	93	15	316	24	0	9	19	2	100	5	0	15	26	10	76	8	0	63.20%	0.652	0.178												
51	單選題	2	B	60	389	23	27	0	1	8	121	3	2	0	1	25	86	11	13	0	0	77.80%	0.767	0.259												
52	單選題	2	C	33	21	402	44	0	0	3	0	125	7	0	0	22	15	86	12	0	0	80.40%	0.781	0.289												
53	單選題	2	D	103	151	82	164	0	0	19	33	11	72	0	0	34	47	31	23	0	0	32.80%	0.352	0.363												
54	單選題	2	D	26	105	44	326	0	0	2	20	6	107	0	0	15	33	18	70	0	0	65.00%	0.652	0.281												
55	單選題	2	A	372	49	37	40	1	1	117	6	5	6	0	1	91	19	13	11	1	0	74.40%	0.770													

選填題或五選項以上各題以 1(或A)表示作答正確, 2(或B)表示作答錯誤