I 詞彙 15%

1. One of the coolest _____ of the Tesla Model 3 is the Bluetooth keyless entry. That is, you can use your iPhone to open the door.

   (A) authors (B) scooters (C) features (D) households

2. Despite the difficulties, the two countries decided to _____ in their diplomatic efforts to bring about peace.

   (A) possess (B) persist (C) overpower (D) rescue

3. Karen got a 65 on the chemistry exam, which she considered _____ good as she didn't spend too much time studying for it.

   (A) privately (B) separately (C) moderately (D) additionally

4. Only when the general public makes a collective effort to _____ injustice will conditions improve.

   (A) carve (B) restore (C) confront (D) terrify

5. When children are well-_____ by their parents, carers, and other family members, they can develop their social and emotional skills. Besides, they can also build their resilience and make them feel better about themselves.

   (A) ventured (B) cloned (C) nurtured (D) biased

6. Busy people jump at every assignment, while _____ people know the difference between "urgent" and "important."

   (A) productive (B) traditional (C) expensive (D) scientific

7. *Pride and _____* is an 1813 romantic novel of manners written by Jane Austen, revolving around the importance of marrying for love rather than money or social prestige.

   (A) *Predator* (B) *Prejudice* (C) *Possession* (D) *Promotion*

8. Kids are generally believed to be very _____. They seem to fit into a new environment without much difficulty.

   (A) alert (B) solid (C) durable (D) adaptable

9. To pursue his dream of becoming an outstanding singer, Henry _____ learned different singing skills.

   (A) diligently (B) generously (C) negatively (D) impressively

10. In an effort to _____ the economy, the administration issued stimulus vouchers in hopes of boosting consumer spending.

    (A) transplant (B) poach (C) distort (D) stabilize

11. Linda has always been under the _____ that she's a great writer, even though she's never written any article or book published.

    (A) extinction (B) compliments (C) flipper (D) illusion

12. The reduction of humanity's collective carbon footprint and the _____ of our natural resources to fight climate change will help leave our planet habitable for future generations.

    (A) remnants (B) adulthood (C) spectrum (D) conservation

13. The soldiers kept _____ when they were marching in the forest at night in case of a sudden strike from the enemies.

    (A) alert (B) scary (C) chilly (D) upset

14. Many people were _____ that the Earth was the center of the universe until Nicolaus Copernicus brought forward his new theory.

    (A) roamed (B) engulfed (C) convinced (D) carved

15. If people _____ at dinner time without a reservation, they have to wait at least one hour for a table.

    (A) make their way (B) interfere with (C) strive for (D) turn up

II 克漏字 20%

(I)　　　Most people are pleased when they are praised for working hard. But Kara Lawson, the head coach of the Duke women's basketball team, tells her players to compete. The difference between working hard and competing is __16.__. That's why so many people __17.__ hard work __17.__ competitiveness. Billions of people work hard in whatever job they do. But they put

in hours without ever trying to win. They just work to meet the ___18.___ on a certain task. They don't go the extra mile for perfection. So Lawson asks her players to remember when they are at a disadvantage and reaching a goal feels impossible, don't just work hard. Compete. They are capable of more than they think. Dig deep. Work a little harder. The lesson for an entrepreneur is to offer to work beside employees ___19.___ just telling them what to do. Listen and show them what to do. Competing is the key and that's the only competition that really ___20.___. Every day, ask yourself, "Did I compete today?"

16. (A) empathetic   (B) huge   (C) subtle   (D) countless
17. (A) tell, apart from   (B) name, after   (C) mistake, for   (D) provide, with
18. (A) perceptions   (B) techniques   (C) sessions   (D) constraints
19. (A) owing to   (B) instead of   (C) according to   (D) because of
20. (A) involves   (B) demands   (C) matters   (D) takes

(II)   How did the dabbawalas in Mumbai get started? Their appearance was due ___21.___ to a dockworker by the name of Mahadeo Havaji Bachche. During the time of the British Raj in the late nineteenth century, the city's population was growing ___22.___ an enormous rate. There was also an increase in the number of hungry workers ___23.___ lived in the suburbs and had to commute to work every day. What was worse, they had found no restaurants near their workplaces to feed them. ___24.___, a banker asked Bachche to bring his lunch from his home to his office every day. This idea quickly began spreading among the banker's coworkers and then beyond. Sensing a good business opportunity, Bachche gathered friends and neighbors and organized a lunch delivery team consisting of about one hundred workers. Over time, the dabbawala system has grown to an unbelievable size and now is responsible for over fifty million lunchbox deliveries a year. ___25.___ for its high efficiency and accuracy, the dabbawalas' operative system has been studied by many enterprises as a true model of excellence.

21. (A) in large part   (B) in a sense   (C) in a row   (D) in brief
22. (A) with   (B) at   (C) for   (D) of
23. (A) most of who   (B) , most of them   (C) most of whom   (D) , most of whom
24. (A) Fortunately   (B) Actually   (C) Additionally   (D) Consequently
25. (A) Knowing   (B) To know   (C) Known   (D) Knows

(III)   "Good afternoon, folks! How would you like to go on a(n) ___26.___ to Orchid Island? The place is home to the Tao people, Taiwan's only ocean-dependent tribe. The best time to visit is now during the flying fish season, a period which ___27.___ many traditions and taboos! Although the season lasts from February to September, locals can only catch fish in March, April, May, and June. They are also restricted to capturing only those ___28.___ in shallow waters. If they fished in the deep sea, it _ ___29.___ the nature balance in the area. Another important custom is that only dried fish can be eaten after June and must all be finished before the Mid-Autumn Festival. Special ceremonies are held to mark the beginning and end of the season and to give thanks to the gods. Oh, and please note that, ___30.___ visiting the island, we should obey the rules. First, no photographs of their boats or drying fish are allowed. Second, don't go into their gardens to view the drying fish without permission! Respect these guidelines and the trip should be smooth sailing!"

26. (A) starvation   (B) wisdom   (C) costume   (D) adventure
27. (A) stands by   (B) comes with   (C) goes for   (D) gets along with
28. (A) to find   (B) when finding   (C) found   (D) to be found
29. (A) would disturb   (B) will disturb   (C) would have disturbed   (D) will have disturbed
30. (A) before   (B) while   (C) despite   (D) as soon as

(IV)   Irena Sendler was one of the heroines emerged during World War II. In fact, she was a social worker who helped to ___31.___ over 2,000 children out of the Warsaw Ghetto, the largest of all the Nazi ghettos during WWII. How did a single woman manage to accomplish such a difficult task? Well, she employed the help of friends and colleagues. They would often sneak the children out in suitcases or even under ambulance stretchers with dogs barking to ___32.___ their cries. Sometimes, the children were taken out through sewer pipes or secret underground passages. Still others escaped through an old courthouse that stood at the edge of the ghetto. ___33.___ to help, Sendler did whatever she could to give the children the opportunity to survive, even providing them with new birth certificates* and family records once they were out. Unfortunately, at the height of rescue operation, she was arrested. ___34.___ being brutally tortured, she chose to sacrifice her own life instead of putting the lives of others at risk.

2

If Irena and her friends had not given a hand to the children, they ____35.____ in the death camps.   To this day, she is an inspiration to many for her selfless acts of bravery.

註：certificate 證明

31. (A) arrest   (B) smuggle   (C) seize   (D) seal
32. (A) burst into   (B) keep a record of   (C) take in   (D) drown out
33. (A) Determined   (B) Be determined   (C) Being determining   (D) To determine
34. (A) In addition to   (B) Despite   (C) Due to   (D) Rather than
35. (A) will end up   (B) would end up   (C) would have ended up   (D) will be ended up

III 文意選填 10% (作答時不需考慮大小寫)

Sea turtles are one of the oldest creatures to roam the planet, and they have been around for 120 million years. Their life cycle begins on a beach, often in the tropics or subtropics. Females climb ashore to ____36.____ 100 eggs on average. Then, 45 to 60 days later, the hatchlings break open their eggshells and immediately head for the water, guided by the ____37.____ of the moon. Researchers ____38.____ that baby turtles swim until they reach a pile of sargassum to hide, eat and grow. It can take 10 to 50 years before they reach maturity, ____39.____ the species, and start to breed. Females will then return to the same beach ____40.____ they were born to lay eggs.

There are seven known species of sea turtles. Most of them live in oceans around the world ____41.____ the chilly waters of the Arctic and Antarctic. Although sea turtles are believed to live a long life, their survival is seriously threatened by ____42.____, fishing nets, bycatch, and habitat destruction. Another major problem is plastic bags and balloons, which resemble jellyfish, the turtles' favorite food. ____43.____ these items usually proves deadly for sea turtles. Human activity ____44.____ a grim threat to sea turtles. Six of the Seven species are ranked ____45.____ threatened, or critically endangered. As a result, we should do something before it is too late.

(A) predators	(B) poses	(C) consuming	(D) where	(E) as
(AB) reflection	(AC) depending on	(AD) deposit	(AE) speculate	(BC) except for

IV 篇章結構 10%

Mumbai, which up until 1996 was known as Bombay, is India's biggest city by population. ____46.____ Built on seven islands, Mumbai was transformed by the Hornby Vellard project, started by Governor William Hornby when the city was in British hand. ____47.____ Mumbai became a major seaport on the Arabian Sea, and its prosperity increased as a result.

After India gained its independence in 1947, the city expanded and now covers two huge districts. ____48.____ However, with a population of over 12 million, Mumbai has many overcrowded residential areas, as well as a large slum. ____49.____

There are lots of things to see in Mumbai. It has a wide variety of architectural styles, and its landmarks include the Gateway to India, a huge arch built between 1911 and 1924. Mumbai's Elephanta Caves, a UNESCO World Heritage site, are two sets of caves. ____50.____

Mumbai's culture is a cocktail of food, festivals, music, and theaters. As a cosmopolitan commercial city, Mumbai is also home to numerous immigrant communities who enrich this blend. Whether you're visiting for business or pleasure, Mumbai is a city with plenty to offer.

(A) What's more, Mumbai's transport system is known as one of the most congested in the world.
(B) One dedicated to Shiva and the other Hindu gods, and the other to Buddha.
(C) It's the commercial center of India's economy, as well as the home of Bollywood film industry.
(D) This project united the islands into a single island with a deep natural harbor.
(E) Thanks to its wealth, Mumbai has attracted people from all over India.

(I) In 1995, gray wolves, once again, made a home for themselves in Yellowstone National Park. They had basically been eliminated from the park in the 1920s. Over the years, scientists realized that a tremendous amount of damage had been done by eliminating one of the park's top predators. One result was a huge increase in the number of elk. They ate too much, killing large areas of the park's grass and trees. Small animals and insects also disappeared, resulting from an unbalanced ecosystem.

A solution was discovered in a popular conservation strategy called rewilding. According to conservationist John Davis, "Rewilding ... is giving the land back to wildlife and wildlife back to the land." It's also been called "the conservation practice that is helping restore nature's balance."

One key focus is on major predators—like wolves, big cats, crocodiles, sharks and more because top predators are central players in a healthy ecosystem. The science clearly shows that restoring missing predators helps restore plant communities.

A change in the landscape of Yellowstone Park took place when the wolves returned. The elk's numbers declined and trees returned, helping the riverbanks become more stable. The process helped clean the water, and smaller animals and insects also returned because the natural balance had been restored.

Conservationist Dave Foreman is the one who invented the term "rewilding" in the 1990s. The definition says it is "a conservation effort focused on restoring sustainable biodiversity and ecosystem health by protecting core wilderness areas."

In trying to reach that goal, some scientists have returned native species to the wild and allowed nature to take over. Some, though, believe that the goal can be achieved through something as simple as planting trees, or simply not interfering with the land. Basically, some people believe rewilding can be summed up as "nature knows best."

Some places around the world are using rewilding successfully. In parts of southern Africa, for instance, cheetah and lion restoration programs are working well. Beavers, white storks and white-tailed eagles have all been re-introduced, in small numbers, in England.

In Europe, great numbers of European bison roamed the land until hunters nearly wiped them out. But they were saved, thanks to a breeding program. Today, some of them are being returned to the ancient forests of their birth. As a result, the bison are correcting the balance of nature and transforming the forests for the better.

Rewilding supporters believe that reinstating missing species is the solution to a healthy ecosystem.

51. What does the writer explain about "rewilding"?
   (A) Most places in the world could benefit from this concept.
   (B) There are some examples of success but many areas where this has failed.
   (C) It can be active, like reintroducing species or passive, like letting nature take its course.
   (D) It takes a lot of human effort in order for it to be done well.

52. What effect could the elimination of a certain animal have?
   (A) It can cause a domino effect where other living things disappear.
   (B) It can cause a greenhouse effect where the climate is changed.
   (C) It can make it easier for humans to live there.
   (D) It can create the ideal environment.

53. What did they do in Europe to help the bison?
   (A) They taught them how to survive.
   (B) They moved them to a safe area.
   (C) They made it illegal to kill them.
   (D) They helped them to have babies.

(II) Surprisingly, life in the 21st century seems to be making us more prejudiced, not less.

We've always tended to choose to spend time with people who think like us, and choose to consume news and entertainment that affirms our opinions. But now algorithms in our digital media make other choices for us. These algorithms "learn" what we like and feed us opinion-affirming content through our devices.

The result is a "filter bubble": a personal daily environment that lacks a significant amount of viewpoint diversity. We end up living day after day without encountering quality disagreement.

This experience gives us the false impression that our opinions about complicated social and political problems are obviously true. Only people who are stupid, too afraid to face reality or who are lying and immoral could possibly disagree with us! After all,

our friends, news and entertainment media all agree!

In reality, lots of people disagree with us, and their filter bubbles are making them feel about us the same way we feel about them! This hurts the quality of our thinking and our relationships. It also causes problems in society because we aren't learning to disagree well and live in harmony with one another.

We must burst our filter bubbles by increasing the viewpoint diversity in our lives. We can make friends with people who think differently than us and consume media from a variety of ideological perspectives. Then we'll have opportunities to practice getting along with people who disagree with us.

54. What is the paradox that most of us have?

(A) We think we're less biased, but are actually more narrow-minded.

(B) We want to be ourselves, but we change to make others like us.

(C) We have lots of friends but none are actually real.

(D) We believe that relationships are important, but don't make time for them.

55. What is the main point of this article?

(A) It's important to disable the functions on our technology.

(B) It's vital that we figure out how to all get along.

(C) We need to be aware of what views we're receiving and be open to more ideas.

(D) We all have flaws and shouldn't hide them from our friends.

56. According to the article, how does social media affect our views?

(A) It makes it easier for different people to connect.

(B) It causes people to get into arguments in an online forum.

(C) It helps with widening our perspectives.

(D) It tricks us into thinking everyone has the same ideas as us.

(III)   Oskar Schindler went from being a greedy, dishonest businessman in the World War II to the savior of more than 1,000 Jews. His story is at the same time both disturbing and inspiring, and was commemorated in the 1993 film Schindler's List. For much of the film, Schindler is a difficult man to admire, but in the end his heroic efforts are hard to ignore.

In 1939 when World War II began, Hitler's army invaded Poland. Schindler's story began when he moved to Poland in the same year to set up a factory that sold supplies to the Germans. At first, he hired Jewish workers because they could be paid less than Polish ones. When the true nature of the German occupation became clear, however, Schindler used his contacts in the German army and bribery to get as many Jews assigned to his factory as possible, for he knew that those who weren't hired were likely to be sent to the German prison camps and would face almost certain death.

In 1944, the Germans began closing many factories—including Schindler's—and sending more and more Jews to the camps. Schindler once again used his influence (and more bribes) to have his factory moved to his hometown. He then composed a list of names "Schindler's List," of former workers who he insisted were essential employees. After long negotiation, his request was approved, and these Jewish workers were permitted safe transport to the factory. They had been saved—again!

Schindler, an imperfect man, finally rose to hero status. Thanks to the movie Schindler's List, his story will be remembered for generations to come.

57. Why does the author say that Schindler's is "both disturbing and inspiring" in the first paragraph?

(A) Schindler was a successful man, but he was disturbing the Polish government.

(B) Schindler helped the Nazi send many Jewish to prison, so in the German army, he was a hero.

(C) Schindler's life story contained both negative and positive acts.

(D) Schindler's private life was very complicated and hard to understand.

58. Which of the following actions best illustrates that Schindler was once a greedy man?

(A) He hired Jewish workers at first because they could be paid less.

(B) He set up a factory in Poland when Hitler's army invaded Poland.

(C) He did not want his factory to close, so he tried to move it to his hometown.

(D) He had more Jews assigned to his factory when Germany revealed its true nature of occupying Poland.

59. Why did Schindler compose the "Schindler's List"?

(A) He wanted to open a new, cheaper factory in his hometown.

(B)The Germans wanted him to provide them with more supplies.

(C) The Jews were such important workers that he could not live without them.

(D)He wanted to save the Jewish workers from being sent to the German prison camps.

VI 素養題 5%

The following are three online reviews of the services provided by a food delivery company.

Connie
Extremely disappointed. I have been a regular customer of this company for a long time. However, the service last time was just horrible. It took more than thirty minutes to find a driver and for the restaurant to start preparing my food. I had to wait more than an hour for my food to be delivered! They did not even apologize for being late, and the rider was rude and arrogant. What's worse, it looked like part of my meal had been eaten by someone. I will never use this service again.
Katherine
It's my go-to service. Its customer service team always responds to any request immediately. Yesterday, I ordered on the app, but the restaurant forgot to send our sushi. I called the restaurant and they said they could refund the money, but did not know how to do so. My husband really wanted the sushi, so we called the app's customer service team. They called the restaurant and found someone to deliver the sushi to us in no time. I am satisfied with this service.
Jeff
I placed an order in advance for delivery the next morning. I was satisfied that my order was delivered on time. The rider was courteous and friendly. After handing me my food, he waved and said goodbye cheerily. Also, he wore a mask, which made me feel safe. The food was delivered on time and the app showed the driver's location, which was good because I could track my food while I waited. I will use this service again in the future and recommend it to my friends.

60. What does "go-to" mean in Katherine's review? Please try to guess the meaning from the context of the review.

(A) It is used to describe someone's first choice for something.

(B) It is used to indicate the importance of a company's customer service.

(C) It is used to explain why someone makes certain decisions.

(D) It is used to emphasize the convenience which the company offers.

61.According to the reviews, which of the following statements is NOT true?

(A) Connie thought someone had eaten her meal.

(B) Katherine did not get a refund from the restaurant.

(C) Jeff praised the service because the rider was nice.

(D) All of the three reviews mention the driver's attitude.

62-64. According to the Cambridge Dictionary, a fact is something that is known to have happened or to exist, while an opinion is a thought or belief about something or someone. Please read the following sentences from the reviews and check whether they are fact or opinion. If the review is a fact, write down the answer as A; however, if it is an opinion, write down the answer as B.

	(A) Fact	(B) Opinion
62. The rider was rude and arrogant.		
63. Its customer service team always responds to any request immediately.		
64. The food was delivered on time and the app showed the driver's location.		

VII 引導式翻譯 22%

Not ___1.___ I went on a journey in Peru ___2.___ I have a chance to s___3.___ a bit of its terrific landscape and exotic culture, ___4.___ p___5.___ Lake Titicaca and the Uros people, the i___6.___ i___7.___ living on islands created completely from native totoro reeds of the shallow waters of Lake Titicaca. The reed islands themselves can last up to 30 years if p___8.___ properly, and that involves the never-ending process of adding new layers of reeds when the reeds below the water level begin to rot.

直到我去秘魯旅行時，我才有機會體驗一些絕妙的風景和異國文化，尤其是的的喀喀湖和烏羅斯人，這些土著居民是居住在完全由的的喀喀湖的淺水水域的 **Tororo** 蘆葦製成的島嶼上。如果妥善地保存，蘆葦島本身可以維持長達 **30** 年，而這涉及到永無止境的過程，即當水位以下的蘆葦開始腐爛時，就要增加新的蘆葦層。

F___9.___, the floating island I lived on is equipped with special "toilets" where the ground roots absorb the waste, and it even has solar panels so they can have lights, watch TV and charge their phones. By making use of s___10.___ energy, they can still easily use their cell phones or computers to get c___11.___ with the outside world through the m___12.___ n___13.___; as a c___14.___, the tourism has become p___15.___ and brought in money for them, but it affects their traditional culture to some degree.

此外，我所居住的蘆葦島上備有特殊的"馬桶"，地上的草根會吸取排泄物。島上甚至配有太陽能電池板，因此他們可以照明，看電視並為手機充電。藉由利用永續能源，他們仍然可以使用手機或電腦透過龐大的網絡輕鬆地與外界建立聯繫。因此，旅遊業得以變繁榮並為他們帶來了收入，但在一定程度上影響了他們的傳統文化。

W___16.___ a d___17.___, Lake Titicaca and the floating islands have been the dream destination for the travelers d___18.___ to the gorgeous scenery and the unusual housing situation. However, with the growing tourists, we need to pay more attention to some environmental problems tourism may cause such as littering garbage or plastic bottles on the lake. U 19.___ leaving there, I received an e___20.___ gift, a tiny hand-made reed boat from the B&B host. While waving goodbye to the friendly and hospitable host family, I do wish all the tourists could leave the floating island and the Uros a clean and undisturbed lake ___21.___ no plastic bottles or trash t___22.___ into it.

毋庸置疑地，的的喀喀湖和蘆葦浮島因風景秀麗，特殊的住宅型態而成為旅行者的夢想景點。但是，隨著遊客的增加，我們需要更多地關注旅遊業可能引起的一些環境問題像是亂扔垃圾或塑膠瓶在湖面上。一當要離開時，我收到民宿主人送給我一件精美的禮物，一艘很小的手工蘆葦船。當我在向好客的民宿一家人揮手告別的同時，心裡想著希望所有遊客能留給蘆葦島和烏羅斯人一個乾淨無擾的乾淨湖泊，湖裡不再有被丟進的塑膠瓶或垃圾。

---非選答案卷---

Class: Name: No.:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
21.	22.			

桃園市立平鎮高級中學　109學年第2學期
第02次段考二年級不限組別英語[20210513200021000002]
全體考生　試題分析表

全體人數: 498　高分組人數: 134　低分組人數: 134　　　　列印日期: 2021/5/13

題號	題型	配分	標準答案	全體						高分組						低分組						全體答對率	難易指數	鑑別指數
				A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未	A	B	C	D	E	未			
01	單選題	1.00	C	16	40	372	70	0	0	0	9	116	9	0	0	3	13	92	26	0	0	74.70%	0.776	0.179
02	單選題	1.00	B	64	282	52	100	0	0	13	93	9	19	0	0	28	54	17	35	0	0	56.63%	0.549	0.291
03	單選題	1.00	C	66	60	305	66	0	1	7	11	106	10	0	0	29	24	64	17	0	0	61.24%	0.634	0.313
04	單選題	1.00	C	28	181	246	43	0	0	2	47	82	3	0	0	10	59	49	16	0	0	49.40%	0.489	0.246
05	單選題	1.00	C	54	65	324	54	0	1	7	13	106	8	0	0	21	27	65	21	0	0	65.06%	0.638	0.306
06	單選題	1.00	A	334	55	36	72	0	1	112	7	2	12	0	1	74	20	13	27	0	0	67.07%	0.694	0.284
07	單選題	1.00	B	39	300	97	61	0	1	2	105	18	8	0	1	15	66	34	19	0	0	60.24%	0.638	0.291
08	單選題	1.00	D	34	36	74	354	0	0	4	3	4	123	0	0	15	14	30	75	0	0	71.08%	0.739	0.358
09	單選題	1.00	A	361	45	30	61	0	1	125	4	5	0	0	0	72	18	12	31	0	1	72.49%	0.735	0.396
10	單選題	1.00	D	67	38	59	334	0	1	7	7	5	115	0	0	34	15	20	65	0	0	66.87%	0.672	0.373
11	單選題	1.00	D	31	184	43	240	0	0	1	59	4	70	0	0	17	42	17	58	0	0	48.19%	0.478	0.090
12	單選題	1.00	D	107	37	68	286	0	0	18	3	5	108	0	0	40	16	22	56	0	0	57.43%	0.612	0.388
13	單選題	1.00	A	409	43	23	23	0	0	128	2	4	0	0	0	92	24	8	10	0	0	81.93%	0.821	0.269
14	單選題	1.00	C	27	40	408	24	0	0	4	6	124	0	0	0	11	18	92	13	0	0	81.73%	0.806	0.239
15	單選題	1.00	D	105	50	37	306	0	0	19	6	3	106	0	0	40	19	13	62	0	0	61.45%	0.627	0.328
16	單選題	1.00	C	104	93	235	66	0	0	19	19	85	11	0	0	45	32	36	21	0	0	47.19%	0.451	0.366
17	單選題	1.00	C	126	23	246	103	0	0	16	4	101	13	0	0	41	11	36	46	0	0	49.40%	0.511	0.485
18	單選題	1.00	D	106	73	165	152	0	2	22	11	35	65	0	1	25	34	46	29	0	0	30.52%	0.351	0.269
19	單選題	1.00	B	50	380	41	27	0	0	6	121	4	3	0	0	16	96	13	9	0	0	76.31%	0.810	0.187
20	單選題	1.00	C	71	121	246	59	0	1	6	20	95	13	0	0	36	37	43	17	0	1	49.40%	0.515	0.388
21	單選題	1.00	A	444	24	17	13	0	0	128	4	1	1	0	0	116	6	4	8	0	0	89.16%	0.910	0.090
22	單選題	1.00	B	205	186	53	54	0	0	45	76	7	6	0	0	70	26	19	19	0	0	37.35%	0.381	0.373
23	單選題	1.00	D	38	71	117	271	0	0	9	13	26	86	0	0	15	28	33	58	0	0	54.42%	0.537	0.209
24	單選題	1.00	D	129	31	48	290	0	0	27	3	5	99	0	0	33	16	21	64	0	0	58.23%	0.608	0.261
25	單選題	1.00	C	177	38	269	14	0	0	40	5	88	1	0	0	57	19	51	7	0	0	54.02%	0.519	0.276
26	單選題	1.00	D	16	16	14	452	0	0	1	2	0	131	0	0	8	7	4	115	0	0	90.76%	0.918	0.119
27	單選題	1.00	B	33	434	13	18	0	0	1	130	1	2	0	0	14	110	2	8	0	0	87.15%	0.896	0.149
28	單選題	1.00	C	40	21	263	173	0	0	7	2	92	33	0	0	13	13	44	64	0	0	52.81%	0.507	0.358
29	單選題	1.00	A	326	32	124	16	0	0	109	3	20	2	0	0	67	11	49	7	0	0	65.46%	0.657	0.313
30	單選題	1.00	B	138	310	29	21	0	0	34	91	2	7	0	0	40	76	12	6	0	0	62.25%	0.623	0.112
31	單選題	1.00	B	36	378	46	37	0	1	4	123	4	3	0	0	11	94	14	15	0	0	75.90%	0.810	0.216
32	單選題	1.00	D	36	22	35	405	0	0	5	4	1	124	0	0	9	14	14	97	0	0	81.33%	0.825	0.201
33	單選題	1.00	A	305	47	85	60	0	1	101	6	16	11	0	0	68	18	25	23	0	0	61.24%	0.631	0.246
34	單選題	1.00	B	46	338	56	58	0	0	2	116	7	9	0	0	24	63	24	23	0	0	67.87%	0.668	0.396
35	單選題	1.00	C	17	55	411	15	0	0	2	3	128	1	0	0	7	24	99	4	0	0	82.53%	0.847	0.216
36	複選題	1.00	AD	382	84	46	273	86	1	120	14	1	105	12	0	88	33	20	48	26	0	53.82%	0.560	0.448
37	複選題	1.00	AB	439	387	21	24	44	1	126	124	4	1	3	0	109	86	9	7	19	0	71.49%	0.713	0.366
38	複選題	1.00	AE	342	134	73	70	224	1	114	19	8	7	100	0	78	47	35	25	28	0	43.37%	0.463	0.552
39	複選題	1.00	AC	359	60	377	37	52	2	120	5	120	5	6	0	76	23	83	13	29	0	60.84%	0.631	0.455
40	複選題	1.00	D	49	32	25	403	39	0	7	2	5	125	3	0	24	9	6	101	15	0	78.51%	0.810	0.216
41	複選題	1.00	BC	84	328	357	56	45	1	5	121	122	4	4	0	40	62	74	19	26	0	60.04%	0.623	0.500
42	複選題	1.00	A	412	39	72	13	18	0	128	3	4	2	2	0	95	23	29	7	7	0	72.89%	0.728	0.381
43	複選題	1.00	C	92	76	393	20	52	0	5	10	126	2	3	0	32	37	89	9	23	0	57.23%	0.601	0.530
44	複選題	1.00	B	160	269	65	59	98	2	26	99	6	13	16	0	64	44	28	25	34	1	45.58%	0.451	0.500
45	複選題	1.00	E	147	73	65	39	314	0	15	11	2	4	116	0	57	33	26	16	61	0	56.02%	0.593	0.470
46	單選題	2.00	C	130	48	250	47	24	0	33	5	90	4	2	0	33	14	56	22	9	0	50.00%	0.545	0.254
47	單選題	2.00	D	102	25	57	257	57	0	10	3	6	108	7	0	42	10	21	45	16	0	51.61%	0.571	0.470
48	單選題	2.00	E	51	208	78	49	111	2	14	43	14	6	56	1	15	60	24	14	21	0	22.09%	0.287	0.261
49	單選題	2.00	A	142	88	81	68	118	1	50	22	22	8	31	1	26	28	19	27	34	0	28.51%	0.284	0.179
50	單選題	2.00	B	82	130	39	67	178	2	26	60	3	8	37	0	20	26	9	23	56	0	26.10%	0.321	0.254
51	單選題	2.00	C	88	38	344	28	0	0	18	5	109	2	0	0	19	21	85	9	0	0	69.08%	0.724	0.179
52	單選題	2.00	A	243	65	32	157	0	1	98	8	0	27	0	1	45	27	10	52	0	0	48.80%	0.534	0.396
53	單選題	2.00	D	46	199	78	175	0	0	3	44	12	75	0	0	19	63	23	29	0	0	35.14%	0.388	0.343
54	單選題	2.00	A	282	131	52	32	0	1	106	22	3	3	0	0	57	42	20	15	0	0	56.63%	0.608	0.366
55	單選題	2.00	C	34	32	383	49	0	0	2	4	126	2	0	0	13	17	77	27	0	0	76.91%	0.757	0.366
56	單選題	2.00	D	52	57	49	340	0	0	6	13	5	110	0	0	17	19	17	81	0	0	68.27%	0.713	0.216
57	單選題	2.00	C	68	85	312	33	0	0	12	16	104	2	0	0	33	15	63	23	0	0	62.65%	0.623	0.306
58	單選題	2.00	A	221	80	73	123	0	1	89	13	8	23	0	1	36	26	26	46	0	0	44.38%	0.466	0.396
59	單選題	2.00	D	30	57	88	321	0	2	7	8	18	101	0	0	7	23	23	80	0	1	64.46%	0.675	0.157
60	單選題	1.00	A	130	185	83	96	0	4	33	56	13	31	0	1	36	58	22	17	0	1	26.10%	0.257	-0.022
61	單選題	1.00	D	41	112	61	279	0	5	4	22	9	97	0	2	16	38	16	61	0	3	56.02%	0.590	0.269
62	單選題	1.00	B	182	305	1	6	0	4	35	97	0	0	0	2	58	71	0	3	0	2	61.24%	0.627	0.194
63	單選題	1.00	A	297	188	2	0	0	12	87	44	0	0	0	3	72	55	0	0	0	8	59.44%	0.590	0.119
64	單選題	1.00	A	359	123	2	0	0	14	115	16	0	0	0	3	75	49	1	0	0	9	72.09%	0.709	0.299